

LOW RATES.
Advertise in Ledger
BIG RETURNS.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

SHOULD BE IN EVERY
HOME.
SUBSCRIBE TODAY.

VOL. 3. NO. 51.

QUINCY, MASS., TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

Lowest Prices EVER MADE IN QUINCY!

| | | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Sirloin Steak, | - - - - | 20c. per lb. |
| " Roast, | - - - - | 20c. " |
| Rump Steak, | - - - - | 20c. " |
| " Roast, | - - - - | 20c. " |
| Round Steak, | - - - - | 17c. " |
| Good Steak, | - - - - | 2 lbs. for 25c. |
| Rib Roast, | - - - - | 10c. to 14c. per lb. |
| Corned Beef, | - - - - | 3c. per lb. and upwards. |
| Fresh Pork, Roast, | - - - - | 10c. per lb.; Steak, 12c. |
| Fresh Honey-Comb Tripe. | - - - - | |
| Potatoes, 65c. per bush.; | - - - - | 28c. per pk. |
| Fresh Quincy Eggs, | - - - - | 20c. per doz. |
| Fancy Messina Oranges, | - - - - | 15c. " |

We will sell our goods lower than any one in this city (quality compared). CASH must accompany orders on these low prices.

ROGERS BROTHERS,
ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,

Hats and Caps,

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

SAVILLE & JONES,
ADAMS BUILDING, - - - QUINCY.

COAL and WOOD,

C. PATCH & SON.

Quincy, Jan. 10.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]



DO YOU WANT TO LAUGH? Some of the funniest pictures you ever saw in New York. The most famous writers of the day contribute to its contents, and the best artists in New York illustrate its pages. Its literary features are completely of the highest order, and it is brimful of those that will interest you in America. To new subscribers for 1892 we are giving, absolutely FREE, complete sets of Dickens, Sir Walter Scott, J. Fenimore Cooper's, Washington Irving's and other noted authors' works, and some magnificent paintings as premiums. Send postal card for Premium Catalogue, or 15 cents in stamps for a sample copy of Truth and the catalogue. Address, at once, **NEW YORK TRUTH, 140 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.**

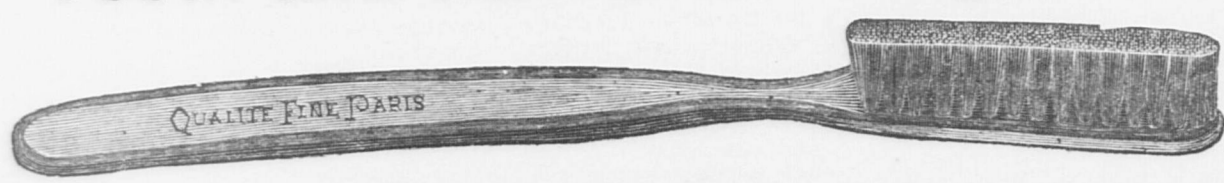
A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

BARGAINS IN HAIR BRUSHES!

Regular 50c., 75c. and \$1.00 Brushes

REDUCED TO 47 CENTS 47 TO WARRANTED ALL BRISTLES.

Tooth and Nail Brush Bargain.



Regular 50 Cent Brushes Reduced to 25 Cents.

WITH A PACKAGE OF SHEFFIELD'S DENTIFRICE THROWN IN.

Hot Water Bottles, 1 qt. \$1.00, 2 qt. \$1.12, 3 qt. \$1.25. Castile Soap, 14 years old, 15 cents a bar. Patent Medicines at Low Prices.

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

BRILLIANT PARTY.

At Wollaston Last Night—Magnificent Toilettes—Those Present.

Wollaston, always noted for its brilliant parties, never excelled the one which was given in Perry's Hall, Monday evening. It was a leap year dance given by Mrs. Chandler W. Smith, Mrs. Frank P. Waterhouse, Mrs. E. H. Sprague and Mrs. H. O. Fairbanks, and was one of the most select that has ever been given in this city. The toilettes were magnificent. The hall was tastefully decorated. Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sprague led the waltz german and Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Waterhouse the schottische german. The patrons were Hon. Henry O. Fairbanks, Mr. Chandler W. Smith, Mr. Eugene H. Sprague and Mr. Frank P. Waterhouse. Among those prominent in society present were:—

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Morse.
Mr. and Mrs. George P. Keith.
Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Brown.
Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Fay.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Baker.
Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wellington.
Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Bishop.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Bennett.
Mrs. C. H. Brigham.
Miss Bennett.
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph N. Smith.
Mrs. F. N. Bates.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Coombs.
Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Davenport.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Carr.
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Stetson.
Mr. and Mrs. George Weston.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Rogers.
Mr. and Mrs. William A. Rogers.
Mr. and Mrs. Roger H. Wilde.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. L. Coe.
Mr. and Mrs. John Carver.
Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Reed.
Dr. G. B. Rice.
Mr. and Mrs. Washburn.
Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Moorehouse.
Miss Hatch.
Mr. George A. Lord.

PARTY GAMES.

"Clipped Squares" is Very Simple But Really Quite Difficult.

All the players being seated around a table, each is given a square of paper, after which scissors are passed and each player clips his paper into four pieces. The pieces are then shuffled and passed to the player on the left, who must arrange them so they will form the original square. A time limit is usually decided upon before commencing, and is generally three minutes. At the expiration of that time those who have succeeded score one point. The pieces are then shuffled by each holder and are again passed to the left to be once more arranged. So the pieces are shuffled and passed from hand to hand until they have gone round the table. The player making the most points is the winner of the game. If at the expiration of the first time limit no one has succeeded in making the square, the time should be extended; if, on the contrary, all succeed, the time should be shortened. The task may seem very simple, but in reality it is quite difficult, especially as it must be completed in a certain time. A little favor may be offered to the player making the highest score, and a body prize to the one scoring fewest points.—*Delineator.*

—Telegraph poles made of iron by the Mannesmann process are being largely employed in Europe. They are both light and strong.

OLD AGE AND YOUTH.

A Bangor Widow of 90 Weds a Peddler of 30.

ASA POTTER'S BLACK TRUNK

Not Likely to Be Opened in the Maverick Bank Case—Train Dispatcher Etta Spencer Retires—Sallem Commemorates Witchcraft Episodes.

BANGOR, Me., March 1.—News has been received in this city of the marriage of Mrs. Ann French of this city to Herbert C. Penney of Bangor, at Belfast, at midnight Saturday. Mrs. French is over 90 years of age and Penney about 30.

The news has caused quite a sensation here. Mrs. French is slightly demented and is worth considerable money. Among her idiosyncracies was that of collecting almanacs, of which she had hundreds for years as far back as 1780. Her house in this city is a regular museum of curiosities.

She had a monument erected at Mt. Hope cemetery for herself when she should die, beside that of her late husband, with the lettering and inscriptions etc., the date of death being left to be filled in. Her monument is completely covered with bead work, which she made herself. She has been an ardent Spiritualist, and tells people of conversations had with her husband.

Her new husband is well known in Maine. He informed the officers of the whereabouts of his cousin Graves, the Fletcher Brook murderer, who was captured in California, and is now serving a life sentence in state prison for the murder of a game warden. Penney has been peddling love powders and face powders.

THE WITCHCRAFT DELUSION.

Sallem Commemorates the Issuance of a Warrant for Sarah Good.

SALLEM, Mass., March 1.—Last evening the Essex institute held a special meeting in commemoration of the outbreak of the witchcraft delusion of 1692, it being the anniversary of the issuance of the warrant for John Hawthorne and Jonathan Corwin for the arrest of Sarah Good on a complaint of witchcraft.

There has been some difference of opinion among the citizens expressed as to the advisability of holding such a gathering on the ground that it would be better not to recall and so give a new impetus to the story of what all now agree is a shameful part of our history; but those who believe in the meetings claim that the matter will not be forgotten anyway, and as it is an erroneous view to style it "Sallem" witchcraft to distinguish it from other outbreaks of the same sort, but not perhaps so widespread in other communities. It is better to have the story told properly and by a game warden, than to have outsiders perpetuate the errors in regard to it.

The meeting was called to order by W. S. Nevins, well known as a writer on witchcraft. He introduced Mayor Rantoul, who presided, and other addresses were made by many gentlemen of note.

POTTER APPEALS.

Suspension of the Order Directing Judge Lowell to Open the Trunk.

BOSTON, March 1.—It can be said with a good degree of certainty that the United States district court grand jury, now in session, will never be called upon to pass upon that part of the Maverick bank case which has to do with the contents of Asa P. Potter's little black trunk. Mr. Potter's lawyers have now taken an appeal from the decision of Judge Aldrich to the United States circuit court of appeals, and Judge Aldrich has issued an order allowing the appeal and suspending the order directing Judge Lowell to examine the trunk.

The court of appeals sits today, but there is no probability of a case being heard. Even if it should, an appeal from that court could doubtless be taken to the supreme court of the United States, as there is a constitutional question involved.

A MAN TAKES HER PLACE.

Etta Spencer, the Only Woman Train Dispatcher in New England, Retires.

PLAINFIELD, Conn., March 1.—Miss Etta H. Spencer, the only woman dispatcher in New England, located at Providence on the central division of the New England road, after ten years' active service in that capacity, was yesterday relieved from further duty. The vacancy is filled by W. W. Jackson.

This division is considered the hardest single track road to manage on the entire system, on account of its many trains and tremendous freight business.

Attempted Murder and Suicide.

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—Timothy Dalley, aged 33, foundry worker, living at 48 Kossuth street, Olneyville, while his wife was ironing some clothes, picked up one of the hot flats and struck the woman a blow on the back of the head, fracturing the skull. The woman escaped, and is now at the Rhode Island hospital, not expected to live. The man afterward cut his throat and may recover. He has been out of work some time, and the assault was committed in a fit of frenzy.

Didn't Pay Bills.

HARTFORD, March 1.—Deputy Sheriff Driscoll has served attachments on the Saugatuck Iron Works, managed by Marcus L. Filley, in favor of Horace Staples, and the concern has been closed. Staples' claim is \$13,000. Theodore Keller has also levied on property belonging to Filley. It is thought the obligations of the concern amount to over \$30,000. Over 500 men are thrown out of employment.

A Fair Warning.

BIDDEFORD, Me., March 1.—When Rev. Fr. Linahan, pastor of St. Mary's church, read the letter regulations to his parish, he supplemented the reading by stating that henceforth he should deny administering the sacraments to any Catholic who sells liquor on the Sabbath day.

Left to Arbitration.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Secretary Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote yesterday signed a treaty submitting the Behring sea controversy to arbitration.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Convict vs. Free Labor—Another Shot at the Lobby—Other Matters.

BOSTON, March 1.—The principal hearing at the state house was with regard to the manufacture of brushes at the Cambridge house of correction. It is a question which has in previous years caused much discussion, being one of those subjects of contention between convict and free labor which are so difficult to arrange to the satisfaction of all interests. The committee on prisons gave a hearing on the orders as to so amending the act of 1891 that 100 prisoners may be employed in the manufacture of brushes at the house of correction in Cambridge upon the public account system. A long discussion took place, both sides being largely represented, but testimony for the remonstrants was largely cumulative.

In the house Mr. Parkhurst had an order adopted looking to an amendment of the house rules prohibiting members of the lobby from the floor of the house, cloak room, reading room and clerk's room during the half hour before and after the session. The order was adopted without debate. The house had quite a lively discussion on a motion to reconsider the vote ordering to a third reading the bill to limit the rate of taxation in towns. The bill was finally rejected. The bill for the protection of docked horses passed to be engrossed after discussion.

In the senate the house resolve continuing for three months the office of commissioner of records of parishes, towns and counties was tabled. The commission expired by limitation yesterday, but probably the work will be continued until some definite action is taken by the legislature. There was a friendly debate on the bill relating to the abolition of grade crossings in the city of Newton, and it was laid over.

THE BLAINE-NEVINS ROW.

Interested Parties Speak Concerning Mr. Blaine's Statement.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Secretary Blaine's statement regarding the marriage and divorce of his son is an absorbing topic of conversation here. Mrs. Nevins, mother of the divorced wife of James G. Blaine, Jr., asserted that the statement was false from beginning to end and that she and her daughter would prove this to the world.

Rev. Father Ducey expressed himself as very indignant at Mr. Blaine making the letter to Father Ducey public. "I sent a reply to that letter," said Father Ducey. "Let him publish my letter. The dispensation granting marriage was obtained from the archbishop, who knew all the circumstances. His son said he was 21 and he looked it."

Archbishop Corrigan's secretary said: "The archbishop reasoned with young Blaine for two hours trying to dissuade him from the marriage. The couple were both bent on getting married, and the archbishop only granted the dispensation when he realized this fact."

GREAT BRITAIN'S "SCUM."

Transportation Companies Given a Sharp Piece of Uncle Sam's Mind.

LONDON, March 1.—Consul General New declares that the sentiment of the American people in regard to the immigration question is now pretty well understood abroad, and if transportation companies, for the sake of making a few dollars, persist in sending paupers, idlers, scamps and possibly criminals to America as heretofore, they must be prepared to take the consequences. The fact might well be recognized once for all, that the refusal of emigration of Europe must seek some other asylum than the United States in future.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—In the senate bills were introduced to determine the value of a legal tender dollar and amend the pension laws. Mr. Voorhees defined his position on the silver question. Claggett and Dubois argued their claims to the Idaho senatorship. In the house resolutions for investigations were offered. A resolution setting March 22 as the date for the consideration of the silver bill was ordered printed. The Indian appropriation bill was debated and several amendments rejected.

Each Gave a Big Show.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 1.—The French societies of this city held rival celebrations last night of the carnival season. Each had a street parade. The Casino club gave a costume reception in Mechanics' hall. The St. Joseph society occupied the rink and had a big bull. Both halls were crowded. Each society gives a Mardi Gras costume ball this evening.

A Postoffice Fight.

HARTFORD, March 1.—A petition has been forwarded to Postmaster General Wanamaker from a number of residents of Rocky Hill asking for a new postmaster. The present postmaster, H. R. Merriam, is charged, neglects the duties of the office. A remonstrance against the removal was also forwarded by Merriam's supporters.

An Incendiary's Excuse.

BROOKLYN, March 1.—An incendiary fire in the stables of Joseph Carrey caused a loss of \$9000. Twelve horses were burned to death. Joseph White was arrested charged with setting fire to the place and confessed. He had been watching the big fire in Smith, Gray & Co's building and had become infuriated with the glare of the flames.

Barbed Wire Controversy Settled.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The supreme court reversed the judgment of the lower court in the case of the Washburn Manufacturing company vs. the Best & Co. All Barbed Wire company. This case involved title to patent to the barbed wire invention. The decision is in favor of the Washburn company.

The President Shooting Canvas-Backs.

NORFOLK, Va., March 1.—President Harrison went from Virginia Beach to the ducking grounds of the Ragged Island Gunning club yesterday, where he shot a number of canvas-backs. He will be the guest of the club for a few days.

SAVANNAH, March 1.—The boiler in the Savannah, Florida and Western Railway shops exploded, killing two men and fatally wounding another. The building was wrecked and patterns of machinery and locomotives were destroyed.

HOUSE LOTS FOR \$100.

Easy Terms will be given to those desiring it.

SUNNY SIDE PARK LANDS,

RED STONE VALLEY,

On Braintree and Quincy Line.

These lands have been made into house lots, thus opening up a large tract of land, most desirable to the workingman, and at prices so low that every man should have a lot and make a home for himself and family. Go and see this land the first day you have a chance and see the

Beauties and Advantages of the Situation.

FIRST.—They are on the sunny side of Pine Hill, so situated as to have the cold north and east winds completely cut off, making the air soft and balmy; so desirable in this climate.

SECOND.—They are in a natural valley and park. The Red Granite, which is looming up as a most desirable building stone, is quarried on the north side, furnishing work for many men, and which will soon employ thousands. This granite is fast gaining popularity in the building and monumental markets.

THIRD.—This land is approached by drives from Braintree on the east, Willard street on the west, and from West street on the north; also from South Braintree

BEAUTIFUL SHEET OF WATER, COVERING 50 ACRES,

lies not far away to the south, belonging to the Quincy Water Company. The Old Colony sand pits, with their sidings, are not far distant. A natural spring of abundant water, pure and sparkling, is flowing through the grounds making it easy to obtain water in building and for domestic uses, until a well is dug. Water free to all. Plenty of sand and building stone very near the grounds. No grading to be done; no rocks to be taken out; only to build your cellar and erect your house thereon.

Another reason why you should buy at once:

It is only 15 minutes' walk from South Quincy, and soon it is expected that the railroad will have a station at the foot of Liberty street, on the branch road from West Quincy to Braintree, making it just as accessible to people going to Boston as Quincy; and within five minutes' walk over the hill from this station lies Sunny Side Park, one of the prettiest, healthiest and most desirable homes for the workingman. It is expected that from twelve to fifteen houses will be built at Sunny Side Park in the spring.

Call Early and secure a Corner Lot for your future home.

SUNNY SIDE PARK CANNOT BE BEATEN FOR BEAUTY OF LOCATION.

Plans can be seen at Quincy Depot; C. F. Carlson's, Quincy, and Quincy Adams Depot.

A. G. COFFIN, 21 South St., Quincy.

GEO. S. BASS, Agt.

Feb. 8.

1m

COLUMN.

concerning city and pub-
and will receive space
they may not coincide
editors. They may be
or otherwise, but the
name of the writer.

Communications.

Ledger:
Yesterday I noticed a
the "Water Supply
Adams." This subject
distance that it should
consideration of all our
not be written about
signatures and such
no weight with fair
one to which I refer
gements and person-
sense in the line of a
question. I sincerely
for citizens as desire to
ect will do so openly,
do are entitled to a
M. FEDERHEN.
h 1, 1892.

Cal.

Male two dollars and
out of the maze at

Yours, "R"



fighting against
nothing can save
ken in time, Dr.
Medical Discovery
one through the
"Discovery" is
blood-cleanser,
and flesh-builder
medical science.
effect of the
ed Consumption,
of Scrofula and
field to it. For
biting of Blood,
A and all severe,
it's an unequalled
only one that's
doesn't benefit
case, you have

To cure your Ca-
and permanently,
and your case or
ending—or we'll
That's what the
Sage's Catarrh
every sufferer from
ery mean it.

G & CO.,

Engineers

TRACTORS.

ailway Supplies.

SCENT

ELL WIRING.

Electric Chandeliers.

Refinished.

aking Tubes, Fire

es and Bells of all

hington Street,

Y.

pl, 2mos

ARANTEED

OVES

NANCES

NGES

Box

and best working

WARRANTED

PERATION.

part

Stoves

RIVAL.

Economical, and

e. Constructed

with the princi-

original "Stev-

by us for years

superintendence

art. For sale by

ating Co.,

hington Street

All who try it say that THE BEST POLISH for SILVER

WARE and all Household Metals is

ABSOLUTELY NO ACID OR POISON. WILL NOT SCRATCH THE MOST DELICATE SURFACE.

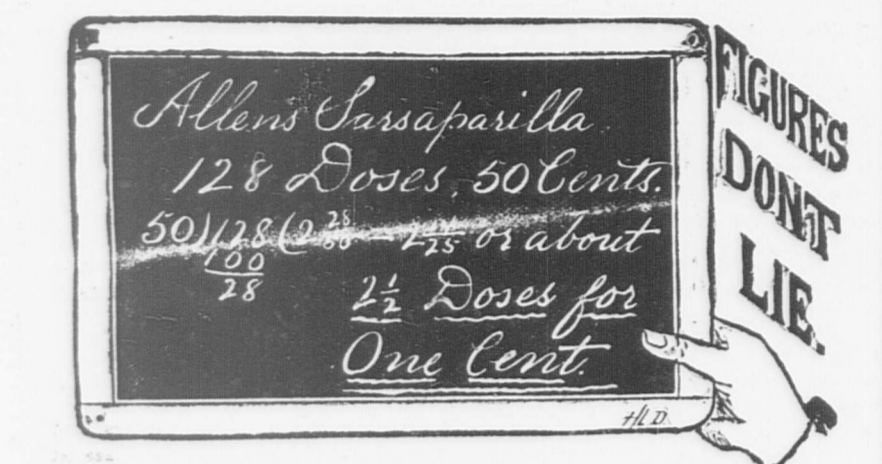
The only Scientific Production in the nature of a Polish that will keep your Gold Silver, Copper, Brass, Tin, etc., looking bright

FULLY THREE TIMES AS LONG AS ANY OTHER PREPARATION KNOWN

Try It. Sold Everywhere. Take Nothing Else.

WEEKS & POTTER CO., Boston, General Agents.

Nov. 14—S&W 3m, 10c, 1m



THESE FIGURES DON'T LIE!

And what is more, a trial will convince you that every dose of

ALLEN'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

is worth five of any other remedy for RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, KIDNEY AND

LIVER DISEASES, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, SICK HEADACHE

LOSS OF APPETITE, and all diseases of the STOMACH AND BLOOD.

We guarantee it. No benefit, money refunded.

Could we do this if it had not wonderful merit?

Sold by all Druggists for 50c. No Less.

THE ALLEN SARSAPARILLA CO., WOODFORDS, ME.

Quincy Mail Service.

Mails Close

For Boston at 7.30, 9.30 A. M. 12.30, 4.45, 5.45,

7.45 P. M.

New York, South and West, direct, 7.30

A. M., 7.45 P. M.

New York, South and West, via Boston

12.30 P. M.

South Shore R. P. O., 7.30 A. M.

Cape Cod R. P. O., 7.30 A. M., 3.30 P. M.

Boston and Plymouth R. P. O., 7.30 A. M.

Quincy Point, 8.30 A. M., 5.00 P. M.

Station A, West Quincy, 7.00, 10.00 A. M.,

3.45, 5.45 P. M.

Mails Arrive

From Boston at 6.30, 9.30 A. M., 12.30, 3.45,

5.00, 5.30, 7.00 P. M.

New York, South and West, direct, 7.30 A. M.,

5.00 P. M.

New York, South and West, via Boston,

12.30 P. M.

Cape Cod R. P. O., 11.00 A. M., 7.00 P. M.

Boston and Plymouth R. P. O., 7.30 A. M.

South Shore R. P. O., 7.00 P. M.

Quincy Point, 8.30 A. M., 4.30 P. M.

Station A, West Quincy, 6.45, 10.00 A. M.,

3.00, 5.45 P. M.

Letter carriers leave post office at 7.30

A. M., 12.30 (business section), and 3.45 P. M.

W. W. ADAMS, Postmaster.

BOX COLLECTIONS.

Collections are made at the various letter

boxes at the following hours:

Carrier Williams.

Liberty Square, 8.45 A. M., 4.45 P. M.

Centre street, 9.40 A. M., 5.00 P. M.

Water street, near Vogle's, 6 and 10 A. M.,

1.30 and 5.15 P. M.

Penn street, junction Liberty, 6.05 and 9.55

A. M., 1.25 and 5.10 P. M.

School street cor. Quincy Avenue, 6.20 and

9.50 A. M., 3.10 and 5.40 P. M.

Gay street, 6.15 and 7.45 A. M., 3 and 4.30 P. M.

School street, corner Franklin, 6.05 and 7.55

A. M., 2.50 and 4.40 P. M.

Franklin street, corner Water, 6 and 9.20 A.

M., 2.45 and 4.50 P. M.

Franklin street, corner Independence

avenue, 6 and 8.45 A. M., 2.45 and 5 P. M.

Carrier Loud.

Quincy depot, 6 and 8.20 A. M., 12M. 4.50 P. M.

Coddington street, corner Spear, 6 and 8.20

A. M., 4.30 P. M.

Hancock street, junction Adams, 6 and 8.45

A. M., 4.45 P. M.

Adams street, near W. B. Rice's, 6.15 and

9.30 A. M., 5.30 P. M.

Greenleaf street, corner Linden, 5.45 and 9 A.

M., 5 P. M.

Carrier Thomas.

Elm street, corner South, 6 and 7.45 A. M.,

4.15 P. M.

Glouce Place, 6 and 8 A. M., and 4.25 P. M.

Sumner street, corner Walnut, 6.10 and 8.30

A. M., 4.30 P. M.

Washington street, corner Mill, 6.15 and 9.15

A. M. 5.15 P. M.

Washington street, corner Canal, 6.25 and 1.35

A. M., 1.15 and 5.30 P. M.

Union street, corner Edwards, 6.20 and 9.30

A. M., and 5.30 P. M.

Carrier Gardner.

Pleasant street, corner Quincy, 6 and 8.45

A. M., 1 and 4.15 P. M.

Water street, near turnout, 6 and 8.55 A. M.

1.15 and 4.25 P. M.

Brewer's corner, 6.10 and 9.25 A. M., 1.30 and

4.40 P. M.

Granite street, corner Quarry, 6.15 and 8.15

A. M., 1.45 and 4.55 P. M.

Granite street, corner Gas place, 6.25 and 10

A. M., 12.45 and 5.05 P. M.

Carrier Farrell.

Station A, 6.15 and 9.40 A. M., 2.40 and

4.50 P. M.

Copeland street, corner Common, 6.20 and

10.15 A. M., 2.40 and 5.10 P. M.

Common street corner Cross, 6.15 and 10 A.

M., 5 P. M.

West Quincy depot, 6.05 and 8.45 A. M., 2.35

and 4.25 P. M.

Hall place, 6 and 9.20 A. M., 5.45 P. M.

Willard street, corner Robertson, 6 and 9.10

A. M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, near Berry Bros, 6 and 9 A

M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, corner Gross, 6.10 and 8.30

A. M., 4.20 P. M.

Station A, 6.15 and 9.40 A. M., 2.40 and

4.50 P. M.

Copeland street, corner Common, 6.20 and

10.15 A. M., 2.40 and 5.10 P. M.

Common street corner Cross, 6.15 and 10 A.

M., 5 P. M.

West Quincy depot, 6.05 and 8.45 A. M., 2.35

and 4.25 P. M.

Hall place, 6 and 9.20 A. M., 5.45 P. M.

Willard street, corner Robertson, 6 and 9.10

A. M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, near Berry Bros, 6 and 9 A

M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, corner Gross, 6.10 and 8.30

A. M., 4.20 P. M.

Station A, 6.15 and 9.40 A. M., 2.40 and

4.50 P. M.

Copeland street, corner Common, 6.20 and

10.15 A. M., 2.40 and 5.10 P. M.

Common street corner Cross, 6.15 and 10 A.

M., 5 P. M.

West Quincy depot, 6.05 and 8.45 A. M., 2.35

and 4.25 P. M.

Hall place, 6 and 9.20 A. M., 5.45 P. M.

Willard street, corner Robertson, 6 and 9.10

A. M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, near Berry Bros, 6 and 9 A

M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, corner Gross, 6.10 and 8.30

A. M., 4.20 P. M.

Station A, 6.15 and 9.40 A. M., 2.40 and

4.50 P. M.

Copeland street, corner Common, 6.20 and

10.15 A. M., 2.40 and 5.10 P. M.

Common street corner Cross, 6.15 and 10 A.

M., 5 P. M.

West Quincy depot, 6.05 and 8.45 A. M., 2.35

and 4.25 P. M.

Hall place, 6 and 9.20 A. M., 5.45 P. M.

Willard street, corner Robertson, 6 and 9.10

A. M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, near Berry Bros, 6 and 9 A

M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, corner Gross, 6.10 and 8.30

A. M., 4.20 P. M.

Station A, 6.15 and 9.40 A. M., 2.40 and

4.50 P. M.

Copeland street, corner Common, 6.20 and

10.15 A. M., 2.40 and 5.10 P. M.

Common street corner Cross, 6.15 and 10 A.

M., 5 P. M.

West Quincy depot, 6.05 and 8.45 A. M., 2.35

and 4.25 P. M.

Hall place, 6 and 9.20 A. M., 5.45 P. M.

Willard street, corner Robertson, 6 and 9.10

A. M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, near Berry Bros, 6 and 9 A

M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, corner Gross, 6.10 and 8.30

A. M., 4.20 P. M.

Station A, 6.15 and 9.40 A. M., 2.40 and

4.50 P. M.

Copeland street, corner Common, 6.20 and

10.15 A. M., 2.40 and 5.10 P. M.

Common street corner Cross, 6.15 and 10 A.

M., 5 P. M.

West Quincy depot, 6.05 and 8.45 A. M., 2.35

and 4.25 P. M.

Hall place, 6 and 9.20 A. M., 5.45 P. M.

Willard street, corner Robertson, 6 and 9.10

A. M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, near Berry Bros, 6 and 9 A

M., 2.30 and 4.30 P. M.

Willard street, corner Gross, 6.10 and 8.30

A. M., 4.20 P. M.

Station A, 6.15 and 9.40 A. M., 2.40 and

4.50 P. M.

Copeland street, corner Common, 6.20 and

10.15 A. M., 2.40 and 5.10 P. M.

Common street corner Cross,

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

LOW RATES.
Advertise in Ledger
BIG RETURNS.

SHOULD BE IN EVERY
HOME.
SUBSCRIBE TODAY.

VOL. 3. NO. 53.

QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

Lowest Prices EVER MADE IN QUINCY!

| | | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Sirloin Steak, | - - - - | 20c. per lb. |
| " Roast, | - - - - | 20c. " |
| Rump Steak, | - - - - | 20c. " |
| " Roast, | - - - - | 20c. " |
| Round Steak, | - - - - | 17c. " |
| Good Steak, | - - - - | 2 lbs. for 25c. |
| Rib Roast, | - - - - | 10c. to 14c. per lb. |
| Corned Beef, | - - - - | 3c. per lb. and upwards. |
| Fresh Pork, Roast, | - - - - | 10c. per lb.; Steak, 12c. |
| Fresh Honey-Comb Tripe. | - - - - | |
| Potatoes, 65c. per bush.; | - - - - | 20c. per pk. |
| Fresh Quincy Eggs, | - - - - | 28c. per doz. |
| Fancy Messina Oranges, | - - - - | 15c. " " |

We will sell our goods lower than any one in this city (quality compared). CASH must accompany orders on these low prices.

ROGERS BROTHERS,
ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,

Hats and Caps,

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING, - - - QUINCY.

COAL and WOOD,

C. PATCH & SON.

Quincy, Jan. 19.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]



DO YOU WANT TO LAUGH? Some of the funniest pictures you ever saw are published from week to week in **THE NEW YORK TRUTH**. The most humorous writers of the day contribute to its columns, and the best artists in New York illustrate its pages. Its literary features are of the highest order, and it is bristling with ideas that will interest you. Its pages are filled with clean, brilliant articles, and it is the most popular illustrated weekly in America. To new subscribers for 1892 we are giving absolutely FREE, complete sets of Dickens, Sir Walter Scott, J. Fenimore Cooper's, Washington Irving's and other noted authors' works, and some magnificent paintings as pre-sent. Send postal card for Premium Catalogue, or 12 cents in stamps for 3 sample copies of **THE TRUTH** and the catalogue. Address at once, **NEW YORK TRUTH, 140 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.**

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

BARGAINS IN HAIR BRUSHES!

Regular 50c., 75c. and \$1.00 Brushes

REDUCED

TO



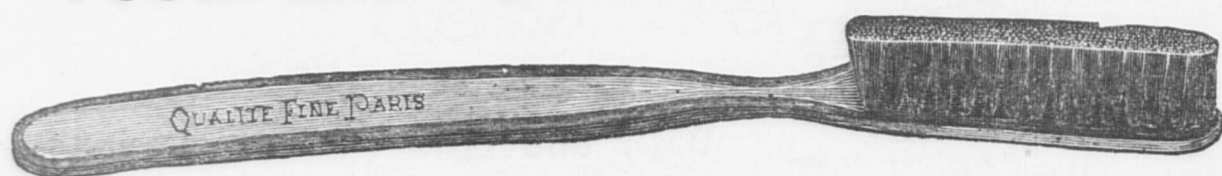
REDUCED

TO

47 CENTS! 47

WARRANTED ALL BRISTLES.

Tooth and Nail Brush Bargain.



Regular 50 Cent Brushes Reduced to - - 25 Cents.

WITH A PACKAGE OF SHEFFIELD'S DENTIFRICE THROWN IN.

Hot Water Bottles, 1 qt. \$1.00, 2 qt. \$1.12, 3 qt. \$1.25. Castile Soap, 14 years old, 15 cents a bar. Patent Medicines at Low Prices.

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

RHODY'S DEMOCRATS

Frame a Ticket and Elect Delegates for Cleveland.

MR. PENNEY AND HIS BRIDE

Are Having a Rather Uncomfortable Honey-moon—License May Be Made an Issue by Maine Democrats—A Big Fire at Brockton—A Massachusetts Criminal's Record—New England News.

PROVIDENCE, March 3.—Nearly eight hours in convention was the record of the Rhode Island Democrats yesterday. There were many contests by ballot, and the number of speeches exceeded the total delivered in all the conventions for the last ten years combined.

General Brennan made a speech in favor of Wardwell for governor and the convention, after he closed, pushed things as rapidly as possible for a vote. The contest was very satisfactory to the supporters of Wardwell, and the poll showed that Wardwell had received 127, Baker 56 votes.

The convention then proceeded to a ballot for lieutenant governor and the vote resulted in the choice of Hon. Charles E. Gorman.

John J. Heffernan of Woonsocket was named for secretary of state, and was the only one of the state ticket to receive an unopposed nomination. Ex-Attorney General Slocum was nominated for that office again. His opponents nominated Augustus S. Miller of Providence, who was badly beaten, receiving only 49 votes. For general treasurer, John G. Perry of South Kingston received 80 votes, and Thomas G. Spencer of Warwick 121 votes, and the latter was nominated.

The platform as framed by the committee was unanimously adopted without discussion, together with the resolution instructing the national delegates to vote for Cleveland.

For two hours the convention labored in the selection of delegates to Chicago, the greater part of the time being spent in a contest over Mr. Honey of Newport. The fight was bitter and turbulent. The opposition, led by John M. Brennan, put in counter nomination Nathan B. Church of Tiverton. Honey was elected a delegate by a substantial majority. Seven other delegates were chosen. It is solid for Cleveland.

The convention lasted eight hours and was the longest and most bitterly fought the Democrats have yet held. No compromises were made and the fights were carried to the bitter end.

MANY FAMILIES HOMELESS.

Fire at Brockton Destroys Two Shoe Factories and Three Dwellings.

BROCKTON, Mass., March 3.—One of the largest fires Brockton has known broke out last night in that portion of this city known as Campello, totally destroying two large shoe factories and three dwellings. Two other dwelling were badly scorched and damaged by water.

The Barrows factory was a 4-story wooden building, 175x35, with two additions, and gave employment to about 275 hands, who made 75 cases of shoes a day.

The factory owned by the Howard W. Reynolds estate was 4 stories high, 75x35 feet with an addition 40x35 feet. It was occupied by the Scandia Shoe company, a new concern, and gave employment to about 20 hands, who made 10 cases of shoes a day.

The houses totally destroyed were those of Daniel Lynch, Charles C. Peterson, and the dwelling belonging to the Howard W. Reynolds estate. The residence of Joseph Leonard was badly scorched, as were one or two others.

The houses were thrown out of employment and several families are homeless. The aggregate loss will not probably exceed \$125,000, on which there is about two-thirds insurance.

PENNEY IN HARD LUCK.

He Has Been Roughly Handled and May Not Share His Wife's Money.

BANGOR, Me., March 3.—Youthful Herbert C. Penney and his 50-year-old bride have arrived here from Belfast, where they were married and visited by the white caps. They are stopping here for a few days before going to Amherst, where Penney bought a farm the other day with his bride's money.

Penney is badly used up as a result of his encounter with the Belfast whitecaps, and is confined to the house by his injuries. His right ear is almost completely torn off, and in other ways he shows the result of hard treatment. In an interview he stated that he should take decided measures to punish the whitecaps, and has engaged the services of a Bangor detective to that end.

Proceedings have been taken here which will probably result in defeating Penney in his plan of getting possession of his aged bride's large property, as application was made to the probate court yesterday to have her placed under guardianship.

Penney seems to have plenty of money and trusts handfuls of bills and gold in the faces of those who call. The affair is the talk of the whole city.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION

Promises to Become a Leading Question in the Maine Campaign.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 3.—The Augusta House last night furnished a scene of unusual activity, which was occasioned by a meeting of the Democratic state committee. Some 400 invitations had been extended by the committee to leading men of the party be present, and some seventy five were in attendance while others sent letters of regret.

The opinion was strongly expressed that tariff reform should be the leading issue of the campaign, and that the policy of the Cleveland administration should be supported. Some urged that an explicit declaration should be made in the platform on the silver question.

It also seemed to be the opinion that license and local option would be made a state issue, notwithstanding it was a presidential year. In fact it was well understood that a plank calling for a resubmission of the constitutional amendment relating to the prohibitory law will be brought before the convention and adopted.

It was voted to hold the state convention at Bangor, June 8.

Protective Agency to Be Sued.

SACO, Me., March 3.—A Biddeford attorney is working up a case of libel and conspiracy to be brought against the local branch of the Merchants' Retail Protective agency of Chicago. The suit will be brought against prominent members of the local organization at the instigation of parties whose names appear on the black list just issued by the agency.

A NOTORIOUS DESPERADO.

Unenviable Record of Martin Casey, a Confirmed Thief and Murderer.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 3.—Martin Casey, who killed Barber Rathbone at Stephentown, N. Y., Tuesday, is a resident of Hancock and has a record as a desperate criminal. Ten years ago he shot two Rathbone brothers in a family row. Later he was leader of a gang of thieves, which was the terror of this section, and finally he committed a burglary in Dartmouth, where he was surrounded, refused to surrender and was finally shot. He was brought to Pittsfield, tried and sentenced to ten years in state prison, being released a few weeks ago.

Returning to Stephentown Tuesday, while walking along the street, he saw Rathbone beating his father, Luke Casey. He went to the rescue, and as Rathbone started for him, shot him in the abdomen, inflicting a wound from which Rathbone died in a short time.

Both Cases fled to the mountains, and as they are armed and thoroughly familiar with the country their capture will be difficult.

Grand Product of the Mascot's Art.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 3.—A chimney is nearing completion at John P. Squire & Co.'s buildings which will be 235 feet high. It rests on a foundation 30 feet square, and in its construction 85,000 bricks, 800 barrels of lime and 854 loads of sand were used. The top is to be a hollow piece of iron weighing 13,500 pounds, which will be filled with 45 tons of cement.

Dartmouth's New President.

HANOVER, N. H., March 3.—At a meeting of the trustees Rev. William J. Tucker, D. D., professor of sacred rhetoric in Andover Theological seminary, was elected president of Dartmouth college, to succeed President S. C. Bartlett, whose resignation will take effect next commencement.

Tried to Shoot Her Husband.

WESTFIELD, Mass., March 3.—Mrs. Mary Ford discharged a revolver at her husband Monday night. The shot did not hit the man, however, and the woman was arrested. She was arraigned yesterday and pleaded not guilty. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause.

The Man with a Big Appetite.

BOSTON, March 3.—The man who died suddenly in Hatfield's Federal street restaurant while eating, has been identified as Zina S. Oliver of Hyde Park. He was at one time on the Hyde Park police force. Oliver was about 47 years old and a widower.

"Dipper Hole's" Accomplice Arrested.
LYNN, Mass., March 3.—Patrick Joyce has been arrested on a charge of being the second man who aided Joe Welch, "Dipper Hole Joe," in the recent assault upon the hostler of the Belmont House in North Saugus.

Charged with Murder.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 3.—The grand jury returned a true bill in the case of Mrs. P. E. W. of Birmingham who, with a companion, charged with the murder of a woman, Munson of Shelton.

Worcester Nuisance.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 3.—John who gave the name of R. that another man whom the militia Crowley, were all blamed for following women out suiting them.

—If you wish to be happy, do not do a day's work for 10 years of doing a self.

—The power behind the throne is the length of the bond.

RECONSIDERED.

Amendment Offered to the Methuen Water Bill in House.

IT WILL BE A PRECEDENT.

No Compensation for Franchise to be Included Should the Company Sell to the Town—Consideration of the Amendment in Order Today.

The action of the Legislature on the granting of franchises to private water companies is of deep interest to Quincy people. Yesterday, reconsideration of the vote whereby the bill to incorporate the Methuen Water Company was passed to be engrossed, was ordered on motion of Mr. Burke of Quincy, and Speaker Barrett, leaving his chair, offered an amendment intended to guard against the company demanding anything for the franchises and other rights granted it by the public, if the town should choose to take advantage of the clause giving it the right to purchase the water works at any future time.

The amendment provides that when the town of Methuen shall decide to purchase the property of the water company the compensation shall include the value of its property, together with such sum, if any, as may be necessary to make the net profit upon the stock equal to 6 per cent per annum from the time when such stock was actually issued and paid for, but shall not include any compensation for any franchise given by this act, or any privileges given without compensation to said corporation by the town of Methuen.

Mr. Barrett explained that he was anxious to use his influence to prevent the giving to private water companies of valuable franchises which they could at later times dispose of at exorbitant prices. He knew of a case in Braintree where a company demanded \$25,000 for its franchise before a dollar of stock had been subscribed or any work had been done. He thought this thing had gone about as far as the public would stand. Consideration of the amendment was postponed until today.

The incorporation of the Onset Water Company of Wareham, and the Willman-sett Water Company, kindred bills, were also assigned for today, on motion of Mr. Burke.

The Herald comments editorially as follows:

Speaker Barrett is quick to sniff a popular breeze. The value of franchises in the towns, as well as in the cities, is something that is coming to be fully appreciated, and the time for giving them away has gone by.

The Grand Welsh Entertainment.

Seldom, if ever, has the Wesleyan hall, Boston, held a more brilliant company than it did Tuesday evening, when the Welsh Associates of Boston and vicinity held their annual entertainment for 1892. To call the entertainment a complete success, both financially and socially, would be to feebly compliment the brave and courageous young ladies of Boston, who essayed to give their Welsh friends of the surrounding towns and cities, a trial that was a treat indeed, and one that will long remain transfixed in their minds as the event of the season. The hall was filled to its utmost capacity, and the spectacle presented was indeed such as is pleasing to look upon. The costumes of the ladies were elegant, and their gallants vied with one another in richness of the apparel.

Among those seen from Quincy were: Thos. Hughes, Griffith R. Hughes and wife, Oscar W. Riddle and wife, Mrs. Gibson, Miss Lizzie Gibson, Miss Annie Gibson, Frank Carlton, Griffith Owens, Griffith Roberts, Miss Grace Jones, Mrs. Saunders, Robert Jones, Will H. Parry, Winnie Hughes, John Walters, Robert Owens from Wollaston, Miss Nellie Jones, Ellis Jones.

PARTY GAMES.

The Alphabet Game Explained and Illustrated—Try it!

In this game of letters, says the Delin-eator, single dots are used to represent consonants and double dots vowels. The players being provided with pencils and paper, each one writes a word by means of the dots mentioned above and passes the paper to the player at his right, who is allowed to ask any question regarding the word that may be answered by "Yes" or "No." A time limit is set.

The following samples will illustrate the method of using the dots for letters:

Boston.....
Charles.....
Cat.....
Chair.....
Philadelphia.....

at the jury Miss Ethel is a long time coming a chance aid the youth to the servant, after thought come time for the young lady's they had a criminal. "Perhaps," he added with a He made perhaps she is making up her and did not er to see me or not. "No," forthcoming, "I want with an icy smile; "it labor of love and she is making up."—London

Have you been watching this space?

Sunny Side Park Lots have been ad-

vertised here.

Of course you know where they are, what they cost, and who to apply to for one?

No.

Go and see A. G. COFFIN, 21 South Street, and he will tell you all about it.

There are plenty of lots in this city that can be purchased for MONEY, but none for \$100.

Land is clear, high and dry. Plenty of Sand, Building Stone and Water handy. EASY OF ACCESS.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS are offered to the next ten purchasers.

Select one lot quick and get the inducement.

LOW RATES.
Advertise in Ledger
BIG RETURNS.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

SHOULD BE IN EVERY
HOME.
SUBSCRIBE TODAY.

VOL. 3. NO. 53.

QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

Lowest Prices EVER MADE IN QUINCY!

Sirloin Steak, - - - 20c. per lb.
" Roast, - - - 20c. "
Rump Steak, - - - 20c. "
" Roast, - - - 20c. "
Round Steak, - - - 17c. "
Good Steak, - - - 2 lbs. for 25c.
Rib Roast, - - - 10c. to 14c. per lb.
Corned Beef, - - - 3c. per lb. and upwards.
Fresh Pork, Roast, 10c. per lb.; Steak, 12c.
Fresh Honey-Comb Tripe.
Potatoes, 65c. per bush.; 20c. per pk.
Fresh Quincy Eggs, - - - 28c. per doz.
Fancy Messina Oranges, - - - 15c. "

We will sell our goods lower than any one in this city (quality compared). CASH must accompany orders on these low prices.

ROGERS BROTHERS,
ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,

Hats and Caps,

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING, - - - QUINCY.

COAL and WOOD,

C. PATCH & SON.

Quincy, Jan. 19.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

DO YOU WANT TO LAUGH? Some of the funniest pictures ever seen in New York. The most humorous writers of the day contribute to its columns, and the best artists in New York illustrate its pages. Its literary features are of the highest order, and it is bristling with ideas that will interest you. Its pages are filled with clean, brilliant articles, and it is the most popular illustrated weekly in America. To new subscribers for 1892 we are giving absolutely FREE, complete sets of Dickens', Sir Walter Scott's, J. Fenimore Cooper's, Washington Irving's and other noted authors' works, and some magnificent paintings as pre-sentation copies of TATLER and the catalogue. Address, at once,
NEW YORK TRUTH, 140 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

BARGAINS IN HAIR BRUSHES!

Regular 50c., 75c. and \$1.00 Brushes

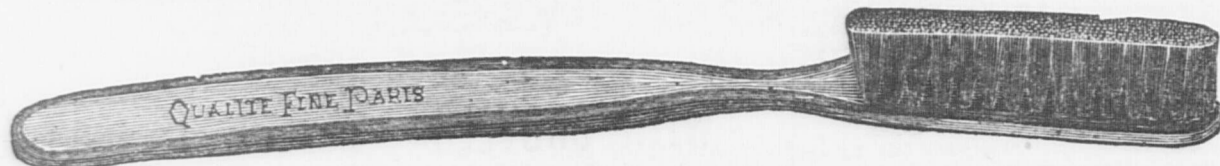
REDUCED

TO

47 CENTS! 47

WARRANTED ALL BRISTLES.

Tooth and Nail Brush Bargain.



Regular 50 Cent Brushes Reduced to - - - 25 Cents.

WITH A PACKAGE OF SHEFFIELD'S DENTIFRICE THROWN IN.

Hot Water Bottles, 1 qt. \$1.00, 2 qt. \$1.12, 3 qt. \$1.25.

Castile Soap, 14 years old, 15 cents a bar. Patent Medicines at Low Prices.

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

RHODY'S DEMOCRATS

Frame a Ticket and Elect Delegates for Cleveland.

MR. PENNEY AND HIS BRIDE

Are Having a Rather Uncomfortable
Honeymoon—License May Be Made
an Issue by Maine Democrats—A Big
Fire at Brockton—A Massachusetts
Criminal's Record—New England News.

PROVIDENCE, March 3.—Nearly eight hours in convention was the record of the Rhode Island Democrats yesterday. There were many contests by ballot, and the number of speeches exceeded the total delivered in all the conventions for the last ten years combined.

General Brennan made a speech in favor of Wardwell for governor and the convention, after he closed, pushed things as rapidly as possible for a vote. The contest was very satisfactory to the supporters of Wardwell, and the poll showed that Wardwell had received 137, Baker 56 votes.

The convention then proceeded to a ballot for lieutenant governor, and the vote resulted in the choice of Hon. Charles E. Gorman.

John J. Heffernan of Woonsocket was named for secretary of state, and was the only one of the state ticket to receive an unopposed nomination. Ex-Attorney General Slocum was nominated for that office again. His opponents nominated Augustus S. Miller of Providence, who was badly beaten, receiving only 49 votes. For general treasurer, John G. Perry of South Kingston received 80 votes, and Thomas G. Spencer of Warwick 121 votes, and the latter was nominated.

The platform as framed by the committee was unanimously adopted without discussion, together with the resolution instructing the national delegates to vote for Cleveland.

For two hours the convention labored in the selection of delegates to Chicago, the greater part of the time being spent in a contest over Mr. Honey of Newport. The fight was bitter and turbulent. The opposition, led by John M. Brennan, put in counter nomination Nathan B. Church of Tiverton. Honey was elected a delegate by a substantial majority. Seven other delegates were chosen. It is said for Cleveland.

The convention lasted eight hours and was the longest and most bitterly fought the Democrats have yet held. No compromises were made and the fights were carried to the bitter end.

MANY FAMILIES HOMELESS.

Fire at Brockton Destroys Two Shoe Factories and Three Dwellings.

BROCKTON, Mass., March 3.—One of the largest fires Brockton has known broke out last night in that portion of this city known as Campello, totally destroying two large shoe factories and three dwellings. Two other dwelling were badly scorched and damaged by water.

The Barrows factory was a 4-story wooden building, 175x35, with two additions, and gave employment to about 275 hands, who made 75 cases of shoes a day.

The factory owned by the Howard W. Reynolds estate was 4 stories high, 75x35 feet with an addition 40x35 feet. It was occupied by the Scandia Shoe company, a new concern, and gave employment to about 20 hands, who made 10 cases of shoes a day.

The houses totally destroyed were those of Daniel Lynch, Charles C. Peterson, and the dwelling belonging to the Howard W. Reynolds estate. The residence of Joseph Leonard was badly scorched, as were one or two others.

Nearly 800 hands are thrown out of employment and several families are homeless. The aggregate loss will not probably exceed \$125,000, on which there is about two-thirds insurance.

PENNEY IN HARD LUCK.

He Has Been Roughly Handled and May Not Share His Wife's Money.

BANGOR, Me., March 3.—Youthful Herbert C. Penney and his 90-year-old bride have arrived here from Belfast, where they were married and visited by the white-caps. They are stopping here for a few days before going to Amherst, where Penney bought a farm the other day with his bride's money.

Penney is badly used up as a result of his encounter with the Belfast white-caps, and is confined to the house by his injuries. His right ear is almost completely torn off, and in other ways he shows the result of hard treatment. In an interview he stated that he should take decided measures to punish the white-caps, and has engaged the services of a Bangor detective to that end.

Proceedings have been taken here which will probably result in defeating Penney in his plans of getting possession of his aged bride's large property, as application was made to the probate court yesterday to have her placed under guardianship.

Penney seems to have plenty of money and thrusts handfuls of bills and gold in the face of those who call. The affair is the talk of the whole city.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION

Promises to Become a Leading Question in the Maine Campaign.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 3.—The Augusta House last night furnished a scene of unusual activity, which was occasioned by a meeting of the Democratic state committee. Some 400 invitations had been extended by the committee to leading men of the party to be present, and some seventy-five were in attendance while others sent letters of regret.

The opinion was strongly expressed that tariff reform should be the leading issue of the campaign, and that the policy of the Cleveland administration should be supported. Some urged that an explicit declaration should be made in the platform on the silver question.

It also seemed to be the opinion that a license and local option would be made a state issue, notwithstanding it was a presidential year. In fact it was well understood that a plank calling for a re-submission of the constitutional amendment relating to the prohibitory law will be brought before the convention and adopted.

It was voted to hold the state convention at Bangor, June 8.

Protective Agency to Be Sued.

SACO, Me., March 3.—A Biddeford attorney is working up a case of libel and conspiracy to be brought against the local branch of the Merchants' Retail Protective agency of Chicago. Suits will be brought against prominent members of the local organization at the instigation of parties whose names appear on the black list just issued by the agency.

A NOTORIOUS DESPERADO.

Unenviable Record of Martin Casey, a Confirmed Thief and Murderer.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 3.—Martin Casey, who killed Barber Rathbone at South Scituate, N. Y., Tuesday, is a resident of Hancock and has a record as a desperate criminal. Ten years ago he shot two Rathbone brothers in a family row. Later he was leader of a gang of thieves, which was the terror of this section, and finally he committed a burglary in Dalton, fled to the mountains, was surrounded, refused to surrender and was finally shot. He was brought to Pittsfield, tried and sentenced to ten years in state prison, being released a few weeks ago.

Returning to South Scituate Tuesday, while walking along the street, he saw Rathbone beating his father, Luke Casey. He went to the rescue, and, as Rathbone started for him, shot him in the abdomen, inflicting a wound from which Rathbone died in a short time.

Both Caseys fled to the mountains, and as they are armed and thoroughly familiar with the country their capture will be difficult.

Grand Product of the Masc's Art.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 3.—A chimney is nearing completion at John P. Squire & Co.'s buildings which will be 235 feet high. It rests on a foundation 30 feet square, and in its construction 84,000 bricks, 800 barrels of lime and 854 loads of sand were used. The top is to be a hollow piece of iron weighing 13,500 pounds, which will be filled with 45 tons of cement.

Dartmouth's New President.

HANOVER, N. H., March 3.—At a meeting of the trustees Rev. William J. Tucker, D. D., professor of sacred rhetoric in Andover Theological seminary, was elected president of Dartmouth college, to succeed President S. C. Bartlett, whose resignation will take effect next commencement.

Tried to Shoot Her Husband.

WESTFIELD, Mass., March 3.—Mrs. Mary Ford discharged a revolver at her husband Monday night. The shot did not hit the man, however, and the woman was arrested. She was arraigned yesterday and pleaded not guilty. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause.

The Man with a Big Appetite.

BOSTON, March 3.—The man who died suddenly in Hatfield's Federal street restaurant while eating, has been identified as Zina S. Oliver of Hyde Park. He was at one time on the Hyde Park police force. Oliver was about 47 years old and a widower.

"Dipper Hole's" Accomplice Arrested.
LYNN, Mass., March 3.—Patrick Joyce has been arrested on a charge of being the second man who aided Joe Welch, "Dipper Hole Joe," in the recent assault upon the hostler of the Belmont House in North Saugus.

Charged with Murder.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 3.—The grand jury returned a true bill for murder in the case of Mrs. Florence Hawley of Bridgeport who, with her husband, is charged with the murder of Mrs. Mary Munson of Shelton.

Worcester Nuisances Arrested.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 3.—A man who gave the name of Richard Moran, and another man whom the police say is Jeremiah Crowley, were arrested last night for following women on the street and insulting them.

—If you wish to be heroic, rescue yourself.

—The power behind the throne—money.

RECONSIDERED.

Amendment Offered to the Methuen Water Bill in House.

IT WILL BE A PRECEDENT.

No Compensation for Franchise to be Included Should the Company Sell to the Town—Consideration of the Amendment in Order Today.

The action of the Legislature on the granting of franchises to private water companies is of deep interest to Quincy people. Yesterday, reconsideration of the vote whereby the bill to incorporate the Methuen Water Company was passed to be engrossed, was ordered on motion of Mr. Burke of Quincy, and Speaker Barrett, leaving his chair, offered an amendment intended to guard against the company demanding anything for the franchises and other rights granted it by the public, if the town should choose to take advantage of the clause giving it the right to purchase the water works at any future time.

The amendment provides that when the town of Methuen shall decide to purchase the property of the water company the compensation shall include the value of its property, together with such sum, if any, as may be necessary to make the net profit upon the stock equal to 6 per cent per annum from the time when such stock was actually issued and paid for, but shall not include any compensation for any franchise given by this act, or any privileges given without compensation to said corporation by the town of Methuen.

Mr. Barrett explained that he was anxious to use his influence to prevent the giving to private water companies of valuable franchises which they could at later times dispose of at exorbitant prices. He knew of a case in Braintree where a company demanded \$23,000 for its franchise before a dollar of stock had been subscribed or any work had been done. He thought this thing had gone about as far as the public would stand. Consideration of the amendment was postponed until today.

The incorporation of the Onset Water Company of Warcham, and the Williamsett Water Company, kindred bills, were also assigned for today, on motion of Mr. Burke.

The Herald comments editorially as follows:

Speaker Barrett is quick to sniff a popular breeze. The value of franchises in the towns, as well as in the cities, is something that is coming to be fully appreciated, and the time for giving them away has gone by.

The Grand Welsh Entertainment.

Seldom, if ever, has the Wesleyan hall, Boston, held a more brilliant company than it did Tuesday evening, when the Welsh Associates of Boston and vicinity held their annual entertainment for 1892. To call the entertainment a complete success, both financially and socially, would be to feebly compliment the brave and courageous young ladies of Boston, who essayed to give their Welsh friends of the surrounding towns and cities, a trial that was a treat indeed, and one that will long remain transfixed in their minds as the event of the season. The hall was filled to its utmost capacity, and the spectacle presented was indeed such as is pleasing to look upon. The costumes of the ladies were elegant, and their gallants vied with one another in richness of the apparel.

Among those seen from Quincy were: Thos. Hughes, Griffith R. Hughes and wife, Oscar W. Riddle and wife, Mrs. Gibson, Miss Lizzie Gibson, Miss Annie Gibson, Frank Carlton, Griffith Owens, Griffith Roberts, Miss Grace Jones, Mrs. Saunders, Robert Jones, Will H. Parry, Winnie Hughes, John Walters, Robert Owens from Wollaston, Miss Nellie Jones, Edis Jones.

PARTY GAMES.

The Alphabet Game Explained and Illustrated—Try it.

In this game of letters, says the Delin-eator, single dots are used to represent consonants and double dots vowels. The players being provided with pencils and paper, each one writes a word by means of the dots mentioned above and passes the paper to the player at his right, who is allowed to ask any question regarding the word that may be answered by "Yes" or "No." A time limit is set.

The following samples will illustrate the method of using the dots for letters:

Boston.....
Charles.....
Cat.....
Chair.....
Philadelphia.....

—"Miss Ethel is a long time coming down," said the youth to the servant, after waiting some time for the young lady's appearance. "Perhaps," he added with a laugh, "perhaps she is making up her mind whether to see me or not." "No," said the servant with an icy smile; "it isn't her mind she is making up."—London Moonshiner.

Have you been watching this space?

Sunny Side Park Lots have been ad-

vertised here.

Of course you know where they are, what they cost, and who to apply to for one?

No.

Go and see A. G. COFFIN, 21 South Street, and he will tell you all about it.

There are plenty of lots in this city that can be purchased for MONEY, but none for \$100.

Land is clear, high and dry. Plenty of Sand, Building Stone and Water handy. EASY OF ACCESS.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS are offered to the next ten purchasers.

Select one lot quick and get the inducement.

158, Milton.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,
and at the following places:

BOSTON—Old Colony News Stand after 5.30 P. M.
QUINCY—Ledger Office, 115 Hancock Street.
Austin & Winslow's express office, 52 Washington Street.
Southern's Periodical Store, 1 Granite Street.
McGovern Bros.' Periodical Store, Hancock Street.
WEST QUINCY—Post Office, Crescent Street.
Coran's Periodical Store, Copeland Street, and his carriers.
BREWSTER'S CORNER—Miss Bartlett's, Copeland Street.
WOLLASTON—Depot and C. F. Wilde's carriers.
ATLANTIC—Cunningham's News Agency and carriers.
QUINCY POINT—Post Office and Charles H. Johnson's, Washington street.
SOUTH QUINCY—Quincy Adams Depot
BRAINTREE—Henry B. Vinton
And by LEDGER NEWSBOYS.



Answers to puzzles published during the week will appear the following Monday.

No. 70.—Word Squares.

1.—A theatrical representation. 2. Attired. 3. To stay or continue in a place. 4. An honorable decoration. 5. A feminine name.
II.—1. A kind of rampart. 2. To get away from by artifice. 3. Confuses. 4. Completely versed or acquainted with. 5. Sung residences.

No. 71.—Metagram.

Whole I am to penetrate, change my head and I become successively a center, in advance, to pierce, knowledge, additional, to study, a bruise, cut or broken and of olden time.

A Picture with a Moral.



Do not yawn too freely behind those gauze fans.—Life.

Senile Feline Amantics.



"Well, good afternoon. I'm going to call on my mother!"
"What! You don't mean to say you've got a mother living!"
"Oh, yes, and she don't look a bit older than you do, I assure you!"—George Du Maurier in London Punch.

THE MASTERY OF LOVE.

Love was a stranger—
Without lock or key
He unlocked my bosom,
And took my heart from me.
Now my heart is subject
Everywhere I go.
Be a gentle master, Love,
To one who loves you so.

In a few days and weeks,
In a few months or years,
Love brought me sorrow,
And the salt, salt tears.
Oh, Love, come with laughter,
Or, Love, come with weeping,
Deal but gently with the heart
That leans upon you so.

The bee's wing is fragile,
The lark's egg is small,
That you took was little,
But it was my all.
Bear the captive where you will,
To high estate or low.
But be a gentle master, Love,
To one who loves you so.

—Dora Read Goodale in Harper's Weekly.

Bolivia, with improved transportation, will send large quantities of coffee and rubber to the seaboard. The new railway being built to the headwaters of the Amazon will greatly facilitate such transportation.

While a traveling man was in Lima, O., recently, he received within fifteen minutes three telegrams, each announcing the unexpected death of a different member of his family at home.

MAHER DEFEATED.

Fitzsimmons' Fierce Blows
Prove Too Much for Him.

A TWELVE-ROUND BATTLE

In Which the Irish Champion Seems to Have Been Outgeneraled—Changes in the Playing Rules of the National League—Richardson Fight Settled.

NEW ORLEANS, March 3.—Peter Maher of Ireland, an aspirant for heavyweight honors, and Robert Fitzsimmons, the New Zealand, middleweight champion of the world, met last night before the Olympic club for a purse of \$10,000, of which the loser gets \$1000. About 5000 people witnessed the contest. There were sporting men from England, Ireland and from every corner of the United States.

Once again Bob Fitzsimmons demonstrated his right to a high position in the pugilistic world, and the judgment of these who have characterized him as a "second edition of the Boston lad" has been more than abundantly vindicated in the presence of one of the largest gatherings in this country by a meeting of pugilistic giants. The Australian has demonstrated his prowess, science and skill. The changing hands last night of fully \$250,000 from nearly every state and territory of the Union, is in itself, as the Australian remarked, the best tribute to his standing in the pugilistic world.

The Battle.

Both men were in fine condition. Fitzsimmons weighed 165, Maher 178. Both were stripped to the waist. Time was called at 9.15.

In the first round Fitz knocked Maher down with a right under the jaw and landed his left on Maher's nose. Maher fled freely from the mouth and knocked Fitzsimmons down as time was called. This was a terrible round and both men were carried to their corners.

In the second round heavy blows were exchanged. Maher bled profusely from the mouth. Fitz jabbed his left repeatedly into Maher's bloody mouth and both went to their corners very weary.

In the third round Maher was the aggressor. Each was hit hard. Maher was almost staggered, as time was called, by a terrible blow.

In the fourth round Maher still bled from the mouth. The fighting was vicious. Fitzsimmons finally landed two heavy straight lefts on the mouth, and Maher presented the sight of a beaten man. This round was all in Fitzsimmons' favor.

In the fifth round Maher staggered his man with a left on the jaw. Maher tried the left for the jaw again, and Fitzsimmons staggered to his corner.

In the sixth round Fitz ran away several times to avoid punishment. Staggering blows were exchanged. Honors were even.

In the seventh and eighth rounds Fitzsimmons had the best of it.

At the end of the eighth round Maher seemed weak as he went to his corner.

In the ninth round Maher appeared weak. He wasted his strength by missing frequent blows. Fitzsimmons was cool and looked like a winner.

At the end of the tenth round Maher was bleeding again and it looked like Fitzsimmons' battle.

In the eleventh round Fitz got in some staggering blows and was himself hit but lightly.

In the twelfth round Fitzsimmons' left shot into Maher's sore mouth, the blood responding freely. Maher's head went back twice, with two heavy lefts, and the Australian slipped away to avoid punishment. The Irishman staggered in response to two blows. Fitzsimmons, with his left, again hit the sore mouth. Maher staggered as he went back to his corner and gave up the battle.

The victory was loudly cheered. Fitzsimmons fought a fair fight and at the close congratulated Maher on the latter's game fight. Fitzsimmons proved a wonderful fighter, and his cleverness with both hands was marvellous.

Before the fight Arthur Upham and Charles Mitchell boxed four rounds, Frank Slavin and Felix Vaguelin four rounds, and Slavin and Mitchell four rounds.

The Garfield track syndicate of Chicago bet \$12,000 on Fitzsimmons and Jimmy Adams bet \$6,000 on Maher. Other heavy bets were made.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Committee on Rules Announce the Result of Their Patch Work.

NEW YORK, March 3.—At last evening's session of the National Baseball league committee was accepted and unanimously adopted. Some radical changes were effected in the old agreement, one change being that the minor clubs will be charged hereafter for protection to their players. The National league is given the privilege of signing the players of minor clubs during the months intervening between Oct. 1 and Feb. 1, the right of reserving players by announcement up to Oct. 30 being conceded to the minor leagues. Instead of a bond, as formerly, a written agreement will be entered into by each league to make the treaty binding. The Richardson case was settled. Day withdrew his opposition to Richardson's playing with Washington, as it was shown that at the Indianapolis meeting Richardson's name was "pooled" with the rest of the reserved ones. New York had not objected. The committee on rules reported and the amended rules were adopted. The most important changes are as follows:

Rule 21—The players' bench shall be twenty-five feet back from the base lines.

Rule 22—If a team resorts to dilatory practice for the purpose of having the game called on account of darkness or rain the umpire may forfeit the game to the club at fault.

Rule 27, having to do with declared games, was amended to read as follows, the new portion being quoted:

No game shall be declared by the umpire if he shall terminate play on account of rain or darkness, before five innings on each side are completed "except in a case where the game is called the second at bat shall have more runs at the end of its fourth inning than the club first at bat shall have made in its five innings; then the umpire shall award the game to the club having made the greatest number of runs, and it shall be a game and so counted in the championship contest."

Added to rule 30:

Provided: A ball so delivered that it touches the bat of the batsman in position shall be counted a batted ball and in play.

Rule 38—If a ball strike a fence less than 235 feet from the home plate the batsman shall be entitled to only two strikes.

Added to rule 50:

And not more than two coaches, who may be one of the players in the game, and any

one in the uniform of the club at bat, shall be allowed at any one time.

Rule 53, sec. 1—The umpire is the sole and absolute judge of the play. In no instance shall any person be allowed to question the correctness of his decision of a play, and no player shall leave his position in the field, bases or bench to approach or advise the umpire, except to show playing rules, and then only the captain. No manager or any officer shall go on the field under penalty of forfeiture of game.

Added to section 2, rule 53:

He shall also receive from the captains their respective batting orders, which, when approved, shall be followed as provided by rule 10.

Added to section 8, rule 68:

If a base runner advances a base on a fly-out or gains two bases on a single base hit, or an infield out, or attempted out, he shall be credited with a stolen base, provided that there is possible chance and a palpable effort to retire him.

The schedule committee announced that it was ready to report. The Western association has agreed to do away with the most objectionable rules, namely, compelling players to purchase their own uniforms and charging them 50 cents per day while on a trip. The eastern association also decided to make its playing season from May 1 to Oct. 1. This association will meet in Rochester March 5.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Possible Consolidation of Massachusetts and New Hampshire Roads.

BOSTON, March 3.—Senator Raymond asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:

Ordered, That the committee on railroads be asked a suspension of the rule yesterday for the introduction of an order as to providing that any railroad company chartered by and operated in this and any contiguous state may consolidate with or lease a connecting road in another state. While the order of inquiry is general in its language, referring by name to no particular road or system, it is generally understood that it is in the interest of Boston and Maine and its New Hampshire connections. The full text of Senator Raymond's order is appended:



CHAPTER I.—The hero, Ned Anthony has panned out millions from a gold mine. CHAPTER II.—Anthony returns to his old home in Virginia.

CHAPTER III.—He has bought the Beverly estate. Little Mary Beverly, his boyhood's idol.

CHAPTER IV.—Anthony meets the reigning Mrs. Beverly. Little Mary is dead.

CHAPTER V.—Anthony and Mrs. Beverly talk of social changes in the south. Anthony's hard bargain in the purchase of the Beverly land.

CHAPTER VI.—Anthony reveals his western training.

CHAPTER VII.—The Beverlys recall a former overseer named Anthony.

CHAPTER VIII.—Mrs. Beverly and Anthony meet at the grave of little Mary.

CHAPTER IX.—Anthony's western characteristics.

CHAPTER X.—A protest from Mrs. Beverly.

CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

In less than a minute, a scene of the wildest confusion was inaugurated; blows were struck, shots fired, and the air surcharged with threats and profanity. Dan, whose every instinct was to espouse the weaker side, forced his way to where Ned Anthony stood, with his back to the wall, fighting with coolness and science, but at a terrible disadvantage, because of having emptied the only loaded chamber of his revolver in the beginning of the affray. It would have gone hard with the pair in a very short time, for the roughs were heavily armed and growing dangerous, but for the interference of the Irish proprietor, who with a Donnybrook fair taste for fighting combined a warm regard for his own possessions. In language the most eloquent of a quaker kind, he remonstrated with the aggressors, claiming that the personal welfare of the combatants was a matter of utter indifference to him, but that he objected to having his furniture smashed or his saloon turned into a slaughter pen with any of their foolishness, and rushed into the melee, followed by his bartender. With the aid of this reinforcement our two friends did such effective work that in a comparatively short space of time the roughs found themselves thrust ingloriously into the street.

The acquaintance, from this stormy beginning, developed into a queer kind of friendship and some intimacy. The men had little in common, save physical courage and high animal spirits, unless a love of adventure and of the solitude of nature and a mutual taste for sport be taken into account.

In character and intellect they were totally dissimilar, although both were strong men. The causes of their attraction, however, might have repaid investigation had either man been given to analysis or interested in psychological subtleties. Unfortunately, the opportunity was thrown away; for Ned's acquaintance with the word "analysis" was confined to its appearance in the columns of the dictionary and its application to minerals, and Dan's mind was without the twist which leads to morbid research and subtle investigation. Human emotion thrilled and interested him, but he had no promptings to examine it under a peep lens.

Perhaps this was as well for poor humanity, for Dan's nature was so sympathetic, his interest so warm and his tact so perfect, that had his tastes directed him to emotional dissection he would never have been without a subject. Men, women and children confided in him copiously; to know him was not merely to love him, but to lay bare the mental and moral anatomy to him also. Given a pipe, a camp fire in a lonely canyon and Dan Stewart for a companion, and the most reserved man on earth would forget his caution and turn given self inside out, like a glove drawn from a hand too large for it.

It is not surprising, therefore, that during their lonely mountain expeditions Ned Anthony's heart should open to his companion's sunny influence, and that all of his history should pass into Dan's possession, even to the tiny vein of pure, true gold that enriched the rugged quartz and grit.

The discovery of the existence of this vein was delightful to Dan, who had all a clean natured man's reverence for romance. It gave his companion a deeper, more individual interest for him, and drew closer the bond between them. The cherishing of an emotion so tender and fragrant touched him, from its sharp contrast to the rest of Anthony's character; it was like finding a pale, sweet arbutus flower in the clefts of a granite cliff.

"You must make a

LOW RATES.
Advertise in Ledger
BIG RETURNS.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

SHOULD BE IN EVERY
HOME.
SUBSCRIBE TODAY.

VOL. 3. NO. 54.

QUINCY, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

Lowest Prices EVER MADE IN QUINCY!

| | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------|
| Sirloin Steak, | - | - | - | 20c. per lb. |
| " Roast, | - | - | - | 20c. " |
| Rump Steak, | - | - | - | 20c. " |
| " Roast, | - | - | - | 20c. " |
| Round Steak, | - | - | - | 17c. " |
| Good Steak, | - | - | - | 2 lbs. for 25c. |
| Rib Roast, | - | - | - | 10c. to 14c. per lb. |
| Corned Beef, | - | - | - | 3c. per lb. and upwards. |
| Fresh Pork, Roast, | - | - | - | 10c. per lb.; Steak, 12c. |
| Fresh Honey-Comb Tripe. | - | - | - | |
| Potatoes, 65c. per bush.; | - | - | - | 20c. per pk. |
| Fresh Quincy Eggs, | - | - | - | 28c. per doz. |
| Fancy Messina Oranges, | - | - | - | 15c. " |

We will sell our goods lower than any one in this city (quality compared). CASH must accompany orders on these low prices.

ROGERS BROTHERS,
ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,

Hats and Caps,

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING, - - - QUINCY.

COAL and WOOD,

C. PATCH & SON.

Quincy, Jan. 19.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

if



DO YOU WANT TO LAUGH? Some of the funniest pictures you ever saw are published from week to week in the New York Truth. The most humorous writers of the day contribute to its columns, and the best artists in New York illustrate its pages. Its literary features are decidedly of the highest order, and it is the most popular illustrated weekly in America. To new subscribers for 1892 we are giving, absolutely FREE, complete sets of Dickens, Sir Walter Scott, J. Fenimore Cooper's, Washington Irving's and other noted authors' works, and some magnificent paintings as premiums. Send postal card for Premium Catalogue, or 12 cents in stamps for 3 sample copies of TRUTH and the catalogue. Address, at once, **NEW YORK TRUTH, 140 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.**

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

BARGAINS IN HAIR BRUSHES!

Regular 50c., 75c. and \$1.00 Brushes

REDUCED

TO



REDUCED

TO

47 CENTS 47

WARRANTED ALL BRISTLES.

Tooth and Nail Brush Bargain.



Regular 50 Cent Brushes Reduced to - - 25 Cents.

WITH A PACKAGE OF SHEPHERD'S DENTIFRICE THROWN IN.

Hot Water Bottles, 1 qt. \$1.00, 2 qt. \$1.12, 3 qt. \$1.25. Castile Soap, 14 years old, 15 cents a bar. Patent Medicines at Low Prices.

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

SEASON OF '92.

Plans Adopted by the National
League Magnates.

THE FREE PASS QUESTION.

Modified to Suit the Will of the Majority—Boston's Games at Home—Distance to Be Traveled in Each Circuit. Peter Maher's Pugnacious Career Ended. Ex-Parson Frazier Wins a Battle.

New York, March 4.—The most important action taken by the National league yesterday was the election of a new national board of control. Messrs. Young, Byrne and Phelps were elected. The next thing to be considered was the present prohibitory free-pass rule. Boston, New York and Chicago were in favor of continuing the present rule, but they were overcome by the majority. The rule was so far modified as to allow admission to the press without compensation to the visiting clubs, and also gave the clubs some leeway and discretion in the issue of passes for other reasons.

The apparent breach between John B. Day and J. W. Spaulding of the New York club is a subject of gossip. The complete breakdown of Mr. Day's defense in the Richardson matter, owing to the knowledge of the real state of the case being kept from him by Messrs. Spaulding and Talcott, has excited much comment.

The schedule was adopted as presented by the committee. The championship season is divided into two divisions, the consequence of the increased number of clubs in the new organization. Each division contains seventy-seven games. The winner of each series will play together at the end of the season for the championship. The season opens on April 12. Following if the schedule of the games to be played by

Boston at Home.
First Division, April 12 to July 13—With Brooklyn, May 11, 16, June 21, 22, with New York, May 23, 24, 25, with Philadelphia, June 15, 17, 18, with Baltimore, April 21, 22, 23, with Washington, May 20, 21, June 18, 20, with Pittsburgh, June 4, 6, 7, with Cleveland, May 29, 30, 31, with Cincinnati, June 11, 13, 14, with Louisville, May 26, 27, 28, with Chicago, June 8, 9, 10, with St. Louis, June 1, 2, 3.

Second Division. July 15 to Oct 15—With Brooklyn, Sept. 26, 27, 28, with New York, Aug. 1, 2, Oct. 7, 8, with Philadelphia, July 20, 21, Oct. 6, 7, with Baltimore, Aug. 3, 4, Oct. 1, 2, with Washington, Sept. 29, 30, Oct. 1, with Pittsburgh, July 18, 19, Sept. 12, 13, with Cleveland, July 20, 21, Sept. 9, 10, with Cincinnati, July 27, 28, Sept. 16, 17, with Louisville, July 25, 26, Sept. 6, 7, with Chicago, July 22, 23, Sept. 14, 15, with St. Louis, July 16, 17, Sept. 7, 8.

The New Clubs are Favored
in the schedule a little more than the others. The 4th of July games will be played in the west, while the eastern clubs will have Decoration and Labor Days at home. On July 4 Boston will be at Cincinnati, Brooklyn at Louisville, New York at Chicago, Philadelphia at St. Louis, Baltimore at Pittsburgh and Washington at Cleveland. On Decoration Day Cleveland will be at Boston, Cincinnati at Brooklyn, St. Louis at New York, Louisville at Philadelphia, Pittsburgh at Baltimore and Chicago at Washington. On Labor Day Louisville will be at Boston, New York at Brooklyn, Chicago at New York, Cleveland at Philadelphia, Cincinnati at Baltimore and Washington at Pittsburgh.

No two American association clubs open grounds together. No two American clubs compete on holidays. Every club has an opportunity to open grounds, and every club has a Saturday with every other club, both east and west. The distance each club has to travel on its circuit has been allotted as follows: Boston, 13,384 miles; Brooklyn, 13,329 miles; New York, 12,968 miles; Philadelphia, 12,873 miles; Baltimore, 12,721 miles; Washington, 12,588 miles; Pittsburgh, 13,691 miles; Cleveland, 13,032 miles; Cincinnati, 14,032 miles; Louisville, 14,501 miles; Chicago, 14,360 miles; St. Louis, 14,976 miles. Total mileage, 162,633; average, 13,527.

Where a club has more than its share of travel, expenses will be equitized at the end of the season.

The national board, as the old board of control is now called, organized during the afternoon. Mr. Byrne was elected president and Nick Young secretary and treasurer. The magnates will meet here again in annual session in November next.

DUBBED THE "QUITTER."

Peter Maher's Fame Went Up Like a Rocket but Came Down Like a Stick.

NEW ORLEANS, March 4.—Peter Maher's promising pugilistic career was abruptly terminated by his Wednesday night's performance. This was not only the conclusion of those warmly interested in local sport, but the almost unanimous sentiment of representatives of the sporting fraternity of the country. Even the men who rejoiced over the fact that their confidence in the Australian had brought them good financial returns from the money they had put up on him, had nothing but condemnatory words for the Irishman, these, as well as others, bestowing on him the nickname "The Quitter."

Phil Dwyer says that the new man is a disappointment and of little account. Steve Brodie sent word to Maher that he would give him a position as bartender in his New York saloon if he wanted a job, for all that he was good for was to slug bums. Brodie lost several thousand dollars on the Irishman and his wife knows it for she wired him from New York to return at once, before the walking got bad. Fitzsimmons has gained hundreds of friends by his performance, and there is a general concurrence of opinion as to his being one of the cleverest and most active men in his line of business. His fight was an against odds, well calculated to test his skill and strength. If not his toughness, and the outcome raises him several rungs on the ladder of fame.

Efforts were inaugurated last evening to bring about another meeting between Fitzsimmons and Hall. The latter is willing and says he would like to have the preliminaries arranged without delay.

FROM PULPIT TO PRIZE RING.

Murray of Providence Knocked Out by Frazier in Fifteen Rounds.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 4.—Billy Frazier, the fighting parson, who has again entered the prize ring, fought Jimmy Murray of Providence last night, at the Casino of the New Bedford Athletic club, for a purse of \$500 and the lightweight championship of New England.

The fight was a scientific one, and Frazier showed all of his old time cleverness. His antagonist, who was four pounds heavier and some inches taller, delivered heavy blows, which were stopped handsomely by the Boston man, who quit the ring in the fifteenth round with scarcely a mark on his face or body. Murray was game to the last, but the superior science of his rival was too much for him.

Jack Falvey of Providence, who was second, annihilated the winner and a fight between Frazier and Falvey is to be arranged for at an early day.

SAYS HE WANTS TO FIGHT SULLIVAN.

NEW ORLEANS, March 4.—Mitchell is negotiating for a fight with Sullivan. He says he wants to try his hand against the champion once more, and is willing to fight before the Olympic club in October and will make a side bet of \$5000 on himself.

THE ENDOWMENT ORDERS.

Massachusetts Statemen Express Their Views Before Empire State Legislators. ALBANY, March 4.—At the joint hearing on the revision commission's codification of insurance laws, Superintendent Morrill of the Massachusetts insurance department spoke of fraternal and beneficiary orders and endowment and assessment corporations. He approved of the former, but thought the latter were purely speculative affairs. He condemned the Iron Hall, the Golden Fleece and such concerns. Massachusetts, he said, had lost \$1,000,000 through the twenty concerns which failed out of the fifty-six she had had. He recited the frauds and embezzlements growing out of these orders.

Senator W. N. Davenport of Massachusetts, representing the Fraternal Congress, said the present bill was satisfactory to the congress.

DEATH ON THE RAIL.

Fatal Railroad Smashups in Alabama, Maryland and Illinois.

BALTIMORE, March 4.—A passenger train on the Baltimore and Lehigh railroad was wrecked at the Little Gunpowder Falls last evening. The engineer was killed and four others were injured. The road was blocked for some hours as a result of the wreck.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 4.—Near Adamsville, last night, a freight train on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad, ran into a work train. Two brakemen were instantly killed, and five other trainmen seriously injured. Misconstruction of orders was the cause.

CHICAGO, March 4.—Two freight trains on the C. & N. W. were running in the same direction on parallel tracks near Hinsdale. A switch had been left open and the trains collided, smashing several cars and killing a fireman and a brakeman.

CORBIN IS OUT OF IT.

The Vanderbilts Said to Have Gained Control of the N. Y. and N. E.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The Evening Post says: "The New York and New England railroad, concerning which so many rumors have lately been afloat in Wall street, has passed absolutely into the control of interests in general harmony with the New York Central management. W. H. Starbuck, president of the Housatonic railroad, and J. A. Bostwick, ex-president of the New York and New England, hold proxies for three-fourths of the entire stock, which will be used at the election next week to replace Austin Corbin, now president of the company, by an officer affiliated to the Vanderbilt interests, in all probability Dr. W. Seward Webb, son-in-law of W. H. Vanderbilt."

THE WATER BILLS.

The House Recommits Them to Committee for Hearing.

THE OPPOSITION INCREASING.

Speaker Barrett Explains the Six Per Cent. Clause in His Amendment—Mr. Mellen of Worcester Comes to the Aid—Representative Burke Happy.

The bill to incorporate the Methuen Water Company was again before the House yesterday. The Herald says it received consideration far exceeding the hopes of Mr. Burke of Quincy, who several days ago, objected on general principle, to engrossing the bill, and thus giving a valuable franchise to a private corporation.

The opposition to the measure has grown from day to day, and gained increased force by the espousal of Speaker Barrett, who on Wednesday offered an important amendment, which came up on the orders of yesterday.

The speaker called Mr. Olmstead of Boston to the chair, and took the floor in support of his amendment. He said that he wanted the House to pass on the principle involved in the amendment, and when it had so passed he was willing that it should be reconsidered and recommitted to the committee on water supply, and the whole matter gone over again and submitted to the House for its indorsement. He realized that a water company controlled by private parties was not an unmixed evil. It might satisfy a want, and the people of the town should admit a reasonable guarantee for expenditure of brains and capital. To the speaker it was an important question, this matter of granting the franchise.

Mr. Mellen of Worcester also came to the aid. When the people of Massachusetts see the full import of this matter of granting valuable franchises to private corporations, as they will shortly, then they will be practically in accord with the Speaker. He hoped the matter would be recommitted to the committee on water supply.

Mr. Barrett said the amendment proposed to guarantee the water company six per cent. on its investment when the plant was purchased by the town. It was probable that the company would not take up the matter unless there was an opportunity for profit. They were entitled to some recompense for their enterprise and investment, and six per cent. was fair. This gave a guarantee to companies engaging in water supply that their property would not be taken without a fair return in profit for their outlay. To show how much value was placed on franchises Mr. Barrett mentioned a company which, when it sells its water works to a city, proposes to charge \$1,000,000 for its franchise, although it expects only \$300,000 to \$400,000 for its plant.

Mr. McLaughlin of Milford didn't like the plan of making the town guarantee six per cent. on the stock, if it purchased, and moved to amend by striking out that provision.

When it was explained, however, by Mr. Barrett that the town would only be compelled to pay the difference between an average stock dividend of less than six per cent. and six per cent. he withdrew his motion.

Mr. Burke of Quincy said when he objected to the engrossment of the Methuen bill he anticipated a breeze. He did not wish to antagonize the member from Methuen or the committee on water supply reporting it. It is time the commonwealth took a stand against granting these franchises, eliminating the bad features in the interests of the people.

Mr. Ruggles of Franklin, a member of the committee on water, said that a franchise like this was of no value until capital and brains take hold of it. The water committee wanted light, and all the criticism on the subject possible.

Reconsideration on the engrossment of the bill was carried, the amendment placed on the calendar, and on motion of Mr. Parker of Methuen, the author of the bill, unanimous consent was granted to recommit the bill to the committee on water supply, with instructions to give notice of a public hearing.

On motion of Mr. Burke of Quincy, the bills incorporating the Onset Water Company of Wareham and the Willimansett Water Company were discharged from the orders of the day, and recommitted to the committee on water supply.

Young for His Years.
Visitor: "How old are you, Teddy?"
Teddy: "Teddy's four years old." Auntie: "Oh, Teddy! Now you know you are five." Teddy: "Yes, auntie, but I can only count to four."—Harper's Young People.

"I often wonder," he said, as they stood in the yellowish of a moonlight, "what my last words will be." And not a vestige of sarcastic intent lurked in her mind as she answered, "So do I, George. I should so love to hear them."—Washington Star.

Hello! Hello!
Two lots were disposed of yesterday. They were choice ones, but there are still some elegant ones left. Look on the "Sunny Side" of life and buy a house lot for yourself and family at

SUNNY SIDE PARK.

Land is only TWO Cents per foot.

Cheap, is it not?

A. G. COFFIN,

21 South Street, Quincy.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

LOW RATES.
Advertise in Ledger
BIG RETURNS.

SHOULD BE IN EVERY
HOME.
SUBSCRIBE TODAY.

VOL. 3. NO. 55.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

BARGAINS IN HAIR BRUSHES!

Regular 50c., 75c. and \$1.00 Brushes

REDUCED TO 47 CENTS 47 TO
WARRANTED ALL BRISTLES.

Tooth and Nail Brush Bargain.

Regular 50 Cent Brushes Reduced to 25 Cents.

WITH A PACKAGE OF SHEFFIELD'S DENTIFRICE THROWN IN.
Hot Water Bottles, 1 qt. \$1.00, 2 qt. \$1.12, 3 qt. \$1.25. Castle Soap, 14 years old, 15 cents a bar. Patent Medicines at Low Prices.

A. G. Durgin's Drug Store.

Lowest Prices

EVER MADE IN QUINCY!

| | | |
|--------------------------|-------|---------------------------|
| Sirloin Steak, | - - - | 20c. per lb. |
| " Roast, | - - - | 20c. " |
| Rump Steak, | - - - | 20c. " |
| " Roast, | - - - | 20c. " |
| Round Steak, | - - - | 17c. " |
| Good Steak, | - - - | 2 lbs. for 25c. |
| Rib Roast, | - - - | 10c. to 14c. per lb. |
| Corned Beef, | - - - | 3c. per lb. and upwards. |
| Fresh Pork, Roast, | - - - | 10c. per lb.; Steak, 12c. |
| Fresh Honey-Comb Tripe, | - - - | |
| Potatoes, 65c. per bush; | - - - | 20c. per pk. |
| Fresh Quincy Eggs, | - - - | 28c. per doz. |
| Fancy Messina Oranges, | - - - | 15c. " |

We will sell our goods lower than any one in this city (quality compared). CASH must accompany orders on these low prices.

ROGERS BROTHERS,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,

Hats and Caps,

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING, - - - QUINCY.

COAL and WOOD,

C. PATCH & SON.

Quincy, Jan. 19.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]



DO YOU WANT TO LAUGH? Some of the funniest pictures ever
New York Truth. The most humorous writers of the day contribute to its col-
umns, and the best artists in New York illustrate its pages. Its literary features are
consequently of the highest order, and it is full of ideas that will interest you.
Its pages are filled with clean, brilliant articles, and it is the most popular illustrated
weekly in America. To new subscribers for 1892 we are giving, absolutely FREE,
complete sets of Dickens, Sir Walter Scott's, J. Fenimore Cooper's, Washington
Irving's and other noted authors' works, and some magnificent paintings as pre-
miums. Send postal card for Premium Catalogue, or 12 cents in stamps for 3
sample copies of TRUTH and the catalogue. Address, at once,
NEW YORK TRUTH, 140 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.

Declarations will be corrected by a com-
mittee of which Rev. A. E. Winslow of the
Boston School Committee is chairman.
They will be returned June 8, 1892.

Such scholars as attain the mark of 7
and over, will be allowed to compete for
the gold medal, at Falmouth, Mass.,
August 2, 1892, (the 400th anniversary of
Columbus' start from the bar of Saltes, at
Palos). Prof. John Wesley Churchill of
Andover will probably serve as chairman
of committee on judging.

THE BRAINTREE REPORT.

The Observer Editorial Review—Water
History and the Schools.

The annual report of the Board of
Selectmen giving an account of the receipts
and expenditures of the town of Braintree,
from February 1st, 1891 to February 1st,
1892, together with the reports of heads of
departments, notably the reports of School
Committee, and Superintendent of Schools,
report of Board of Water Commissioners,
and records of town meetings held during
the year, furnished by the Town Clerk,
has been printed and is now in the hands
of the citizens as a subject for meditation,
reflection, and we were about to say—
prayer.

The report is exceptionally bulky this
year, and makes quite a book; there are
two-hundred and eighty-six pages in it;
the usual number being about a hundred
and say sixty pages.

Byron says, "a book's a book although
there's nothing in it" but the cynicism of
Byron's, thus expressed, don't strictly ap-
ply to this bulky report for there is really
something in it. Passing over the report
of the Selectmen which is of the ordinary
dimensions and satisfactory, as usual, we
come to the report of the Water Commis-
sioners which is of extraordinary dimen-
sions but of exceptional value because
it gives a historical sketch of the "water
question" conflict, from its inception on-
wards to the time and after, when the con-
flict in the courts ended and the town be-
came owner of the Braintree Water Supply
Company's Works. The report is there-
fore valuable as a source of reference con-
venient in form and which can be handed
down from one generation to another,
affording the only explanation that will
ever be given of the foolishness of the
town of Braintree, in ever getting into
such a profligate conflict.

Having disposed of the Water Com-
missioners' report, we naturally come to the
reports of School Committee and of
Superintendent of Schools, both of which
ought to be "educationally considered" to
use the exact language employed in the
former report. Speaking generally there is
always something about our Braintree
school reports that fascinate us, and the
present report, including that of the
superintendent as well, does not fail to
impart this same feeling.

"Hope springs eternal in the human
breast," and all our school reports as far
back, at least, as the time when we made
our advent into Braintree, have ministered
to this feeling of hope. According to every
one of these reports, including the one
under review, all our schools are repre-
sented in a hopeful condition. A hopeful
condition, only in a hopeful condition.
That's all the progress our schools have
been making these many years according
to these authorities. We confess that the
pleasurable feeling we experienced, when
taking up the reports of the school com-
mittee and superintendent was sadly dashed
when we came to where the superintendent
gives a sample of the spelling which ob-
tains, even in the High and Grammar
schools of the town.

We wish that the printing and publica-
tion of this "spelling bee" had been kept
out of the report. We don't think that its
publication does any good. Spelling is
something to be acquired, it does not come
naturally although there are those who
may be denominated "natural spellers,"
yet there are others that never can spell
correctly, because of a defective musical ear,
although they were given the whole world
as a prize. We question if there is a High
school or Grammar school in the country,
or indeed anywhere, in which spelling is
perfect. What is it that children go to
school for but to learn, and what do schools
exist for but to impart what the child does
not know and what is thought to be of the
first advantage to the child to learn. We
have the faith to believe that our schools
are doing this valuable work. Braintree is
fortunate in having an excellent School
Committee and a very industrious and
painstaking superintendent, and we have a
notion that the work of education is going
on satisfactorily among us.

A PRIZE MEDAL.

To be Given High School Pupil for Best
Original Declaration.

A solid gold medal will be presented by
His Excellency, William E. Russell, gov-
ernor, under the auspices of the Falmouth
Summer Institute and Culture Camp-by-
the-Sea, at its second annual session in
August next, to the boy or girl member of
any High school in the Commonwealth of
Massachusetts for the best original declama-
tion.

Rev. A. E. Winslow, Editor Journal of
Education, and member of the Boston
School Committee, will serve as chairman
of committee on correction.

The governor will also present a solid
silver medal to the scholar producing best
composition regardless of declamation.

A portrait of Columbus, elegantly
framed and marked, will be given the
school sending the successful competitor
for the gold medal.

The Following are the Conditions.

"Sunshine and Shadow in the Life of
Christopher Columbus" to be the subject
of declamation.

Competitor must be a member of some
High school in the Commonwealth of
Massachusetts.

Matter must not exceed 2000 words.
Only those attaining seven and over in a
scale of ten will be permitted to declaim.

Declarations must be sent to the
President of Institute before or on the 1st
day of June, 1892.

TAXING LAND.

Practice Varies in Different Towns and
Cities—Fair Market Value.

The following editorial of the Herald is
published by request:

Now that a new year is opened, it may
be well for the various town and city
authorities to consider the question of
whether it is equitable to maintain any
longer the system that has been so long
in force in this state of according excep-
tional favor in the matter of taxes to
the owners of unimproved real estate.
Practice varies greatly in our Massachu-
setts towns and cities in respect to this
matter; and, indeed, even in the same
municipality, there are decided differences
of judgment and action. An unoccupied
building lot in the centre of business will
frequently be assessed at as high a valua-
tion as the lots on either side of it, while
unoccupied lands in the suburban wards
will have valuations put upon them far
below those placed upon occupied lands
in the vicinity.

In some towns a leniency is adopted in
this respect which is certainly reprehens-
ible. Our Massachusetts theory of taxa-
tion is that land shall be assessed to its
full market value, and, although, as it is
unjust to make a man pay on an overvalua-
tion, some leniency may be shown in fixing
the amount, it is intended that the value
for purposes of taxation shall in some
degree correspond to the value established
for the purpose of making a sale. But we
have in mind certain land in a neighboring
town which is valued by the assessors at
\$400 or \$500 an acre, but it is held by the
owner to be worth four or five times that
amount. Indeed, if he were willing to
take twice or even three times the assessed
value, he would in twenty-four hours' time
have hardly any land left which he could
call his own.

It seems to us that this is a case where
an objectionable species of land specula-
tion is favored by the taxing authorities.
Mr. Henry George has pointed out, in an
exceedingly lucid manner, that a large part
of the value given to real estate in and
near great centres of population is due wholly
to the growth in population, and practically
in no degree to the action of the owner of
the real estate. He lies dormant, while
his property grows in value in consequence
of what may be termed public action.
While it may not be expedient to adopt
radical means of collecting this unearned
increment for public purposes, it does not
seem necessary that the town and city
governments should grant special favors to
these speculative land owners.

A man owning, let us say, fifty acres of
land in a growing community, which he
holds in an entirely unproductive manner
in the anticipation of a future large in-
crease in worth. This land is valued by
the assessors for purposes of taxation at,
say, \$500 an acre. Thinking it desirable
to secure settlers, he sells from his large
estate a plot of 10,000 feet of land. The
chances are that if this is built upon, the
assessors will value this small holding
—the land, not the building—at, say, ten
cents a foot, or at the rate of more than
\$4000 an acre, or eight times more than
the other unimproved and unoccupied land
is valued at.

We instance this as an illustration of a
method which has found numerous ap-
plications, but which is, none the less, in
our opinion, indefensible. There is clearly
no reason why the occupier of land who
enters it for the purpose of improvement
should be called upon to pay a greatly dis-
proportioned share of public taxation. If
there are to be favors granted for the
purpose of encouraging wage earners and
persons of humble means to build homes
for themselves, the builder and improver,
and not the land speculator, is the one
who should be looked upon with consid-
eration. As it is now, the establishment of
homes is to quite a degree restricted by
the absorption of land by speculative
holders, and it is certainly no discourage-
ment to them to have their land valued
and assessed at but a small fraction of its
worth. It is true that it may not be a
revenue producing investment, but that is
merely because the holders prefer to have
it remain occupied.

The Dedham Transcript, "in the in-
terest of economy," wants all the sessions
of the Probate Court held at Dedham.
The financial statement of the County
Treasurer shows that Norfolk County is
out of debt, with only two other counties
similarly situated, with a surplus of
about \$20,000. With this gratifying show-
ing wouldn't it be quite as well to let the
people have some of the benefits of the
county's prosperity? It might save the
taxpayers two or three hundred dollars,
annually represented in rentals of rooms in
Hyke Park and Quincy, but we believe
the people in the entire eastern section of
the county would be willing to suffer this
dreadful imposition—to secure the great
benefits which the weekly sessions of the
Probate Court afford them. It would be a
great injustice to compel the people in-
terested in citations, etc., to make the
journey from all the Norfolk county towns
along the eastern division of the Old Colony
railroad to Dedham on the score of
economy—or for any other reason, for that
matter. We have no fears but that the
Representatives from the above districts
will see that this ill-advised movement is
not carried out. Our advice to the Frank-
lin Representative is—"Don't touch it!"
—Norfolk County Gazette.

C. E. OSCOOD and CO.

RETAIL MANUFACTURERS.

OUR NEW YEAR'S SENSATION!

SIX MONTHS'

CREDIT ALLOWED

Without Interest or Additional Charges.

FURNITURE AND CARPET

BUYERS

OF NEW ENGLAND

THIS INTERESTS

YOU.

Our phenomenal success of the past three years in selling Household
Goods for spot cash at the smallest possible margin of profit now leads us
to make an offer

Unparalleled in the History of
the Furniture Trade.

This announcement is intended especially for
the thousands of buyers who desire a LIMITED
CREDIT ONLY, and whom we believe should be en-
titled to the same privileges as cash purchasers.

From this date we will allow customers to open an account with us,
and pay as they see fit, provided their indebtedness is settled in six months
from date of purchase.

We desire it to be distinctly understood that we are not an instal-
ment house, and have no intention of being known as such, but have simply
changed our views as to the meaning of the term "cash."

That we shall open short accounts only.
That the system of small profit prices established by us during the
past three years will still be maintained.

That we shall carry the best assortment of medium priced Furniture
east of New York.

That being permanently established in this business, we cannot
afford to deceive the public.

Our Exclusive Features.

Six months' credit allowed. No interest.

No extra per cent. added.

Free delivery through New England and New York State,

Lowest Cash Prices Guaranteed.

Thus making us in fact, as well as name, the

THE MOST LIBERAL, COMPLETE
HOUSE FURNISHING ESTAB-
LISHMENT IN THE
WORLD.

We must increase our sales at least \$500,000 this year to avoid
losing money.

Will You Help Us?

And at the same time save from

25 Per Cent. to 50 Per Cent. from Regular Instal-
ment House Prices.

"All Credit Accounts insured against loss to
Customers free of charge in case of death or acci-
dent."

Yours for Lower Prices,

C. E. OSCOOD and CO.
RETAIL MANUFACTURERS,
OLD CONTINENTAL BUILDING,

744-756 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

March 5 Sat—L.

March 5 P4w 1st p

City Council Tonight.
FULL REPORT
In Tomorrow's Ledger.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

TOMORROW
The Ledger will print
THE APPROPRIATION ORDER.

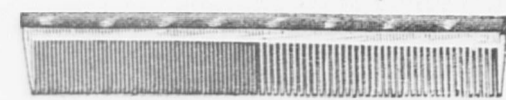
VOL. 3 NO. 56.

QUINCY, MASS., MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

IF YOU NEED ANY OF THESE GOODS

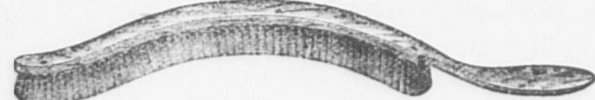
You will make no mistake by buying now.



Rubber, Horn and Celluloid Combs.

Fine Combs, - - 5 Cents.

Dressing Combs, - 10 Cents.



Flesh Brushes reduced to 47c.

Clothes Brushes reduced to 20c.

Nail Brushes reduced to 25c.



WHISK BROOMS 10 CENTS WHISK BROOMS

A Beautiful Tooth Brush and Package of Dentrifice for 25 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES,

\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES,

\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents.

Durgin's Drug Store,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

Lowest Prices

EVER MADE IN QUINCY!

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Sirloin Steak, - - - - - | 20c. per lb. |
| " Roast, - - - - - | 20c. " |
| Rump Steak, - - - - - | 20c. " |
| " Roast, - - - - - | 20c. " |
| Round Steak, - - - - - | 17c. " |
| Good Steak, - - - - - | 2 lbs. for 25c. |
| Rib Roast, - - - - - | 10c. to 14c. per lb. |
| Corned Beef, - - - - - | 3c. per lb. and upwards. |
| Fresh Pork, Roast, 10c. per lb.; Steak, 12c. | |
| Fresh Honey-Comb Tripe. | |
| Potatoes, 65c. per bush.; 20c. per pk. | |
| Fresh Quincy Eggs, - - - - - | 28c. per doz. |
| Fancy Messina Oranges, - - - - - | 15c. " |

We will sell our goods lower than any one in this city (quality compared). CASH must accompany orders on these low prices.

ROGERS BROTHERS,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,

Hats and Caps,

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING, - - - QUINCY.

DO YOU WANT TO LAUGH? Some of the funniest pictures you ever saw are published from week to week in the New York Truth. The most humorous writers of the day contribute to its columns, and the best artists in New York illustrate its pages. Its literary features are of the highest order, and it is bristling with ideas that will interest you. Its pages are filled with clean, brilliant articles, and it is the most popular illustrated weekly in America. To new subscribers for 1892 we are giving absolutely FREE complete sets of Dickens, Sir Walter Scott's, F. Fenimore Cooper's, Washington Irving's and other noted authors' works, and some magnificent paintings as premiums. Send postal card for Premium Catalogue, or 12 cents in stamps for 3 sample copies of Truth and the catalogue. Address, at once, NEW YORK TRUTH, 140 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.

BUY THE WORKS.

John Cavanagh of Braintree Tells Why
The City Should

OWN QUINCY WATER WORKS.

George Cahill Opposes Purchase of Existing Works—Cornelius Moynihan, George H. Field, James D. Sullivan, Arthur Austin, Thomas Carroll, James Collins and Other Speak.

"To buy or not to buy," that was the question that called forth a flow of oratory at the hall of the Irish National League on Sunday evening. Before the debate opened resolutions on the death of Thomas J. Flaherty were passed.

Mr. John Cavanagh was the first in the affirmative, and said:—"To understand this question we will have to rehearse from the beginning. Nine years ago a certain party got a few influential citizens to get a charter and put this company into operation. Who wants to sell this plant? The bondholders or the stockholders? They claim an income of \$28,000. Suppose they do; but you know as well as I do that they spent \$70,000 up in Braintree. Where is this income coming from? From the surplus?"

"They never declared a dividend. Why? Because they put the money into the works. By and by, when they make something, they will declare a dividend. It is the bloated bondholders that are reaping the harvest, while you are being duped."

"Any contractor would build the works for \$242,000. While they paid about \$200,000, they are bonded for \$250,000 and you are charged double price."

If you vote yes, a committee of three discreet and capable men will be appointed who will fix the price at just what it is worth and no more.

You have 120 hydrants when you should have 400. Four hundred will cost no more than 100. Weymouth has 400 hydrants and pays \$4500 while you pay \$3700.

If the works are worth \$400,000 you are paying \$24,000 tax on water. If you buy the works you can surely get 4 per cent. and that means saving of \$16,000. Is not that something saved?

When I hear men crying out not to buy the water works, I think they don't know what they are talking about. When you vote for the city to buy the water works you are saving \$16,000. What can you do with it? Can you not build hydrants with it? In less than 28 years you will not have a cent to pay on the cost.

Mr. George Cahill took the negative. He said: It seems to me that the question is not whether we shall own our water work, but whether we shall be obliged to pay the company's price and then build works of our own. The cost as given by the company is \$362,000. They claim that the stock is \$250,000. The bloated bondholders paid their money and all they get is 6 per cent. According to the last gentleman's argument they should not have the stock, and should receive nothing.

Take the works as they stand. Are they worth what you must pay for them? I do not think so. The city would lose thousands of dollars. The citizens should not be compelled to pay more than the works are worth. The stockholders have the decision in this matter. If they were willing to sell they would fix a price, but they have not done so, and they will not. I don't believe that anyone would object to the city owning the water works, but I don't think we ought to pay more for them than they are worth.

The gentleman has shown no reason why the water works should be bought by the city. If we can make a better bargain than by buying the works why shouldn't we? We are told that the water is good, but three or four years ago the Board of Health said it was not fit for use. These same men now say that the water is very good because they want to help sell the plant. The first Board of Health that analyzed the water and found it wanting removed from office as soon as the influence of the Water Company could be brought to bear on them.

We should have that act repealed which compels us to purchase the water works first. The man who got this act passed did a mortal injury to Quincy. If Quincy is foolish to-day that is no reason she should always be so.

Vote to purchase the water works and it will be binding on you forever. Reject it, and you will be at liberty to build your own at any time.

If you vote to purchase the water works you are bound to submit to the proposition of the Water Company.

Mr. Cornelius Moynihan advised the purchase of the water plant, first for the reason that the city ought to own the water power, and secondly, the city is paying so much for the use of water, I do not know the exact sum, but will support about \$6,000 a year. This would go far

(Continued on Third Page.)

MR. SULLIVAN'S COMMENT

On Prize Fighters in General and Charlie Mitchell in Particular.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 7.—"Mitchell is a cur. He does not want to fight me any more than a 10-year-old boy wants to," was the way John L. Sullivan expressed himself upon being asked what he had to say in reply to Charlie Mitchell's address to athletes. Mitchell is out to get notoriety," he continued. "He says I want to take every advantage. All I want is a square referee. I want to make everybody on my merits. My challenge is before the world. Let the world judge whether or not it is fair. Mitchell cannot be dragged into a ring with me. He does not want to fight any good man except by telephone." Upon being asked regarding the Slavin-Jackson fight, he said: "I hope Slavin wins, for it wins more money to me, but I guess the nigger will beat him out. I've got no use for these niggers. If the Lord intended they should be as good as white men he would have made them white." In reference to the Fitzsimmons-Maher contest he said he was sorry that Maher was whipped, but he was not sorry that "that stiff," Madden, was done up. He had no use for Madden.

POSSE GATHERED HIM IN.

Man Who Claims to Have Been an Actor

NEW HAVEN, March 7.—Arthur W. Latham "held up" Ticket Agent Dailey of the Guilford depot on the Shore Line railroad on Saturday night and was arrested by a sheriff's posse at midnight in East Haven. He spent yesterday at police headquarters in this city, reading about his exploit in the Sunday papers. He insists that he has given his right name and that New York is his home. The prisoner is well dressed and talks very intelligently. He is evidently of a good family and a novice in crime. He volunteered the statement that he once played in Hallen and Hart's "Later On" company and later in the "Silver King." That was over a year ago, he says. Since that time he has lived as a clerk in a New York store. He pronounces his escape of Saturday night as foolhardy, and says that want of money led him to do it. Latham registered at the Aldrich House on Monday last and remained there until Thursday. At the hotel he said he was from Savannah. He is about 30 years old.

STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

General Sorrow Over the Sickness of Grand Duke Ludwig IV of Hesse.

BERLIN, March 7.—The Grand Duke Ludwig IV of Hesse was stricken with paralysis, at dinner on Friday evening, and has surprised his physicians by living. His pulse is very low, and he has frequent fits of unconsciousness. Only liquid food is administered to him. He has not spoken articulately, although he has made several efforts to do so. Most of his family are at his bedside, including his daughter, Princess Henry of Prussia, and his heir, Prince Ernst Ludwig. Dispatches of inquiry as to his condition have been received from Emperor William, Queen Victoria, Luitpold, Regent of Bavaria, and other German princes. There is a large crowd before the palace where he lies, and the anxiety among the people for his welfare is exceptionally great, as his liberal views and generosity to the poor of Darmstadt have made him exceedingly popular with his subjects.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ALBANY FOR MONDAY, MARCH 7.
SUN THREE... 5:00 MOON SETS... 5:50 AM
SUN RISES... 6:50 FULL SEA... 6:50 PM
LENGTH OF DAY... 11:35

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Forecast for New England: Fair north winds; slightly warmer in western portions. Signals are displayed at Newport, Narragansett section, Wood's Holl section and Eastport.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Louis Joseph Martel, the French statesman, is dead.

Third Baseman Donny has been assigned to the Pittsburgh club.

Cornelius Vanderbilt is to build a \$2,000,000 palace in New York.

The jury disagreed in the trial of Burton Webster for murder at New York.

Dispatches from Portugal report another severe storm on the Portuguese coast.

The trial of William Coy, for murder, will begin at Pittsfield, Mass., March 21.

Pelham W. Shipman shot himself in the head while riding in a cab in Baltimore.

Four negroes were killed and others fatally wounded by white men in Kentucky.

Two United States revenue officers were fatally shot by moonshiners in Tennessee.

Pugilist Peter Maher attempted suicide by jumping from a train at Charlotte, N.C.

Dr. William G. Anderson is to take charge of the gymnastic department at Yale.

A government official has been securing evidence against the cordage trust in Chicago.

General Barrios has been declared elected constitutional president of Guatemala.

The Iron Mountain depot and fourteen stores were burned at Dexter, Mo. Loss, \$150,000.

William H. Dillon, a well and favorably known telegrapher, died of consumption at Philadelphia.

J. Pierpont Morgan is reported to have given \$500,000 to establish an industrial school in New York.

Canada is to place two new, swift revenue cutters on the lakes for the protection of the fisheries.

It is said that ex-Mayor Greene of Fall River, Mass., will run for congress in opposition to Randall.

Severe snowstorms prevail in the region of the Hartz mountains, and numerous casualties are reported.

Bishop Hurst has been elected member of the French chamber of deputies to succeed the late Bishop Freppel.

Anti-Quay men were chosen as delegates to the Republican national convention at Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

Secretary Noble criticizes Commissioner Raum for giving precedence to pension cases called up by members of congress.

Hon. Edward Russell of Lawrence, Kan., has been appointed receiver of the defunct Western Farm Mortgage company.

John A. Morris and others have been arrested on indictments found in New Jersey for violation of the anti-lottery postal law.

DAY OF DARK DEEDS.

Fatal Row Between Actors at a Boston Hostelry.

TRAGEDY AT LOWELL, MASS.

Edward Drew, in a Fit of Jealousy, Kills His Beautiful Wife and Attempts Suicide—Murder and Suicide at Washington—Other Misdeeds.

BOSTON, March 7.—Two comedians took the principle roles in a real tragedy which was enacted in the theatrical boarding house, 10 Dix place, about 2 o'clock yesterday morning. One of them, Patrick J. Welch, whose nom du theatre was Fayette Welch, now lies in the city hospital morose, cold in death, with a bullet in his heart. The other, William I. Flannery, whose nom du theatre is William F. Gould, occupies a cell at station 4, a confessed murderer.

The weapon used to commit the deed was an old pattern Colt's 41-caliber revolver, and not a kill. Indeed, it seems possible that, if Flannery himself had not used the weapon when he did, his wife might have done so, as it was from her hands that he took the revolver with which the murder was committed, and as she was advancing toward Welch's room.

If other witnesses are to be believed, the murder was committed in cold blood. At the time of the shooting, Flannery, clad only in a night dress, stood in the hallway, and Welch, with his shoes off, was sitting on a trunk in his apartment in the front parlor on the second floor of the house. Two friends were in the room with him.

Welch is said to have been under the influence of liquor at the time, while Flannery, it is asserted, was sober. The police were on the scene within a few minutes after the murder, and had the murderer, his wife and several important witnesses in custody ten minutes later. Then it was that Flannery confessed that he did the shooting.

BULLET IN HER BRAIN.

Lowell Man Kills His Wife and Then Attempts Suicide.

LOWELL, Mass., March 7.—Edward G. Drew shot and killed his wife yesterday, and then shot himself, inflicting a wound which the doctors say, however, will scarcely prove fatal. The tragedy occurred in the brick block, 24 Elliot street, where the couple resided.

It was just about 4 o'clock when Policeman Walsh pried open the front window of the room occupied by the Drews and climbed in. On a bed lay Drew, his head covered with blood which flowed from a wound in his forehead. He was undressed and half-conscious. He is a strong, athletic looking man, weighs about 160 pounds and is about 27 years of age. Beside him lay his wife, a comely woman of 12, dead.

A ghastly hole in her forehead told the fatal story of her end. Her arms were thrown above her head as if in sleep and twined in the dark hair that streamed over the pillow upon which she lay. The position into which the body had stiffened had preserved as if in marble the graceful pose of the limbs. Upon one of the small, white fingers gleamed her marriage ring. Death must have come instantly and painlessly.

Drew was conscious, although suffering from his own wound, but no explanation would he give. He was taken to the city prison hospital.

Upon examination of the woman's body, it was found that she had been dead ten or twelve hours. She had come to her death by a 32-calibre bullet, that entered the brain between the eyes. The body was clothed in a night dress and calico wrapper, and half covered with the clothing of the couch.

Triad to Shoot Her Husband.

BROOKLYN, March 7.—Mrs. Minnie Platt, whose husband, William H. Platt, brought suit against her for absolute divorce some time ago, was arrested last evening charged with attempting to shoot her husband who, with a friend, was following her on the street. Since the close of the case, which was decided in her favor, the couple have lived apart. The wife claims to have been hounded since then by her husband.

Killed in Revenge.

NEWPORT, Ky., March 7.—William Sprout was shot and killed at an early hour yesterday morning. The shooting was done by one of the Italian brothers by the name of Colli. Sprout was on his way home. He had incurred the anger of the Colli brothers, who were determined on revenge.

A Chicago Tragedy.

CHICAGO, March 7.—"You have broken up my home," shouted Igra Kriz to Joseph Jicha, as he drew a revolver and fired three shots at him. Then he shot himself through the left breast. Kriz was arrested and removed to the county hospital. His wound is likely to prove fatal. Jicha will recover.

Left the World Together.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Fernleigh Montague, an artist, shot and killed his wife last night, and then killed himself. It is believed that the wife consented to the rash act, which was due to despondency, the result of Montague's long and painful illness.

Murdered Her Brother.

BROOKLYN, March 7.—Mrs. Mary Himpler, during an altercation last night, threw a knife at her brother, William McGinn. The weapon pierced McGinn's heart and he soon died. They had been drinking heavily. Mrs. Himpler was arrested.

NEW GOODS

Every Week

AT THE

Lowest Prices.

New Styles in

Spring & Summer

Outing Flannels

— AT —

8 and 12 1-2 Cts.

PER YARD.

New Gingham,

Plaid and Stripe.

New Cheviots

For Shirtings.

Also one lot of Remnants of

PLAID NAINSOOKS

— AT —

MISS C. S. HUBBARD'S,

158 Hancock Street.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

E. T. YOUNG & CO.,

Electrical Engineers

AND CONTRACTORS.

Electric Light and Railway Supplies.

INCANDESCENT

LIGHT AND BELL WIRING.

Gas and Combination Electric Chandeliers.

Old Chandeliers Refinished.

Burglar Alarms, Speaking Tubes, Fire Alarm Supplies, Batteries and Bells of all kinds.

Office, No. 2 Washington Street,

QUINCY.

March 1. pl, 2mos

NOTICE!

TERRANCE KEENAN

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he is prepared to Clean Vaults and Cess-pools at short notice. He is prepared to do Carting, Digging, Plowing, Mowing, etc. Hay and Manure bought and sold.

Residence, 63 South Street.

POST OFFICE BOX 316, QUINCY, MASS.

March 1. 3mos

AT SOUTHERN'S

All Kinds of

Books.

Cash Books,

Diaries,

Entry Books,

Fiction,

Geographies,

Histories,

Invoice Books,

Juvenile Books,

Kabook (all out),

Love Stories,

Magazines,

Novels,

Oratorical,

Pocket Books,

Quincy Directories,

Record Books,

Story Books,

Tip Top,

Unabridged,

Very Interesting,

Wonderful,

Xactly,

You Will Like Them.

Zealous to Please.

No. 1 GRANITE STREET.

OUR LEADER.

A First-Class FOUR FOOT

ROLL TOP DESK.

For \$25.00.

DESK EXCHANGE

33 and 35 Portland St., Boston.

Feb. 3. Imole

Houses Advertised
In the Ledger
Are Let Promptly.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

DO
YOU
Read the LEDGER Every Day.

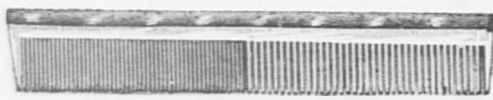
VOL. 3. NO. 57.

QUINCY, MASS., TUESDAY, MARCH 8, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

IF YOU NEED ANY OF THESE GOODS

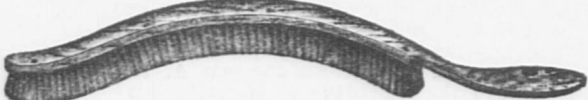
You will make no mistake by buying now.



Rubber, Horn and Celluloid Combs.

Fine Combs, - - 5 Cents.

Dressing Combs, - 10 Cents.



Flesh Brushes reduced to 47c.

Clothes Brushes reduced to 20c.

Nail Brushes reduced to 25c.



WHISK BROOMS 10 CENTS WHISK BROOMS



A Beautiful Tooth Brush and Package of Dentrifice Fully Worth 50 cents for 25 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES,

\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES,

\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents.

Durbin's Drug Store,
DURBIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

Lowest Prices EVER MADE IN QUINCY!

Sirloin Steak, - - - 20c. per lb.
" Roast, - - - 20c. "
Rump Steak, - - - 20c. "
" Roast, - - - 20c. "
Round Steak, - - - 17c. "
Good Steak, - - - 2 lbs. for 25c.
Rib Roast, - - - 10c. to 14c. per lb.
Corned Beef, - - 3c. per lb. and upwards.
Fresh Pork, Roast, 10c. per lb.; Steak, 12c.
Fresh Honey-Comb Tripe.
Potatoes, 65c. per bush.; 20c. per pk.
Fresh Quincy Eggs, - - 28c. per doz.
Fancy Messina Oranges, - - 15c. " doz.

We will sell our goods lower than any one in this city (quality compared). CASH must accompany orders on these low prices.

ROGERS BROTHERS,
ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,

Hats and Caps,

Gentlemen's Furnishings.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING, - - - QUINCY.



DO YOU WANT TO LAUGH? Some of the funniest pictures you ever saw are published from week to week in **NEW YORK TRUTH**. The most humorous writers of the day contribute to its columns, and the best artists in New York illustrate its pages. Its literary features are of the highest order, and it is brimful of ideas that will interest you. Its pages are filled with clean, brilliant articles, and it is the most popular illustrated weekly in America. To new subscribers for 1892 we are giving, absolutely FREE, complete sets of Dickens, Sir Walter Scott, J. Fenimore Cooper's, Washington Irving's and other noted authors' works, and some magnificent paintings as premiums. Send postal card for Premium Catalogue, or 12 cents in stamps for sample copies of TRUTH and the catalogue. Address, at once, **NEW YORK TRUTH, 140 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.**

VETO SUSTAINED.

The Water Act of 1891 Not to be Submitted to the People.

A NEW ORDER INTRODUCED.

The Annual Appropriation Order Reported and Some of the Items Discussed—Ordered to Second Reading Without Amendment—Printed in Full.

The expected happened at the regular meeting of the City Council Monday evening. The Mayor vetoed the special election order under the Water Act of 1891, which was sustained, and a new order to vote on the purchase of the water works was introduced. There was other important business including the annual appropriation order and the passage of the Brooks avenue schoolhouse order. Councilman Sherman, who is in the South, was the only absentee.

Veto of Water Orders.

The following communication was received from Mayor Fairbanks and read by President Thompson:

QUINCY, March 7, 1892.

JAMES THOMPSON, Esq., President of City Council.

In my message to the Council January 4, I expressed my views upon the important question of a city owning its own system of water supply. A good water supply is one of the most important factors in furthering the prosperity of any city or town, furnishing as it should, an abundance of good water at reasonable rates, also affording adequate means for fire protection, and the best results, in my opinion, are obtained when such a system is directly controlled by the people and not by a corporation.

The Legislature of 1891 practically refused the petition of our City, to establish a new system of water supply and to submit the act, which they granted, without first complying with one of its conditions, would, in my judgment be an idle ceremony.

A still further consideration of this question in all its bearings leads to the same conclusion as stated, and I cannot see any good reason why an expenditure of \$500 should be incurred or time be wasted, in asking the citizens to express their opinion upon a legislative act, which is only conditional in its terms, does not confer upon the City any direct rights, and does not permit the citizens to pass their opinion upon the main question.

The acceptance or rejection of the Act of 1891 should not be based on the opinion of the voters either for or against the purchase of the present system. The principal issue before our citizens is this, "Is it for the best interests of the City to purchase the property of the Quincy Water Company?" In my opinion this question should be first decided, and this issue be fairly and plainly submitted to the citizens for their decision, before asking them to consider the question of acquiring new land rights.

For these reasons, I return to the Council Order No. 17, without my approval. Respectfully,

H. O. FAIRBANKS, Mayor.

Councilman Federhen inquired the date of the communication.

President Thompson—March 7.

Councilman Federhen raised the point that the veto was not within the time limit, ten days.

This brought forth another communication sent by the Mayor to the clerk of the Council under date of Feb. 25, refusing his signature to the order in question.

Councilman Federhen believed the objections should have been written within the limit.

President Thompson said the point was a legal rather than a parliamentary one, and he wanted time.

Mayor Fairbanks thought it was not necessary that the objection should come within the limit, and hoped the Council would call on the City Solicitor.

Solicitor McAnaney quoted from the Public Statutes which he interpreted to decide that the veto and objections need not be concurrent.

Councilman Federhen withdrew his objections.

The passage of the order was reconsidered and the order rejected by a vote of 9 to 12 as follows:

YEAS—Curtis, Duffield, Fallon, Federhen, Federhen, Jr., Gray, Little, Powers and Warner.

NAYS—Bass, Bryant, Cunningham, Hammond, Holden, Holt, Litchfield, Morton, Moxon, Newcomb, Pratt and Kinn—12.

Public Meeting Order.

The Mayor also vetoed the order calling for public meetings to discuss the Water Act of 1891, as follows:

QUINCY, Mass., March 7, 1892.

JAMES THOMPSON, Esq., President of the City Council.

I return to the Council Order No. 18 the same not meeting with my approval.

In my opinion, the time has not arrived when it is advisable to discuss the Acts of 1891, relating as it does to conditional rights in the Blue Hill section. A still further investigation would have to be made before many important questions could be answered. The question uppermost in the minds of our citizens at the present time is the one relating to the purchase of the present system. I also believe that the Council chamber is the most desirable place for the citizens to meet and discuss municipal questions.

Respectfully,

H. O. FAIRBANKS, Mayor.

Councilman Federhen hoped the veto

(Continued on Second Page).

THE HOTCHKISS WILL

Has Been Settled After Five Years' Fighting in Court.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 8.—The suit contesting the will of the late Benjamin Hotchkiss, inventor of the Hotchkiss rifle and cannon, has been settled and the case has been withdrawn from court. The litigants are brothers and sisters of the dead inventor. By agreement the terms of settlement are withheld from the public. When Hotchkiss died his only direct heirs were his father and his mother. Subsequently Hotchkiss, Sr., died, and left all of his estate, which included about \$6,000,000 received from his son, to three of his children, but cut off a fourth, Charles A. Hotchkiss of this city, without a cent. C. A. Hotchkiss and his wife immediately brought the suit mentioned, claiming \$1,400,000 as his share of his father's estate. The case has been in the Connecticut courts for nearly five years, and almost every legal device known to lawyers has been resorted to in its conduct. C. A. Hotchkiss refused to talk about the exact figures of settlement, but seemed perfectly satisfied.

ON THE LOOKOUT FOR TYPHUS.

Great Britain Will Endeavor to Keep the Disease from Her Shores.

LONDON, March 8.—The prevalence of typhus fever in America has attracted considerable attention here, and caused some alarm lest the disease should make its appearance in London. Hon. L. P. Dawson, M. P., has given notice that he will inquire of Home Secretary Matthews whether the attention of the government has been drawn to the existence of typhus fever in New York, and whether it is proposed to take any steps to prevent the introduction of the disease into British ports through the medium of immigration. It is understood that the government will be able to show that it is exercising very stringent inspection to guard against such a mishap as that of the landing of infected passengers from the Matilla at New York. It is certain that typhus does not exist to any appreciable extent in London. There has not been a single death from the disease, and only a very few cases, in many weeks back.

Noah Porter's Funeral.

NEW HAVEN, March 8.—The funeral of ex-President Noah Porter of Yale occurred yesterday afternoon. Private services were held at the ex-president's late residence. Brief remarks on Dr. Porter's life were made by Rev. Mr. Twichell. Immediately after these services, the remains were taken to Battell chapel, where the public services were held. The services at Battell chapel were conducted by President Dwight. Rev. Dr. Munger and Rev. Dr. Elisha. The exercises at the grave were conducted by Dr. Twichell. The interment took place in the Gravel street cemetery.

Alger is in the Race.

DETROIT, March 8.—In an interview General Alger stated that he would enter the contest for the presidential nomination.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Fine crop prospects are reported from Kansas.

Five men were killed in a freight wreck at St. Louis.

The claims of the surviving Sioux scouts are to be paid.

Canadian vessels at Halifax report rough passages.

Three rioters were fatally injured at Newtonville, Ind.

Two men were killed in a railroad accident at Rockville, Md.

Two hotels and three cottages were burned at Tybee Beach, Ga.

The New South Wales census shows a population there of 1,124,294.

A true bill was found against Mrs. Osborne of pearl-robbery fame.

Proceedings will be brought against the Kentucky Lottery company.

The six days' go-as-you-please race at Milwaukee was won by Engel.

It is the alleged intention of the Khedive of Egypt to reconquer the Sudan.

W. R. Wetmore, judge of the supreme court of New Brunswick, is dead, aged 72.

At Chester, Vt., William O. Day, 46 years old, committed suicide by hanging.

At Sherwood, Colo., a vein of gold ore has been uncovered said to be worth \$100,000 a ton.

A hotel was destroyed by fire and a young man burned to death at Lexington, O. T.

The families of the lynched Italians have brought suits against the city of New Orleans.

French Canadians are hastening home to vote in order to "rescue the church and language."

Sioux City and Northern railroad locomotive engineers are reported on the verge of a strike.

The Portuguese coast was visited by a severe hurricane. Flying debris caused six deaths in Lisbon.

Don M. Dickinson is talked of as a presidential possibility. He, however, says Cleveland will be the man.

Nelson A. Ludington of Fair Haven, Conn., oyster dealer, has made an assignment. Liabilities, \$10,000.

An alleged minister of the Methodist church of the United States has been performing illegal marriages in Manitoba.

Officers and employees of the Louisiana lottery were arraigned in New Orleans, on the fourteenth indictment found against them.

FOR COIN AND GLORY.

Bicycle Race for the World's Championship Begun.

MITCHELL WANTS TO FIGHT.

He Makes a Statement Which Will Not Please Champion Sullivan—Corbett Issues a Challenge to Sullivan—New Haven Assured of a Baseball Club.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The start in the big international bicycle race for the championship of the world began yesterday afternoon at the Madison Square Garden. The racing will occupy seventy-two hours during the week, or twelve hours from 1 p. m. to 1 a. m. every day. Fourteen men were down to start in the seventy-two hour race. They were Ashinger, Lumsden, Prince, Schock, Martin, Reading, Stage, Lamb, Albert, Boyst, Chadsey, Rice, Browner and Smith.

At 1:20 the band played "The Watch on the Rhine," and Schock appeared. Then it played "The Campbells are Coming," and Lumsden and Stage came out. Next it played "The Wearing of the Green," and Martin appeared. "Rule Britannia" brought out Lamb. Then as it played "The Star Spangled Banner" and "Yankee Doodle," the rest appeared.

After they had a lap or two they got off. Rice led for the first lap or two, then giving way to Schock. Then they got down to work. Martin got the first mile. Lamb got the second mile. The men ran all together in a bunch and some lively sprinting was indulged in by the younger hands. Boyst had quite a fall in front of the scorers at 3 o'clock, but was not badly hurt. It was announced at 3 o'clock that Boyst, Browner and Smith would not go on again. That left eleven men still on.

The first 100 miles were run in 64 min. by Lamb, Lumsden, Ashinger, in the order named. Prince retired at 6:28, Rice at 6:01, all broken up. The race between those remaining grew somewhat monotonous, one following another in Indian file around the track.

At 9:45 Albert announced his intention of leaving the race. Twenty-one times he left the track during the afternoon and evening, cramping his leg. He will probably enter some of the sprint races. Albert's record at leaving was 117 miles and four laps.

The \$50 prize offered for the contestant finishing first at the conclusion of each day's race was won by Ashinger, who won in a sprint from Lamb, Martin and Lumsden.

Score, 1 a. m.:
NAME. MILES. LAPS.
Ashinger..... 135 1
Lumsden..... 134 1
Reading..... 133 1
Lamb..... 132 1
Martin..... 131 1
Stage..... 130 1
Schock..... 129 1

MITCHELL HAS HIS TURN.

Says Sullivan Wants Advertising and Makes a Few Side Remarks.

BUFFALO, March 8.—In a card given out here Charles Mitchell, the English pugilist, denied that he was seeking notoriety in challenging Sullivan. He has been before the American public for eleven years and doesn't require it. "All that Sullivan has to do is to put his name to the articles that the Olympic club forwards him. The pleasure it would give him to throw me ought to be satisfaction enough, according to his own accounts, outside of the financial benefits derived thereby. It seems incredible that a purse of \$25,000 is not enough to satisfy this man, who tries to gall the Americans by saying that I am such an easy mark for him. It is, he himself, who requires free advertising for, from all accounts, a rotten show."

"I want this to be final, for I require no newspaper talk. I have never disappointed the public; this is more than Sullivan can say. I here state that I will fight for the purse offered by the Olympic Athletic club, and will conform to their rules. I will put up \$2500 deposit that I will forfeit to the club if I do not appear on the night they fix for the contest. I will also bet \$2500 that I am proclaimed victor." He concludes by saying that he would concede to Sullivan his choice of language. He declares that Sullivan was afraid to meet him, and he hopes that this official challenge will bring him to terms.

THE BASEBALL FEVER.

New Haven Will Have a Club and Try to Get Into the Eastern League.

NEW HAVEN, March 8.—At a meeting of baseball enthusiasts last evening, Dan Shannon, who had been engaged with Walter Burnham in arousing interest in ball among patrons of the game here, was authorized to go to Rochester and attend the meeting of the Eastern league on Wednesday night. He will apply for the admission of New Haven to the league, and is prepared to pay the dues in case this city is admitted. Burnham will represent Providence. Enough money was subscribed last night to make baseball a success here.

FORFEIT MONEY POSTED.

Corbett Announces His Desire to Have a "Go" With Sullivan.

NEW YORK, March 8.—W. A. Brady, manager for James J. Corbett, has put up a forfeit of \$1000 in this city and issued a challenge to John L. Sullivan to fight for \$10,000 a side and the largest purse that a club will give.

Forger Fokit Owns Up.

PALMER, Mass., March 8.—Merrick R. Fokit, the West Warren forger, retracted his former plea of not guilty, acknowledged his crime and was held in \$1000 bonds for the grand jury. J. M. Carthy, charged with swindling, was held in \$1000 for the superior court.

Eight hundred and forty yards of cotton thread weighing one pound is numbered 1. If a pound contains twice that number of yards the number is 2, and so on down the scale.

NEW GOODS

Every Week

AT THE
Lowest Prices.

New Styles in

Spring & Summer
Outing Flannels

8 and 12 1-2 Cts.
PER YARD.

New Gingham,
Plaid and Stripe.

New Cheviots
For Shirts.

Also one lot of Remnants of

PLAID NAINSOOK

MISS C. S. HUBBARD'S,
158 Hancock Street.

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

E. T. YOUNG & CO.,
Electrical Engineers
AND CONTRACTORS.

Electric Light and Railway Supplies.

INCANDESCENT
LIGHT AND BELL WIRING.

Gas and Combination Electric Chandeliers.

Old Chandeliers Refinished.

Burglar Alarms, Speaking Tubes, Fire Alarm Supplies, Batteries and Bells of all kinds.

Office, No. 2 Washington Street,

QUINCY.

March 1. pl, 2mos

NOTICE!

TERRANCE KEENAN

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he is prepared to Clean Vanils and Cess pools at short notice. He is prepared to do Carting, Digging, Plowing, Mowing, etc. Hay and Manure bought and sold.

Residence, 63 South Street.

POST OFFICE BOX 316, QUINCY, MASS.

March 1. 3mos

AT SOUTHER'S

All kinds of Novels,
BOOKS, Oratorical,
Cass Books, Pocket Books,
Diaries, Quincy Directories,
Entry Books, Record Books,
Fiction, Story Books,
Geographies, Tip Top,
Histories, Unabridged,
Invoice Books, Very Interesting,
Juvenile Books, Wonderful,
Kabook (all out), Xactly,
Love Stories, You Will Like Them,
Magazines, Zealous to Please.

No. 1 GRANITE STREET.

FRANK C. PACKARD'S
Bever Dam Balsam
is the best known remedy for
COUGHS AND CROUP,
Also extensively used for La Grippe.
1000 Bottles Sold Last Month.
25 cts., 50 cts and \$1 Sizes. For Sale by
E. PACKARD & CO.
Feb. 5.

I SHOULD
Read the LEDGER Every Day.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

Will the Council Vote to
Purchase Water Works?
See Tomorrow's Ledger.

VOL. 3. NO. 60.

QUINCY, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

Hats! Hats! Hats!

ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.

Lamson & Hubbard's Own Hat,
The Harrington,
The Miller,
The Dunlap.

WE ARE SURE TO SUIT YOU.

SAVILLE & JONES,
ADAMS BUILDING.

WE ARE STILL SELLING

Sirloin Steak or Roast

For 20 Cents per Pound,

Cut from any part of the Sirloin, and Rump Steak the same price, any part.

Top of Round, 17 Cents lb.
First Cut of the Rib Roast, 14 Cents lb.
Good Roast Beef from 8c. to 12c. lb.

If you do not think we are, call in and see for yourself.

Quincy Eggs, 25 Cents per Dozen.
Good Eggs, 20 Cents per Dozen.
Corned Beef, 3 Cents per lb. and upwards.

These are the Lowest Prices, you ever bought goods of this quality for. Understand we do not sell you cheap goods because the price is low, but as good as you ever bought.

ROGERS BROTHERS,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

COAL and WOOD,

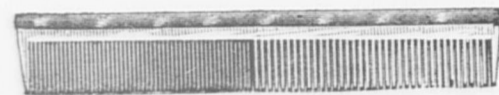
C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, Jan. 19.

IF YOU NEED ANY OF THESE GOODS

You will make no mistake by buying now.



Rubber, Horn and Celluloid Combs.

Fine Combs, - - 5 Cents.

Dressing Combs, - 10 Cents.



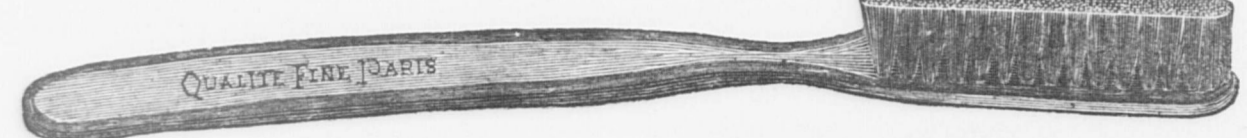
Flesh Brushes reduced to 47c.

Clothes Brushes reduced to 20c.

Nail Brushes reduced to 25c.



WHISK BROOMS 10 CENTS WHISK BROOMS



A Beautiful Tooth Brush and Package of Dentifrice Fully Worth 50 cents for 25 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES, \$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents, All Reduced to 47 Cents.

Durgin's Drug Store,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

DISEASED SAUSAGE

Poisons Many Persons in a Massachusetts Hamlet.

FIENDS IN HUMAN FORM

Force a Connecticut Woman to Become a Victim of Their Lust—Worcester Banker Arrested on a Criminal Charge. Ghastly Discovery Made by Waltham Boys—An Interesting Will Contest. Other New England Gleanings.

SMITHFIELD FALLS, Mass., March 11.—The little hamlet of Smithfield Falls, a cotton manufacturing village of about 200 souls, has developed during the past few weeks the largest number of cases of trichinosis ever known to exist in any one community in New England.

A large number of the employees of the mill were a short time ago taken seriously sick, the symptoms being purging, nausea, prostration, followed by pain and stiffness in the limbs, swelling of the face and high fever.

After a thorough investigation Dr. Drew reached the conclusion that his patients had trichinosis, and after consultation with Dr. Canedy both physicians agreed on that diagnosis. Investigation showed that all those who were sick had shortly before eaten quite freely of Bologna sausage obtained of a butcher in the neighboring village.

There were in all about thirty cases where the symptoms indicated trichinosis, almost wholly adults. Thus far there have been three deaths. The latest death is that of Mrs. Rainer, who died Wednesday. Most of the others who have been sick are on the mend.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

A Suit in Equity in Which Serious Charges of Fraud are Made.

DEBHAM, Mass., March 11.—A case in which sensational developments are expected will come before the next sitting of the superior civil court here. It is a suit in equity and is between Waldo C. Weatherbee, complainant, vs. Emily J. Weatherbee. All the parties are residents of Dedham.

It is said that Comfort Weatherbee died in 1875 leaving a life interest in land and buildings to his widow, Emily J. Weatherbee. In his will he provided that if the income was not sufficient to support her comfortably, she might sell parts of the property. The complainant is the son of Alfred T. Weatherbee, the son of the testator, who was to have the property on the death of the widow, but who died intestate in 1875.

The complainant charges that Mrs. Weatherbee has appropriated to her use a large sum of money belonging to the estate of the said Comfort Weatherbee, not for the purpose of providing for her comfortable support, but for the purpose of concealing the same from the complainant, and with the object of defrauding him of the benefit thereof, and further alleges that he is cognizant of facts leading him to believe that she has recently appropriated between \$1500 and \$2000, and invested the same in mortgages and loans in the state of Wisconsin, concealing the fact and at the same time pretending that she is without means, in order that she may exercise de facto the power of sale given in the will of her late husband.

A HORRIBLE DISCOVERY.

Dead Body of a Missing Man Found by Boys While at Play.

WALTHAM, Mass., March 11.—John Hostey, 19 years of age, and one or two companions were on the railroad side of the river, amusing themselves by throwing stones on the ice that skirted the shore, trying to break it. A stone thrown by the

Hostey boy struck the ice about twenty-five feet from the shore, breaking a good-sized hole. Immediately a human head

launched a boat's officers pushed it through the ice and were soon alongside the body. The remains proved to be those of John Morse of Waltham. He was 25 years old and had been missing since Jan. 6. Except that the body was badly bloated and showed a slight abrasion on the head, probably caused by the stone thrown by the boy, it was in good condition.

The young man, at the time of his disappearance, was suffering from mental aberration caused by a severe attack of the grip. His mother, sister and two brothers, as well as the officers, all think that he drowned himself.

A FIENDISH OUTRAGE.

Three Men Criminally Assault a Woman. One of Them Arrested.

NEW HAVEN, March 11.—Three men entered the house of Albert Denslow in Hamden, a suburb of New Haven, last night and bound and gagged Denslow and a man named Monk who boarded in the house. The men then caught Mrs. Emily Johnson, Denslow's sister, tied her hands behind her, and carried her into a bedroom adjoining. Here they ravished the woman repeatedly. The men were in the house two hours and all this time Denslow and Monk lay helpless on the floor in another room unable to render assistance. Mrs. Johnson's injuries are quite serious. She is 29 years old.

William H. Barnham, aged 35, unmarried, an ice man, was arrested at midnight. He was positively identified by Mrs. Johnson, Denslow and Monk, as one of the three men concerned in the assault. The police think they will have the other two today.

SAYS HE WAS SWINDLED.

Stephen Earle of Worcester Causes the Arrest of Banker Morse.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 11.—William B. Morse, president and treasurer of the Security association of this city, bankers and brokers, was arrested yesterday afternoon on the complaint of Stephen C. Earle, for obtaining money under false pretences. He was bailed by H. H. Bigelow, the bonds being placed at \$1500. The complaint alleges that Mr. Morse gave Mr. Earle a check for \$411.75, the difference in price between five shares of Worcester gaslight stock, given him by Mr. Morse to sell, and certain shares of the Worcester Consolidated street railway and the Worcester Electric Light company, which Mr. Morse was instructed to buy. The check was worthless, and the complainant claims that Morse had no such stock to sell.

One Failure Leads to Another.

FLORENCE, Mass., March 11.—The failure of the Florence Tack company is followed by the financial embarrassment of Arthur G. Hill. Mr. Hill has been heavily interested in several manufacturing concerns, which he was trying to develop, and has probably sunk \$175,000 in them within two years. His total liabilities are over \$100,000.

Story Promised to Come.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 11.—The counsel for the contestants and the executor of the will of Prince P. Mason both pronounce as untrue the story attributing Mr. Mason's death to poison administered by conspirators. They say the story was originated by a colored woman who hopes to establish her claims of relationship with the late Mr. Mason.

Beverly's Oldest Citizen.

BEVERLY, Mass., March 11.—William Endicott is today celebrating the 93d anniversary of his birth. He is the oldest man in this town. Mr. Endicott was born here March 11, 1799, and he is the nearest descendant of John Endicott, the first governor of Massachusetts.

Deadlock Broken.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., March 11.—The deadlock on the election of superintendent of streets was broken last night by the election by the board of alderman of Hiram Taylor, thus concurring with the common council. The appropriations amount to \$41,000.

Vermont Democrats.

MONTPELIER, Vt., March 11.—The Vermont Democratic state and congressional committees met last night, and it was decided to hold the state convention in this city on May 5. The congressional district convention will be held here on the same date.

Drill Probably Led to It.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 11.—Nellie Hunt tried to kill herself with morphine pills and chloroform last night, but the doctors will probably save her life. She had been drinking heavily.

In Brief.

A sawmill at East Burke, Vt., was burned. Judge George G. Parker of Milford, Mass., is dead.

Bangor (Me.) Republicans nominated Flavel O. Beale for mayor.

John W. Chase was nominated for mayor by Augusta (Me.) Republicans.

Taghonic lodge, I. O. O. F., was instituted at Great Barrington, Mass.

The Republicans of Brewer, Me., nominated Dr. H. F. Tefft for mayor.

Fire in the New England drug mills at East Boston caused a loss of \$200,000.

The Providence Democratic city convention nominated Richard Comstock for state senator.

W. Horace Banks, farmer, 60 years old, of Poor's Mills, Me., hanged himself. Despondency was the cause.

While James Harrington of Ellsworth, Me., was at work in the woods, a falling limb fractured his skull, causing his death.

On the Plymouth and Middleboro railroad at Plymouth, Mass., five loaded dumpcarts ran wild down a grade, smashing into five empty cars, which were badly damaged.

Rufus Gibbs, a leading business man, contractor and woolen manufacturer of Bridgton, Me., died yesterday, aged 91 years. He was a member of the Maine house in 1878.

David May Let It Pass Unnoticed.

BROOKLYN, March 11.—A Washington special to The Standard-Union says that Representative Harter's efforts to draw out Senator Hill's opinion on the silver question will not bear fruit. Beyond acknowledging the receipt of the letter the senator will give it no further attention.

Conversation Party.

A novel and interesting conversation party was held in the Congregational chapel Thursday evening under the auspices of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor. After a social hour it was ladies' choice for partners under the following subjects:

What does Christian Endeavor mean to you?

Favorite Author.

Astronomy.

Best way getting a cold.

Language of flowers.

World's fair.

Winter and summer.

Electricity.

Best way curing a cold.

Dreams.

At intermission there was a vocal solo by Miss Brackett, cornet solo by Miss Pierce and a mandolin solo by Mr. Bassett.

The order was then resumed with gentlemen's choice of partners.

The Methuen Bill.

The bill to incorporate the Methuen Water Company came back to the House from the Senate, Thursday, with the indorsement that the latter body refused to concur in its recommendation to the water committee with instructions to give public hearings. On motion of Mr. Parker of Methuen, it was voted by the House to recommit the bill, which order, without the instruction, does not require the concurrence of the senate.

MERCIER RESIGNS.

Himself and Minor Boodlers to Be Prosecuted by the Government.

QUEBEC, March 11.—Mr. Mercier has resigned his seat in the legislature and issued a circular to his friends, in which he says that calumny has got the better of the constitution and that he "will return to the labors of the field in order, if possible, to regain health, and to my lawyer's office for the maintenance of my family." The Conservative organs announce that it is the intention of the attorney general to at once take out warrants for the arrest of Mr. Mercier and all minor boodlers and to prosecute them to the full extent of the law. Many Liberals who voted against Mr. Mercier are not in favor of prosecuting him. His defeat and humiliation is, they claim, a sufficient punishment. This opinion is shared by many Conservatives, but those who are authorized to declare that the warrants will be issued within a few weeks after parliament meets.

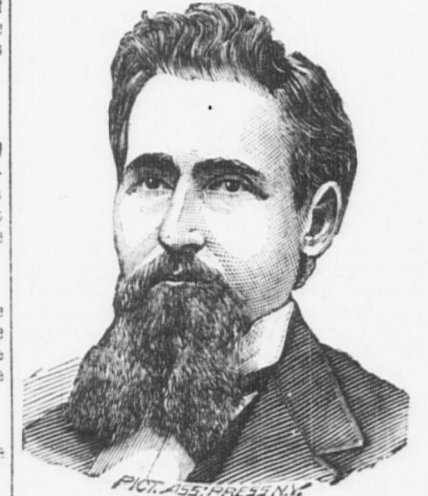
TURBULENT TIMES IN BRAZIL.

An Unpopular Governor Causes an Uprising with Disastrous Results.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Captain Thomas of the Red Cross line steamer Amazonense, reports an uprising of the cadets and soldiers of the governor of Ceara, Brazil, who was unpopular with the people. The governor was assisted by the police, who gathered about him in the palace. The cadets and soldiers, with three guns, kept up a bombardment of the palace until the police deserted the governor, seeing resistance was of no avail. The palace was destroyed and the governor was compelled to surrender. Many buildings and other property were destroyed, and several killed and wounded.

Oil Trust to Be Dissolved.

NEW YORK, March 11.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the Standard oil trust has been called for March 21 to vote upon a resolution passed by the directors to terminate the trust. It is supposed this step has been taken on account of the recent decision of the supreme court declaring the trust illegal.



JUDSON C. CLEMENTS.

The Georgia Ex-Congressman Named to Fill a Democratic Vacancy on the Interstate Commerce Committee.

Ex-Congressman Clements, of Georgia, has been selected by President Harrison to fill the Democratic vacancy in the Interstate Commerce Commission. Judson C. Clements resides at Rome, Ga., and was born in Walker County, in that State, February 12, 1846. He was educated in the schools of his native county, studied law at Cumberland University, Lebanon, Tenn., and was admitted to the bar at Lafayette, Ga., in 1869. Mr. Clements was elected to the State Legislature in 1874. In 1877 he was elected to the State Senate, and a year later was chosen member of Congress for the Seventh Georgia District, for which was successively elected for five terms.

Last fall he was not renominated, R. William Everett being elected in his stead.

The Legislative Committee on Taxation reported a bill Thursday that real estate valuations shall be published by cities and towns in 1893 and each five years thereafter.

A machine cuts shingles.

Western Union is cutting rates.

Grand Entertainment, SATURDAY EV'NG, March 12,

HANCOCK HALL, QUINCY,

—PRESENTING THE—

LYNN BANJO, MANDOLIN and GUITAR CLUB.

MR. SAMUEL LOCKE, Banjo and Mandolin,
MR. GEORGE E. BROWN, Banjo and Guitar,
MR. JAMES KEEFE, Banjo and Mandolin,
MR. GEORGE H. GREENE, Banjo and Mandolin,
MR. A. FRANK ADAMS, Banjo and Guitar.

MISS EVA BARTLETT MACEY.....Reader and Banjoist.

The Commonwealth Glee Singers.

MR. FRANK EMERSON, 1st Tenor.
MR. PHILIP GREELEY, 2d Tenor.
MR. WILLIAM H. HUNTER, Baritone.
MR. J. B. SCAMMAN, Bass.
MISS EVA MACEY and MR. PHILIP GREELEY.....Accompanists.

Admission Tickets, 25c. Reserved Seats, 35c.

DOORS OPEN AT 7.15 O'CLOCK. CONCERT AT 8 O'CLOCK.

COAL! COAL!

First Cargo of the Season.

Barge Shenandoah.

1500 Tons Fresh Mined Shamokin Egg.

J. F. SHEPPARD & SONS.

Subscribe for the Daily Ledger

One Year \$5.00.



WANTED, STONECUTTERS

To know that they can buy a build-

ing lot for TWO CENTS PER

FOOT at Sunny Side Park.

This is your Golden Opportunity.

Never again will house lots, in a

healthy and desirable location,

sell at so LOW A FIGURE, You

all know this to be a fact.

Already quite a number of our

citizens have taken advantage of

this sale and secured some of these

lots.

A. C. COFFIN,

21 South Street, Quincy.

Aug. 17, 1889.

I SHOULD
Read the LEDGER Every Day.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

A Little "Ad"
That's Wisely Planned
Will Increase Business Command.

VOL. 3. NO. 61.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 12, 1892

PRICE 2 CENTS.

Grand Entertainment,
SATURDAY EV'NG, March 12,
HANCOCK HALL, QUINCY,
— PRESENTING THE —
LYNN BANJO, MANDOLIN and GUITAR CLUB.

MR. SAMUEL LOCKE, Banjorine and Mandolin,
MR. GEORGE E. BROWN, Banjo and Guitar,
MR. JAMES KEEFE, Banjorine and Mandolin,
MR. FORGE H. GREENE, Banjo and Mandolin,
MR. A. FRANK ADAMS, Banjorine and Guitar.
MISS EVA BARTLETT MACEY, Reader and Banjoist.

The Commonwealth Clee Singers.

MR. FRANK EMERSON, 1st Tenor,
MR. PHILIP GREELEY, 2d Tenor,
MR. WILLIAM H. HUNTER, Baritone,
MR. J. B. SCAMMAN, Basso.
MISS EVA MACEY and MR. PHILIP GREELEY, Accompanists.

Admission Tickets, 25c. Reserved Seats, 35c.

DOORS OPEN AT 7.15 O'CLOCK. CONCERT AT 8 O'CLOCK.
March 9, 1st

Hats! Hats! Hats!

ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.

Lamson & Hubbard's Own Hat,
The Harrington,
The Miller,
The Dunlap.

WE ARE SURE TO SUIT YOU.

SAVILLE & JONES,
ADAMS BUILDING.

COAL and WOOD,
C. PATCH & SON.
[FRANK S. PATCH.]
Quincy, Jan. 10.

IF YOU NEED ANY OF THESE GOODS

You will make no mistake by buying now.



Rubber, Horn and Celluloid Combs.

Fine Combs, - - 5 Cents.

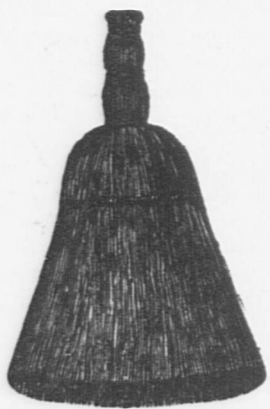
Dressing Combs, - 10 Cents.



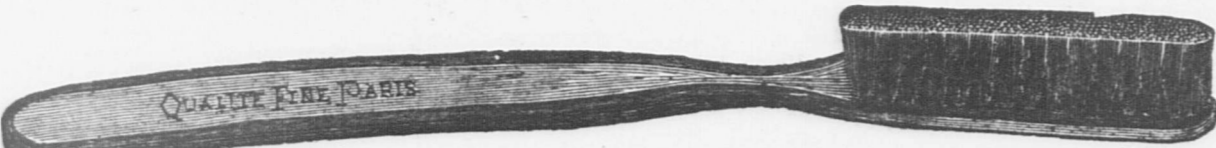
Flesh Brushes reduced to 47c.

Clothes Brushes reduced to 20c.

Nail Brushes reduced to 25c.



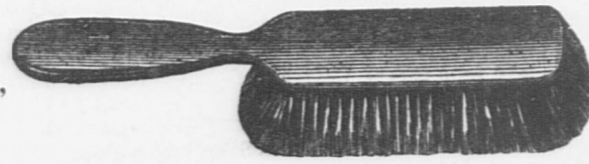
WHISK BROOMS 10 CENTS WHISK BROOMS



A Beautiful Toothbrush and Package of Dentrifice, Fully Worth 50 cents for 25 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES,
\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents.



HAIR BRUSHES,
\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents.

Durgin's Drug Store,
DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

The Endowment Hearing Ended—Free Pass Situation Unchanged.

Boston, March 12.—The hearing of the endowment matter has finally come to an end, and the committee has now to review the evidence and arguments pro and con in order to arrive at a verdict. It is not believed that either the Anderson bill or the Bennett bill will be favored by the committee, but it is considered probable that all but one or two members will agree upon a stringent measure, the principal provision of which may be a non-forfeiture clause that shall protect members of endowment companies who lapse after a specified period. It is not likely that the Iron Hall, or any other foreign order, will be immediately affected by the action of the committee. If a bill is reported it will be confined in its scope to Massachusetts organizations.

Governor Russell was not at the state house yesterday, therefore the situation relative to the anti-free pass bill is unchanged. The governor has until the close of next Monday's session to sign the bill. After that, if still retained, the bill becomes a law without executive approval. The cigar bill was put over, ostensibly for amendment, but it is more than likely that the opponents of the measure are endeavoring to delay the matter. It is now believed that the bill will speedily be put to rest.

The report that Lieutenant Governor Haile has decided to withdraw from the gubernatorial contest is not credited by Mr. Haile's friends at the state house. They say he will not decline before he is nominated, and that if this constitutes him a candidate, he is and will remain one. It is generally admitted, however, that in case Mr. Haile should withdraw, the nomination will most probably go to Attorney General Pillsbury.

The house met at 10 o'clock, and after a session of forty minutes adjourned without doing anything practically. The judiciary committee considered the order introduced by Representative Giles, relative to preventing the use of embalming fluid. A dozen or more undertakers were present in opposition to the order.

Hon. F. W. Sanborn appeared before the committee on administrative boards and commissions, asking for the abolition of certain commissions. He emphasized by examples of the unwisdom of putting great buildings in the charge of men who had no knowledge of the work they were supposed to undertake.

MITCHELL TO SULLIVAN.

He Talks Pretty Loud in Regard to the "Bluff" Issued by the Champion.

OTTAWA, March 12.—Charlie Mitchell, the English boxer, was interviewed here regarding the challenge of John L. Sullivan, and he said if Sullivan meant business a match would be arranged within twenty-four hours.

"I have had nothing to say in the matter at all since the first day he made the bluff, and I am willing to let him make the arrangements. He may name the purse, battle ground, date and referee," said Mitchell, "and I will accept his challenge. All he has to do is to sign articles of agreement and forward them to me for my signature, and you can rely on me for fixing my name to them."

Debate Promises to Be Long.
WASHINGTON, March 12.—Thus far the little blank-book, in which the names of members who signify to the speaker their intention to speak on any set topic are inscribed, shows a list of thirty-six members of the house who have remarks to make on the tariff question. There are a number of other members who intend to speak on the subject of the tariff who have not put their names down.

—The Selectmen of Hingham have organized with De Witt C. Bates as chairman and Walter W. Hersey, secretary.

ADVANCED A STAGE.

The Order to Purchase Works of Quincy Water Company

PASSED TO BE ENGROSSED.

Fourteen Councilmen Speak on the Question, Eight of Whom Were in Favor and Six Opposed—Fourteen of the Twenty-Two Present Favored Suspension of the Rules.

The City Council held an adjourned meeting last evening, and most of the two hours and a half were devoted to the water question. Fourteen Councilmen spoke on the subject, of whom Messrs. Bass, Holden, Moxon, Gray, Litchfield, Little, Fallon and Holt favored the purchase of the works of the Quincy Water Company and the submission of an order to that effect to the people. The following opposed: Messrs. Federhen, Federhen, Jr., Bryant, Powers, Dunfield and Warner. After the passage of the order to be engrossed it required a two-thirds vote of those present (22) to suspend the rules. President Thompson did not vote; 14 were in favor and 7 opposed, and suspension did not prevail. At the meeting Monday next only a majority will be required to send the order to the Mayor.

The Proceedings.

Twenty-one members were present at the roll call, but Councilman Sherman was the only absentee from the meeting.

A communication was received from the Mayor accompanied by the estimates of the various departments as submitted to him. Placed on file.

Under unfinished business, the motion of Councilman Federhen requesting the Mayor to submit the department estimates, came up, with an amendment pending to lay on the table.

Councilman Federhen requested Councilman Bryant to withdraw said amendment giving notice that he would then withdraw his motion.

Both amendment and order were withdrawn.

Minor Petitions.

Applications of Nathan C. Buck for license to collect junk, and of Frank A. Johnson for State Aid, were referred to the appropriate committees.

The Water Question.

The order authorizing the Mayor to purchase the works of the Quincy Water Company, the same to be submitted to the people, came up for its second reading. The Committee on Finance reported that the order ought to pass.

Amendments, offered by Councilman Moxon, designating the polling places, changing the date of the election to April 6, and the last late for public meetings to April 5, were adopted.

The order took its second reading and the question came on passing it to be engrossed.

Councilman Federhen spoke at length in opposition. It was the last time the Council would have an opportunity to vote on the purchase. The order now before the Council was no a question of submitting the Act of 1882 to the people, but of the purchase of the works. He had heard of some Councilmen who were going to vote for the order, who would oppose the purchase at the polls. This was entirely wrong, as it would have a wrong influence on their constituents, who would vote to purchase thinking the Councilmen had investigated the subject. I am opposed to the purchase and shall so vote.

Councilman Federhen's Reasons.

First, because I would have to vote blindly on the price that must be paid. Second, the contractor having taken his pay in stock, he works had cost more than they otherwise would. He owned over one-half the stock, and his executive now does. Starting with a capital of \$125,000, the assets were now figured at nearly \$600,000. Third, the stock had been watered.

Fourth, the pipes were too small, too slight, and were eight years old. They were not what the city would have put in. The large mains were few, and many mains were but four inches which must be replaced with larger ones.

Fifth, the value set by the company was much too large for the property represented. It had been inflated. He compared the figures with the estimated cost of the system recommended last year.

If the stockholders were the friends of the city that some claim they are, they would meet the advances of the authorized committee of the Council. He was in favor of annually petitioning the Legislature until the rights desired were obtained, and fighting the Water Company to the bitter end.

Councilman Bass

Hoped every member of the Council would be heard on this question. Last year he had favored a new supply, but because of the fate of the petition he had changed his mind, and was in favor of submitting the purchase of the present works to the people. If the people refused to purchase them the opportunity was offered to amend the Act of 1891 is desired. Score—1 in favor; 1 opposed.

Councilman Federhen, Jr.,

Said there were but two issues and these

affected the finances: Is it to the city's advantage that it should own its water works? Second, shall it purchase the works of the Quincy Water Company? Having answered the former in the affirmative some think the latter must follow. This he believed a fallacy. The city should own its works to obtain better service, lower rates and better fire protection. Shall we purchase? Will the works be worth what the city will have to pay? The commission will first find the net income, upon which the valuation would be based. This would be from \$400,000 to \$600,000. The pipes and water were poor, and the construction being paid for in stock was not of the best quality. The city had never promised to reimburse the stockholders. The Council would violate a duty if it voted to submit and did not believe in purchase.

Score—1 in favor; 2 opposed.

Councilman Bryant

Said Quincy had made a grievous error in allowing the company to get a franchise. Thought the cost of construction would not enter into the value, and had an opinion from an engineer to that effect. It was the earnings which would be considered. The State House returns did not give away any secrets. He desired to go on record in the prediction that the purchase of the works would cost nearer \$750,000 than \$600,000. He was still in favor of the city obtaining from the Legislature such rights as it desired, and was not disheartened at the failure last year. If the order passed the Council, he hoped the people would vote the purchase down. Hoped order would not pass.

Score—1 in favor; 3 opposed.

Councilman Holden

Asked the gentleman if the city would obtain the cost of the present works any easier if it had an independent grant.

Score—2 in favor; 3 opposed.

Councilman Bryant thought it would, as it could then tell the company to show up what they cost or the city would not buy.

Councilman Bass inquired how the Councilmen could face their constituents tomorrow if they refused to allow them to vote on the purchase.

Councilman Moxon

Thought there was no question but the city should own its water works. The question was how to get possession. No objection was made in 1883 to granting the charter. The people can feel easy in committing the valuation to a commission appointed by the Supreme court. At its hearings would be the time for the people to appear and show up the pipes and works. Believed the commission would consider faulty works in determining the value. The only way now was to submit the purchase to the people. It was useless to again go to the Legislature to obtain a new Act. The Council's vote does not take effect until the people so vote. He quoted from a letter of Josiah Quincy believing the only course to be pursued was to submit the purchase to the people.

Councilman Federhen asked if the gentleman knew that the Legislative Committee first reported in 1891 a bill favorable to the city.

Councilman Moxon did not have that in mind, but had heard so.

Score—3 in favor; 3 opposed.

Councilman Gray

Had favored that the people should vote first. He would now vote to purchase and favored submitting to the people. The company had been much more prosperous than people had anticipated. Was not in favor of the city getting a charter to be used against the company. Did not think a two-thirds vote of the people to purchase could be obtained. Were he sure he would on the score of economy oppose submitting. But he would give the people the benefit of the doubt.

Score—4 in favor; 3 opposed.

Councilman Powers

Knew his constituents were opposed to voting on the purchase. The city was handicapped before the Legislature, as City Solicitor Hayes would not appear. He thought company was not willing to act fair with the city. Had reason to believe a majority of the people would not vote to buy. He also found the company anxious to sell, although they did not say so openly.

Score—4 in favor; 4 opposed.

Councilman Litchfield

Hoped orders would receive favorable consideration of the Council. It would not be honorable for the city to put in separate works. There were not two questions; if the city desires to own its works it should buy out the company. There was a demand for the submission of the purchase to the people, and there was but one way. Past action of the Council had not inspired confidence of the company. Score—5 in favor; 4 opposed.

Councilman Federhen, Jr., asked if the gentleman knew that a committee of the Council had been appointed to see the company.

Councilman Litchfield did not have that in mind.

Councilman Holden

Said he had been a charter member of the Quincy Water Company, but never owned any stock. Believed city would fair all right at hands of a commission, and hoped order would pass.

Councilman Federhen said town and city had approached, the company but had never been fairly met. The company would not name a price until city voted to purchase, and then the city must purchase.

(Continued on Third Page.)

C. E. OSCOOD and CO.
RETAIL MANUFACTURERS.

OUR NEW YEAR'S SENSATION!

SIX MONTHS' CREDIT ALLOWED

Without Interest or Additional Charges.

FURNITURE AND CARPET

BUYERS

OF NEW ENGLAND

THIS INTERESTS

YOU.

Our phenomenal success of the past three years in selling Household Goods for spot cash at the smallest possible margin of profit now leads us to make an offer

Unparalleled in the History of the Furniture Trade.

This announcement is intended especially for the thousands of buyers who desire a LIMITED CREDIT ONLY, and whom we believe should be entitled to the same privileges as cash purchasers.

From this date we will allow customers to open an account with us, and pay as they see fit, provided their indebtedness is settled in six months from date of purchase.

We desire it to be distinctly understood that we are not an installment house, and have no intention of being known as such, but have simply changed our views as to the meaning of the term "cash."

That we shall open short accounts only.

That the system of small profit prices established by us during the past three years will still be maintained.

That we shall carry the best assortment of medium priced Furniture east of New York.

That being permanently established in this business, we cannot afford to deceive the public.

Our Exclusive Features.

Six months' credit allowed. No Interest.

No extra per cent. added.

Free delivery through New England and New York State,

— AND —

Lowest Cash Prices Guaranteed.

Thus making us in fact, as well as name, the

THE MOST LIBERAL, COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT IN THE WORLD.

We must increase our sales at least \$500,000 this year to avoid losing money.

Will You Help Us?

And at the same time save from

25 Per Cent. to 50 Per Cent. from Regular Installment House Prices.

"All Credit Accounts insured against loss to Customers free of charge in case of death or accident."

Yours for Lower Prices,

C. E. OSCOOD and CO.
RETAIL MANUFACTURERS,
OLD CONTINENTAL BUILDING,

744-756 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

March 5 Sat—L

March 5 P4w 1st p

I SHOULD
Read the LEDGER Every Day.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

A Little "Ad"
That's Wisely Planned
Will Increase Business Command.

VOL. 3. NO. 62.

QUINCY, MASS., MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1892

PRICE 2 CENTS.

Paul Revere Post 88, G. A. R.

Will furnish in their Course of Entertainments
An Evening's Enjoyment and Two Hours of Solid Fun.
HANCOCK HALL, - - QUINCY,
Saturday Evening, March 19, 1892.

The Boston Stars, EVERY ONE AN ARTIST, WILL PRESENT UNCLE'S WILL, A COMEDIETTA IN ONE ACT. CHARACTERS:

CHAS. CASHMORE.....MR. GEO. E. MACK
MR. BARKER.....MR. WM. F. MACY
FLORENCE MARIGOLD.....MISS CHRISTINE SEITZ

MISS ANNE COFFIN IN SELECT READINGS.
MISS KATHIE RUSSELL, Boston's Favorite Contralto,
MR. GEORGE E. MACK, Humorist and Impersonator.

A HAPPY PAIR. A Comediotta in One Act by S. Thayer Smith.
CHARACTERS:

MR. HONEYTON.....MR. MACY
MRS. HONEYTON.....MISS COFFIN

Admission Tickets, 25c. Reserved Seats, 35c
DOORS OPEN AT 7.15 O'CLOCK. COMMENCE AT 7.45 O'CLOCK.
March 9. Look out for Programme for Next Week. 18t

Hats! Hats! Hats!

ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.

Lamson & Hubbard's Own Hat,

The Harrington,

The Miller,

The Dunlap.

WE ARE SURE TO SUIT YOU.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING.

COAL and WOOD,

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]
Quincy, Jan. 19.

IF YOU NEED ANY OF THESE GOODS

You will make no mistake by buying now.

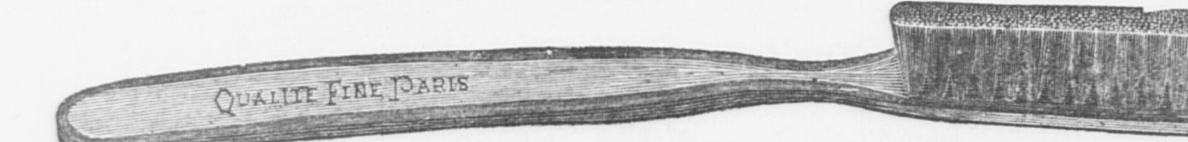


Rubber, Horn and Celluloid Combs.

Fine Combs, - - 5 Cents.

Dressing Combs, - 10 Cents.

WHISK BROOMS 10 CENTS WHISK BROOMS



A Beautiful Tooth Brush and Package of Dentifrice Fully Worth 50 Cents for 25 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES, \$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents.

All Reduced to 47 Cents.

Durging's Drug Store,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

WON BY ASHINGER.

Lamb Comes in Second and Martin Third in the Bicycle Contest.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The score at the finish in the bicycle race Saturday night was:

| NAME. | MILES. | LAPS. |
|---------------|--------|-------|
| Ashinger..... | 1022 | 7 |
| Lamb..... | 1022 | 7 |
| Martin..... | 1022 | 7 |
| Reading..... | 1022 | 7 |
| Lumsden..... | 954 | 6 |
| Schock..... | 840 | 5 |
| Stage..... | 600 | 4 |

The finish was exciting. The spurring commenced at 10.30, and time and again Martin and Reading essayed to lead, but Ashinger and Lamb would not let them. Ashinger finished two feet ahead of Lamb, amid great excitement; Lamb was six feet ahead of Martin and the rest were some distance behind.

Thus the first prize of \$1000 will go to Ashinger; second, \$500, to Lamb; third, \$250, to Martin; fourth, \$250, to Reading; fifth, \$150, to Lumsden; sixth, \$125, to Schock, and seventh, \$100, to Stage.

INGALLS' "INGRATITUDE"

Promises to Make Considerable Trouble Among Kansas Republicans.

KANSAS CITY, March 14.—J. Ware Butterfield of Topeka has made public the following letter from ex-Senator Ingalls:

ATCHISON, Kan., March 11.
MY DEAR BUTTERFIELD.—In reply to your note of this date I would say that if there is any report that I wrote to the secretary of the Republican league last fall, offering to make ten speeches in the campaign and that my letter was suppressed, the statement is incorrect. Your friend, JOHN J. INGALLS.

Since the speech made by Senator Ingalls before the Republican league all sorts of charges and statements have been made. Mr. Ingalls will unquestionably give the men who are at present in charge of the machinery of the party a great deal of trouble. Among the old crowd of politicians Ingalls has but few, if any, friends. The belief that the ex-senator should be made to feel a Republican rebuke for what they are pleased to term his ingratitude to the party.

THE GRAVES-BARNABY CASE.

Lawyer Stevens Denies a Report Which Had Gained Circulation.

DENVER, March 14.—Ex-District Attorney Stevens denies the truth of the story that he quarreled with John H. Conrad, the prosecuting witness against Dr. Graves, and had withdrawn from the case. He says he has had no connection with the case since the verdict was rendered, and would have none even had he retained the office of district attorney. With the appeal to the supreme court the matter passed into the hands of the attorney general of the state. His prosecution of Dr. Graves was in his official capacity and not as counsel for Conrad.

The Belgian Mine Disaster.

BRUSSELS, March 14.—According to a report on the Anderlues mine disaster on Friday sixty-three persons were killed, twenty injured and 130 were rescued. Twenty thousand persons yesterday attended the funerals of thirty-one of the victims.

Shaking Up Tammanyites.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Rev. Dr. Parkhurst visited what he terms "Tammany maintained hell" in New York, and yesterday gave the results from his pulpit. He says he has evidence ready for the district attorney.

Choctaws' First.

SOUTH McALESTER, I. T., March 14.—The first Republican convention of the Choctaw nation was held here. A territorial convention will meet here May 23 to select delegates to the Minneapolis convention.

An Old Man's Sad End.

PORTLAND, Me., March 14.—William H. Cox of East Deering committed suicide. He used a shotgun and blew the top of his head off. He was 82, and had been despondent for some time.

ARE LARGE ENOUGH.

That's What John Cavanagh Says About the Pipes of

THE QUINCY WATER COMPANY.

An Interesting Debate on the Purchase of the Works, Under the Auspices of the Irish National League—Many Participants in Discussion.

That the debate on the water question by the members of the Irish National League is awakening much interest, was attested by the crowd that assembled at the hall of the above-named society on Sunday evening.

Mr. John Cavanagh opened by giving a description of the difference between stocks and bonds, and bondholders and stockholders. Continuing he said: They tell you that the pipes are not large enough, but I tell you they are larger than the pipes in Braintree. They tell you that in ten years from now the present pipes will not suffice, but I tell you that in ten years your pipes will be plenty large enough. They are made of the best cast iron, and no pipe smaller than six inches are used on your streets, and no two-inch pipe except on some small back alley. You say the pipes are bad, but they have been laid eight years and are they any worse? I believe not, and I think they are fully as good, for not a single pipe has burst since they were put in. You say they are not strong enough, but they have stood the test for the past eight years, and they are ready to stand it again.

Has the city of Quincy ever been authorized to make a trade with the company? You say that they will not name a price, but why should they? Gentlemen, the town of Braintree ought to give you warning. The citizens of Braintree got their charter; the water company had recourse to the supreme court, and it beat the town. It cost Braintree over \$200,000, and besides they had to pay the company for its franchise. You have got your hand in their mouth, and you will have to get it out the best way you can. You have got to get a two-thirds vote to buy them out, cannot they do enough to keep you from getting a two-thirds vote? I believe they can. Remember one thing—the three commissioners who may be appointed to appraise the works have not full power, for the judges of the supreme court will have to ratify the purchase.

Mr. George Cahill

said: The reasons the last gentleman gave are that the company has charged more for its plant than it is worth, and that the company has cheated the city by watering its stock. He asks you to pay these men \$250,000 that they have cheated you out of. If they demand \$650,000 for what cost them \$400,000 what kind of men are they?

The citizens should not let themselves be cheated by anybody. They know what the plant is worth, and if the company was composed of honest men it would let the people know how much it is willing to sell for. He says that the Water Company was never approached authoritatively, but he is laboring under a mistake. The town appointed a committee, but the company answered that it would not sell unless they named their price. Two years ago the City Council appointed a committee, and Dr. Gordon sent a long letter to the effect that the Water Company did not want to fix a price, until the city made up its mind to buy the works.

At the last meeting it was said that the Board of Health favored the water, but I have taken the trouble to copy the opinions of the Board of Health two years ago, in which I find the following: "Samples of water have been received from the brook entering the storage reservoir, and from the reservoir near the gate house from November, 1888, until the present time. The water entering the reservoir during a large portion of the year is very darkly colored, and contains a large amount of organic matter in solution; also some in suspension in the form of innumerable organisms." Has not this water been used by the city?

We are told that the water is improved, but here is another report from the State Board of Health, dated March, 1891:—"The water furnished from the storage reservoir of the Quincy Water Company, which is now the main source of supply, is derived from a territory having a very small population, but its quality is not satisfactory on account of the large amount of organic matter which it oftentimes contains, and the bad taste and odor which it has at times. Moreover it is liable to pollution from the piggeries and barns around the water's edge."

Mr. Cavanagh has spoken of the excellent quality of the pipes, but there are others who say that the pipes are not fit in capacity or strength. The gentlemen say that there is plenty of water, but the Water Company says that there is not enough of water to supply the city. It is folly for anyone to say that the city of Quincy is bound by that clause in the charter. If the company did not want to sell, why

(Continued on Third Page.)

SULLIVAN MEANS BUSINESS.

He Makes Another Statement for the Benefit of Corbett and Mitchell.

CHICAGO, March 14.—John L. Sullivan has issued another ultimatum. After his next fight for the championship he will retire from the roped arena in which he has enjoyed an unbroken reign of ten years and devote all of his time to the stage, with which he appears to be infatuated.

"I mean business," said Sullivan yesterday afternoon, "and my ultimatum, first come first served, will be strictly lived up to. Corbett has posted \$1000 of the \$2500, and I will give him till next Wednesday to post the remaining \$1500. My \$2500 is already up. If Mitchell really wants to fight, as he loudly proclaims, he has a chance to get in ahead of Corbett, whose forfeit is only partly up. Let him post his \$2500, as the conditions imposed by me require, at once, and I will be bound to give him the preference. I am willing to fight before the Olympic club, but I am Sullivan"—and here the champion smote his brawny chest with his hand—"the champion of the world, and I will not allow any set of horsehoers to draw up my articles for me. As champion I have the power to dictate my terms and no man or set of men can alter my purpose. Of course if the Olympic club's articles suit me I will sign and stand by them, but no one outside of Johnson, who is my backer and knows exactly what I want, and myself, has any power to say I shall do this or that. And that reminds me that the story printed in the papers to the effect that President Noel had forwarded articles for my approval are not true. At least I have not received them nor have I been officially notified that they have been forwarded."

WAS ABE LINCOLN'S DOUBLE.

Death of George Knox, Who Had Quite an Interesting History.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—George W. Knox, a prominent citizen of Washington, well-known as the founder of one of the largest private express companies in the United States, died here yesterday in his 62d year. He was the conductor of the train between Philadelphia and Washington on which President Lincoln made the hazardous trip to the capital before taking the oath of office in 1861. He was the only employee on the train who knew the identity of the distinguished passenger. He strongly resembled President Lincoln and was selected as the model for a statue of Mr. Lincoln which now stands in the United States Capitol.

Prairie Fires.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 14.—A terrible prairie fire has been raging for several days in the eastern part of Payne county, doing many thousands of dollars damage. John Query was fatally burned while attempting to save his home.

A Close Call.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The Janet, a seven-story apartment house at Columbus avenue and Seventy-second street, was partially destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. Fifty people narrowly escaped death. Many who roomed on the top floor were overcome by smoke and nearly perished. The loss is about \$15,000; fully insured.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, MARCH 14.
SUN RISES..... 5:57 (MOON RISES... 7:03 PM)
SUN SETS..... 5:50 (MOON SETS... 12:16 AM)
LENGTH OF DAY... 11:53 (FULL SEA)... 12:14 PM
WASHINGTON, March 14.—Forecast for New England: Colder; fair; northwest winds.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Emperor William is better.
Bishop Bedell of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Ohio is dead.

A dock, barges and 40,000 bales of hay in Jersey City were burned.

It has been decided to erect a condensed milk factory in Monmouth, Me.

Ashinger won the New York bicycle race, Lamb second, Martin third.

Manager Powers has signed Reddy Clark to play second base in the New York club.

Michigan delegates are unanimous for Harrison should Alger be out of the race.

The Austro-Hungary government will need \$40,000,000 in gold to resume specie payments.

William Mason, a well-known Taunton (Mass.) manufacturer and horseman, died at Boston.

Tests are to be made of cellulose relative to its adaptability as an armor packing material.

A violent snowstorm raged yesterday in Germany. Many railroad trains were delayed by snow.

The senate committee is to report favorably on all nominations for judges of new courts of appeal.

Vanderbilt's yacht Alva was victorious in a race with Baron Rothschild's Eros at the Nice regatta.

A dispatch from Tunis says that a British snail caught off Tunis and five persons were drowned.

The house committee on territories will report favorably on the bills to admit New Mexico and Arizona as states.

Whiskey trust officials were arraigned in the United States court at Boston and admitted to bail in \$10,000 each.

William Powell was arrested at Salem, Mass., charged with assault upon Christopher Campbell with intent to kill.

Allerton's owner has proposed to hang up a \$10,000 purse at Independence, Ia., for a race between his horse and Astell.

H. P. Dwight has been appointed to succeed Eugene Wiman as president of the Great Northwestern Telegraph company.

The report that several district organizations of the New York Democracy contemplate joining the mugwumps is untrue.

Rev. K. Arbutnot, pastor of the Methodist church at South Yarmouth, Mass., has accepted a call to a church at Wiston, Vt.

Daniel Griffin, until recently a driver for the American Express company at Manchester, N. H., is under arrest charged with embezzling money packages from the company.

Since the lowering of the prices in the iron market, the large consignments of southern pig iron by rail for points in the Lebanon and Schuylkill valleys has been a subject of remark.



WANTED, STONECUTTERS

To know that they can buy a building lot for TWO CENTS PER FOOT at Sunny Side Park.

This is your Golden Opportunity.

Never again will house lots, in a

healthy and desirable location,

sell at so LOW A FIGURE, You

all know this to be a fact.

Already quite a number of our

citizens have taken advantage of

this sale and secured some of these

lots.

A. G. COFFIN,

21 South Street, Quincy.

They're Not "In It" With Us.

LEADER
ALLEN'S
SARSAPARILLA
128 DOSES
50 CENTS

100 DOSES
\$1.00

ALLEN'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

Simply BEYOND all competitors, both in quality and price. It is the only preparation of the kind composed entirely of roots and herbs, and contains nothing injurious to the most delicate system. It is guaranteed to cure NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS, ERECTIONS, SICK HEADACHES, CONSTIPATION, and all diseases of the STOMACH and BLOOD. Sold by all Druggists. 128 DOSES, 50 CENTS.

ALLEN'S SARSAPARILLA CO., - WOODFORDS, ME.
Branch Office, 125 Broad St., Boston.

WE ARE STILL SELLING

Sirloin Steak or Roast

For 20 Cents per Pound,

Cut from any part of the Sirloin, and Rump Steak the same price, any part.

Top of Round, 17 Cents lb.

First Cut of the Rib Roast, 14 Cents lb.

Good Roast Beef from 8c. to 12c. lb.

If you do not think we are, call in and see for yourself.

Quincy Eggs, 25 Cents per Dozen.

Good Eggs, 20 Cents per Dozen.

Corned Beef, 3 Cents per lb. and upwards.

These are the Lowest Prices, you ever bought goods of this quality for. Understand we do not sell you cheap goods because the price is low, but as good as you ever bought.

ROGERS BROTHERS,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

aking
wder
URE

er to Subscribe.
ur to have at all times
of LEDGERS on the
veral news stores, the
exceeds our expecta-
ys are unable to sup-
as has been the case
a. We would suggest
avoid a recurrence of
ents, is to leave your
the dealer for a year's

NG
Roast
d,
ame price, any part,
Cents lb.
Cents lb.
to 12c. lb.
yours if.
per Dozen.
per Dozen.
upwards.

s of this quality for.
rice is low, but as

ERS,
QUINCY.

Hats!
ES.

n Hat,

Dunlap.
YOU.

NES,

ARANTEED.
your own risk.
EB?
28 Doses, 50c.
t your own risk?
other. The secret
es of disease, and
rated extract of
ock, Mandrake,
ifords, Me.

OOD,
N.

I SHOULD
Read the LEDGER Every Day.

VOL. 3. NO. 64.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

A Little "Ad"
That's Wisely Planned
Will Increase Business Command.

QUINCY, MASS., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

SLAUGHTER!

Owing to the heavy trade in RUBBER GOODS for the last two months, we have now on hand a large stock of Leather Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

which we will dispose of, for the next thirty days, at unheard of prices. Call and examine goods before purchasing elsewhere.

BOSTON BRANCH SHOE STORE,

ROBERTSON BLOCK, QUINCY.

A. P. WENTWORTH, Manager.

March 15

6t

Hats! Hats! Hats!

ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.

Lamson & Hubbard's Own Hat,

The Harrington,

The Miller,

The Dunlap.

WE ARE SURE TO SUIT YOU.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING.

COAL and WOOD,

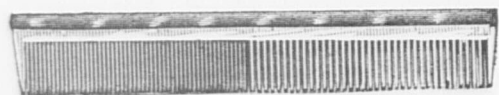
C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, Jan. 19.

IF YOU NEED ANY OF THESE GOODS

You will make no mistake by buying now.



Rubber, Horn and Celluloid Combs.

Fine Combs, - - 5 Cents.

Dressing Combs, - 10 Cents.



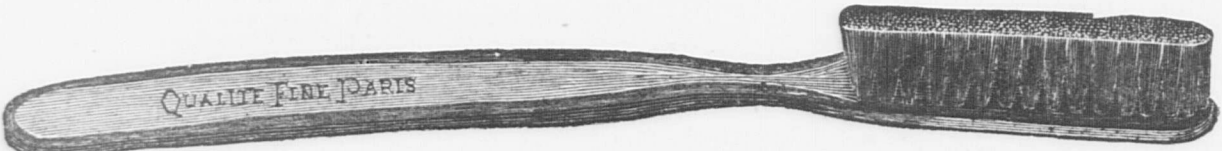
Flesh Brushes reduced to 47c.

Clothes Brushes reduced to 20c.

Nail Brushes reduced to 25c.



WHISK BROOMS 10 CENTS WHISK BROOMS



A Beautiful Tooth Brush and Package of Dentifrice Fully Worth for 25 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES, HAIR BRUSHES,

\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents, \$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents, All Reduced to 47 Cents.

Durging's Drug Store,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL

And the Important Part It Will Play in American Commerce.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 16.—The third annual banquet of the Springfield board of trade last night was the most successful ever held. The guests of the evening were Colonel J. A. Price, president of the national board of trade and ex-Senator Warner Miller. Warner Miller spoke on the Nicaragua canal project. He sketched the history of the project and the progress already made. He denied that the country was unhealthy, giving statistics to show that the death rate among workmen there was small. He then dwelt on the importance of the project, especially as a means for transporting war material from the Pacific coast, which now goes around Cape Horn. It is not likely that the great territory upon the Pacific coast will ever be thoroughly developed or densely populated unless it can be brought in closer connections with the other portions of the earth. We must seek a market in Central and South America and the Orient. By the Nicaragua canal the Atlantic slope will be nearer them than Europe, and the cost of transportation will be sufficiently reduced to enable us to compete for their trade.

FOR THE STARVING POOR.

Steamship Heavily Laden with Provisions Leaves New York for Russia.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The American steamship Missouri sailed from this port yesterday for Libau, Russia, with over 5,000,000 pounds of flour and corn in her hold, contributed by millers in the west for the starving peasants of Russia. W. C. Edgar of the Northwestern Miller was a passenger on the steamer and will superintend the distribution of the food. There were a number of prominent local business men and also a number of out-of-town merchants assembled on the pier to see the steamer off. A few minutes before 1 o'clock she cast off her lines and backed out into the stream while a cheer went up from the spectators on shore. The tug and other craft joined in the whistling and all the way down the river and bay she was kept busy responding to salutes.

RECEIVED \$50,000 UNLAWFULLY.

Criminal Charges Against Supreme Officers of the Fraternal Circle.

BOSTON, March 16.—Henry Galletty, 51 years old, of Somerville; Stillman H. Libbey, 65 years, of Somerville; Frank Thomas, 31 years, of Melrose; and Andrew S. Arnold, 63 years, of Somerville, supreme officers of the Fraternal Circle, were arrested yesterday, charged with illegally receiving \$50,000 from the Order of the Rising Sun. The Fraternal Circle has for some time past been absorbing many small endowment orders.

Typhus in Connecticut.

NORWICH, Conn., March 16.—A mild case of typhus fever has broken out in a German family in this city. The board of health met yesterday and Dr. Goodrich and Smith were appointed a committee to quarantine the house and take necessary measures to prevent the spread of the disease.

Victims of Yellow Jack.

GENOA, March 16.—The Italian steamer Colombo, from Brazil ports, has arrived here and been ordered into quarantine. She has had forty-four cases of yellow fever aboard of her and fifteen of those who were attacked, died.

Banker Morse in Court.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 16.—William H. Morse, the broker and banker, was held in \$1500 for his appearance before the grand jury on the charge of obtaining money from Stephen C. Earle under false pretence.

With Us in Spirit.

PARIS, Oct., March 16.—At a large public meeting held here last night, to discuss the political situation, a resolution in favor of political union with the United States was carried by a large majority.

INDUSTRIAL IDEA.

Committee Recommend Modelling Woodward School on That Plan.

MANY SUGGESTIONS RECEIVED.

The Letter in Full That Was Sent Out—The Other Board Impatient to Get to Work on the Building—Ten Ministers Present.

The meeting Tuesday of the ministers of the city who comprise the Board of Instruction of the Woodward School for Girls was the largest in point of attendance of any yet held. There were present Revs. Wilson, Cotton, Gurney, Philbrook, Robinson, Yeoman, Paulson, Humphrey, Ramsay and Benedict.

"Perpetual Chairman" Wilson was in the chair and Rev. Mr. Gurney was secretary pro tem until the arrival of Rev. Mr. Benedict.

Letters From the Managers.

A letter under date of Mar. 9, was received from C. A. Spear, secretary of the Managers of the Woodward Fund, notifying the board that the managers were prepared to commence building operations this season, and as soon as proper plans, etc., could be prepared, and requesting such information as will enable them to build a schoolhouse suitable for the needs of the school as required in the will of the late Dr. Woodward. It is desirable to get this information as soon as possible.

Another letter under date of March 12, relative to a proposition to the Mayor for a representative of the Board of Instruction to New York, Secretary Spear had been instructed to write that the Mayor did not think it necessary at this time. The main points to be decided upon are the size of the building, the number of rooms, the size of the rooms and their adaptability to the use they are to be put to. If these points with perhaps some others could be submitted to the architects to develop, we might have a chance to pass upon them afterwards.

The Secretary was authorized to acknowledge the receipt of the above, and to say that business was being captioned.

Sub Committee Reports.

Rev. H. E. Cotton, for a majority of the sub committee appointed at the first meeting to consider the whole subject of building, school, studies, etc., made a partial report which was quite lengthy. It was signed by Rev. Preston Gurney, Rev. H. A. Philbrook and Rev. H. E. Cotton. Rev. D. M. Wilson dissents and Rev. Edward Norton is in the South. The committee had outlined the work in the following letter, which had been sent to ten or twelve prominent educators, together with the will, with a request that they offer suggestions:

The Letter Sent.

Dear Sir: Some years ago Dr. E. Woodward left certain property to the town of Quincy, for the purpose of establishing a school for girls. At a meeting of the Managers of the City of Quincy, who by a provision of the will are to be the managers of this educational institute, a committee was appointed to formulate some plan for the general consideration. This committee realizing the importance and responsibility of establishing such a school on wise progressive lines, have desired me to write and solicit your opinion, as one, who has had wider experience with educational needs and methods and is in closer touch with such a subject than they.

In order that you may do so more intelligently, we enclose you the clauses of the will, and other information germane to the subject, viz:

The School must be established and in operation in 1894. At that time the fund at our disposal will amount to about \$310,000.00.

Quincy contains children of all classes with a present preponderance of working people. In 1894 there will be about 800 native born girls between the ages of 10 and 20, who would have a right to the advantages of the Woodward School. Probably not more than 500 would avail themselves of that right, and the examinations for admission. The Public Schools of Quincy are doing efficient work in the Primary, Grammar and High School departments. We do not want to duplicate them to any material extent, but we are hampered by the rather extraordinary and obscure stipulations of the testator.

There is also in Quincy a very good private school for girls from 7 to 14 years old; and in our immediate neighborhood, free to Quincy girls, is the Thayer Academy, completing the education of the High school and fitting for college.

The above will give some idea of the problem we have to solve. In the so far as suggestions have been made and commented upon favorably, advocating an institution with three departments, viz:

First. A preparatory department for girls from 10 to 14, giving instruction in the common branches, reading, writing and arithmetic.

Second. An advanced department for those older, modelled somewhat after an English High school.

Third. An industrial department supplementary to these two, where the useful as well as the ornamental branches can be taught.

Outside of certain necessary and fundamental principles which every girl should know in each and all of these departments, the two last would naturally be more or less elective in their character. The English High school department furnishing the opportunity through advanced elective courses to enter college and the

(Continued on Third Page.)

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

"Baby Farming" Considered—Reports of Committees.

BOSTON, March 16.—"Baby farming" was the subject considered by the committee on public charitable institutions yesterday. H. S. Shurtleff of the board of lunacy and charities said the attention of the board had been called to the fact that a large number of infants were living apart from their parents on what is known as "baby farms." A great many of the infants put on these farms are boarded. Another system is what we call the adoption business, and it is a great evil. Infants can be got rid of at any time. They are taken to people who make a business of taking infants, and by paying a moderate sum of money they can leave the infant and go away without bothering their heads about it again. Out of 100 cases there are not ten who are adopted according to law.

The committee on education reported a bill constituting three members of the state board of education an examining committee to examine candidates for the office of school superintendents.

The judiciary committee reported a bill to prevent the fraudulent conversion of money or securities deposited with anyone as broker, officer, manager or agent, by a fine of \$500 or imprisonment in jail not more than three or in the state prison not more than five years.

The same committee reported against changing the law as to taking stenographic reports in superior court sessions of Essex and Middlesex counties; also against making it a punishable offense to falsely assume a college medical degree with intent to defraud.

The joint special committee on administrative boards and commissions sent to the house a report in part, reporting a bill directing the secretary of state to take such action as necessary to put the public records of the counties, cities, towns, churches, etc., into such condition and custody as shall conform to the various laws, and shall perform the duties heretofore devolving upon the commissioner of public records.

The house reversed its action of Monday and ordered the bill to annex a part of Phillips to Templeton to a third reading.

Municipal coal yards, the much discussed measure to empower cities to establish coal yards for supplying particularly the poor at a nominal price, was killed in committee.

The bill requiring cities and towns to publish real estate lists was defeated in the senate. There was another discussion, but no action, relative to the pursuit of fowl in sailboats.

Certain legislation concerning electric cars and the running of Sunday trains and excursions was reported as inexpedient in the house.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ALMANAC FOR WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16.

SEA RISES... 5.54 MOON RISES... 8.06 PM LENGTH OF DAY... 11 5/8 HOURS; NIGHT... 10 1/2 HOURS.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair weather; northwest winds; slightly warmer in Vermont.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair weather; north winds, followed by snow on the south New England coast by Thursday morning.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

It is intimated that Emperor William's malady has become serious.

The Duval Hotel, Jacksonville, Fla., was destroyed by fire; loss \$15,000.

Waldo Adams' will was filed yesterday. He makes no public bequests.

There was a destructive fire at Danbury, Conn.; loss, \$75,000 to \$100,000.

General Diaz is the choice for presidential candidate of the Liberal party.

It is said that Russian agents are arranging a coup d'etat in the Balkans.

The best trust burned its books to prevent their scrutiny by the federal officials.

Canadian Pacific employees have been discharged for disloyalty to the company.

President Carnot signed the reciprocity convention between the United States and France.

A Denver liquor dealer who failed and who was also accused of forgery, poisoned himself.

At Tiffin, O., a madman shot three men, his employers, two fatally, and then killed himself.

The Charleston has sailed from San Francisco. It is rumored that she will go to Behring sea.

Miss Eliza E. Spillane was thrown from a wagon by an unruly horse at Norwalk, Conn., and killed.

The attorney general of Pennsylvania has filed a bill in equity to test the legality of the Reading leases.

Patrick Joyce, aged 32, was instantly killed at Fitchburg, Mass., by the Fitchburg railroad pay train.

There is fear that the overdue steamer Luther T. Garrison, bound for Philadelphia, has been lost at sea.

Roman newspapers have been seized for reporting the proceedings of the Republican congress in session there.

Mayor Conklin of Fall River, Mass., has vetoed an order increasing the pay of call firemen from \$100 to \$150 a year.

A report that the bill of the New Jersey legislature legalizing the Reading deal is unconstitutional is in circulation.

Mrs. Thomas Kendrick was burned to death at her home in East Harwich, Mass., by her clothing catching fire from a stove.

Depositors in the defunct Newmarket (N. H.) savings bank look for considerable loss in the settlement of their accounts.

It is alleged that English interference and financial circumstances will prevent Uruguay having a representation at the World's fair.

Fears are now entertained that the Eider will become a hopeless wreck, as a severe gale prevails and heavy seas are breaking over her.

The Russian government has denied General Gourko's request that he be allowed to expel all but 50,000 of the inhabitants of Warsaw.

The Canadian parliament has been asked to vote \$100,000 for the maintenance and repairs of the fishery protective steamers on the Atlantic coast.

The attempted assassination of the Sultan, Abdul Hamid, is said to have been a preliminary move by Russian agents to the invasion of Turkey.

Paul Revere Post 88, G. A. R.

Will furnish in their Course of Entertainments

An Evening's Enjoyment and Two Hours of Solid Fun.

HANCOCK HALL, - - QUINCY.

Saturday Evening, March 19, 1892.

The Boston Stars, UNCLE'S WILL,

EVERY ONE AN ARTIST, WILL PRESENT

A COMEDIETTA IN ONE ACT.

CHARACTERS:

CHAS. CASHMORE.....MR. GEO. E. MACK
MR. BARKER.....MR. WM. F. MACY
FLORENCE MARIGOLD.....MISS CHRISTINE SEITZ

MISS ANNIE COFFIN IN SELECT READINGS.
MISS KATHIE RUSSELL, Boston's Favorite Contralto,
MR. GEORGE E. MACK, Humorist and Impersonator.

A HAPPY PAIR. A Comediotta in One Act by S. Thayer Smith.

CHARACTERS:

MR. HONEYTON.....MR. MACY
MRS. HONEYTON.....MISS COFFIN

Admission Tickets, 25c. Reserved Seats, 35c.

DOORS OPEN AT 7.15 O'CLOCK.

COMMENCE AT 7.45 O'CLOCK.

March 9.

Look out for Programme for Next Week.

18c



HIS HONOR THE MAYOR

SAYS:

The principal issue before our citizens is this,

"Is it for the best interests of the city to purchase the property of the Quincy Water Company?"

HE FORGOT TO

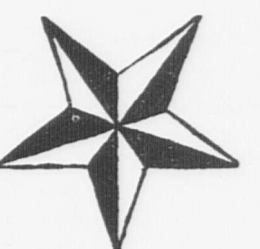
ADVISE YOU

to buy a Lot at

Sunny Side Park.

A. G. COFFIN,

21 South Street.



In Suggesting a Name for Wood, Harmon & Co.'s New Suburb between Wollaston and Atlantic please use the

LEDGER'S COUPON.

NAME.....

REMARKS.....

I SHOULD
Read the LEDGER Every Day.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

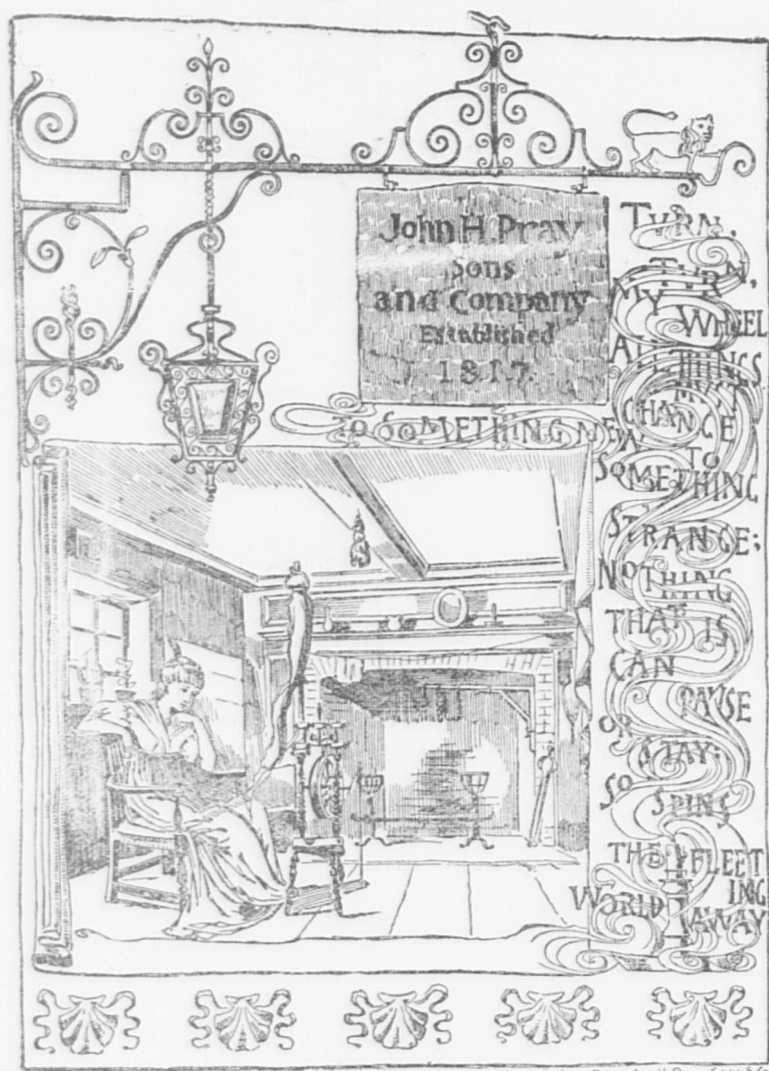
A Little "Ad"
That's Wisely Planned
Will Increase Business Command.

VOL. 3 NO. 65.

QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, MARCH 17, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

SPRING CARPET OPENING.



Never in our history have we been enabled to make so extensive a display of

Carpets, Rugs,

AND

Upholstery Fabrics,

As we are now offering in our NEW STORE. Our assortment will well repay the inspection of intending purchasers, including, as it does all the NEW patterns and many to be found EXCLUSIVELY with us.

PRICES have only once since the war been as LOW as now.

JOHN H. PRAY, SONS & CO.,

646 to 658 Washington Street, Boston.

Nearly Opp. Boylston Street. 19-1wpo

COAL and WOOD,

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, Jan. 19.

IF YOU NEED ANY OF THESE GOODS

You will make no mistake by buying now.

Rubber, Horn and Celluloid Combs.

Fine Combs, - - 5 Cents.

Dressing Combs, - 10 Cents.

WHISK BROOMS 10 CENTS WHISK BROOMS

A Beautiful Tooth Brush and Package of Dentrifice

HAIR BRUSHES, \$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents.

All Reduced to 47 Cents.

Durging's Drug Store,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

Parisian Citizens Afraid of Losing Their Lives Through Violence.

PARIS, March 17.—Intense excitement prevails here on account of more explosions having been discovered by the police. A man named Chaumelin has been arrested for complicity in causing the last two explosions. Further searches of houses of suspected anarchists have resulted in the discovery of large quantities of explosives, chemicals for manufacturing more, and several Hotchkiss shells. The police were warned by nine letters yesterday that it is necessary to watch all the public buildings to prevent further outrages. The streets around the main buildings are full of detectives and policemen in citizens' clothes. The general atmosphere is one of terror. The police have been especially close surveillance, as the police have been notified that they are preparing to take revenge for the convictions of their comrades shortly before the murder of Salverstoff. Before tonight it is expected that wholesale arrests of suspects will be made.

A WILY CRIMINAL.

Visit to Train Robber Perry's Cell Reveals the Man's Desperate Character.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 17.—Deputy Sheriff Collins yesterday searched the cell of Train Robber Perry in the Lyons jail and found two fine saws secreted in a mattress. A more astounding discovery was made when Perry's shackles were examined. The heap of cord which the robber had trapped about the shackles to prevent them chafing his ankle was removed and the iron fell to the floor. They had been cut clean through by some instrument duller than the saws, probably a file. No trace of such a tool could, however, be found. Perry's clothing was next searched, and \$50 in bills was found inside the lining of his waistcoat. The robber has been very closely watched but the vigilance will be doubled.

Minors Must Not Use the Weed.

PROVIDENCE, March 17.—In the senate the act prohibiting the sale and use of tobacco by minors under 16 years was passed. The act provides that any person selling, giving or delivering to any minor tobacco in the form of a cigarette, pipe, or cigar, shall be fined \$5 for each offense, and any minor who shall smoke or chew in any public street or resort to tobacco in any form whatsoever, shall be fined \$5 for each offense.

No Minor League for Boston.

BOSTON, March 17.—President Soden of the Boston League club has refused to allow a professional minor league club to play in Boston and his "no" will exclude this city from the Eastern and New England league.

Chestnut Coal Goes Up.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The regular meeting of the coal agents resulted in an advance of 25 cents a ton for chestnut coal, take effect immediately. The prices for other grades remain unchanged.

True Charity.

GLASGOW, March 17.—Elizabeth Stevens of this city, the last member of an old Scotch family, died yesterday. She has bequeathed \$500,000 to various charities here.

Power of an Avalanche.

ROME, March 17.—An avalanche occurred yesterday at Belluno. Eight persons were killed by the immense mass of snow, and considerable property was destroyed.

Is Minus a Hand.

LYNN, Mass., March 17.—Joseph Jewell had his left hand blown off by a premature explosion of dynamite at Swampscott.

Home Again.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The Spree arrived here last evening, with Secretary Foster on board.

"JACK THE RIPPER."

Circumstances Which May Lead to His Identity.

SERIES OF AWFUL CRIMES

Charged Against an Apparently Well-to-Do Fellow, Who Was Formerly a Resident of Liverpool—Startling Story of Many Cold-Blooded Murders.

LIVERPOOL, March 17.—The police have been pursuing an inquiry into the disappearance of a woman and her children, who were last seen at Rain Hill, a part of Liverpool. The inquiry was started in connection with the arrest at Melbourne, Australia, of a man named Williams, who is charged with murdering a woman there. Information of this arrest and certain matters that had come to the knowledge of the Melbourne police was cabled to Liverpool, and an investigation was at once set on foot, as it was inferred that the disappearance of the woman and children was not due to their having left their home, but to murder.

The police yesterday went to the house formerly occupied by the persons in question. They lifted the hearthstone from its place and then broke out the cement upon which the stone had rested. They then dug away the earth below, and after half an hour's digging a sickening stench arose. In a short time the spades struck something soft and the earth was moved, and the body of a woman was found. This was lifted from its resting place and immediately beneath it were found the bodies of two children, one of which the woman's body had been lying. The murderer had made a plentiful use of chloride of lime to destroy the bodies of his victims, and his object had been in a measure attained, for the bodies had been partly consumed by the lime. The house in which the bodies were found.

Was Once Occupied by Williams.

The bodies of the first found were wrapped in oil cloth and Turkish toweling. After the three bodies were taken out, the police continued their digging.

The excitement reached fever heat when the bodies of two other children were found to have been buried under the house. The first of the children's bodies was that of a girl of 12 years, who had been strangled; the second was that of a girl of 7, the third was that of a boy of 5, and the fourth that of a baby about 1 year old. The throats of the last three victims had been cut.

A plausible theory has sprung up from the discoveries of the bodies, and the further the affair is investigated, the stronger grows the belief that Williams is none other than the well-known "Jack the Ripper." Williams, while a resident of Liverpool, made frequent visits to London. The police have traced his movements between the two places, and it has been found that his visits to London corresponded with the times that the unfortunate women in the Whitechapel district were found with their throats cut and their bodies mutilated in the shocking manner that characterized the crimes of the "Ripper."

It will be recalled that a description was given to the police of the appearance of the man who was seen in the company of several of the unfortunate women, whose bodies were subsequently found lying in pools of blood in the streets of Whitechapel. This

Description Tallies Exactly with the description of Williams, as given by people in Liverpool who were well acquainted with him.

The question who Williams really is and how he lived is a mystery. On his first appearance at Rain Hill he stayed at a hotel, where he led a rollicking life. He was fond of society and was a good story teller, but when asked about himself he immediately became taciturn. He never gave an inkling of his personal history. A local newspaper, on the occasion of his marriage to Miss Mather, whom he murdered in Melbourne, tried to get a sketch of his career but Williams refused to give any information regarding himself. He first met Miss Mather at her mother's while making inquiries as to renting a villa. Williams pretended to act for a mythical Colonel Brooks. He furnished only a single room in the house.

Immediately after he had taken possession of the villa, an unknown woman and two children were seen about the house. Nobody saw them arrive or depart. At about the same time another woman visited him at a hotel, and the two partook of a luncheon and copious draughts of champagne. Williams told the landlady his companion was his sister. This woman was seen twice, when she also vanished.

After taking the villa, Williams often left the hotel in the morning, and would not return until the evening. His clothing and person used to be covered with dirt and his hands were blistered. He explained that he had been putting down new floors in a house.

A laborer here says that Williams called upon him to assist in taking up the floor of a kitchen and two other rooms and hired a plasterer to relay them in cement. These preparations had been completed when the

Victims Came on the Scene, and the murders must have been effected without delay. Williams left the hotel to occupy the villa, but in a few days returned, saying that he could not sleep there and that his sister and the children had gone to Port Said. He afterward returned to the villa, but finally came back to the hotel. He married his marriage with Miss Mather, and went to stay at her mother's three weeks prior to the ceremony. The mother was eager for the marriage, as Williams made lavish displays of bank notes, nuggets of gold and diamond rings.

Only the kitchen was searched yesterday. The ground under the other rooms was fully excavated, except that a boot and stocking were missing. The rope with which she had been strangled was around the neck, and the throat was cut besides. The eldest girl's skull was crushed in and the head was nearly severed from the body. The work of

Concealing the Bodies was carried out carefully. After a deep hole had been dug the bodies of the

woman and two of the children were thrown in and cement was poured upon them. Then the bodies of the two elder children were thrown in and more cement was poured into the hole. Next the flag stones were laid over the top of the hole and finally over all was applied a layer of six inches of cement, extending over the entire kitchen.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

The House Rejects the Anti-Cigaret Bill. Other Proceedings.

BOSTON, March 17.—The anti-cigaret bill was the first matter in the orders of the day, the question being on its engrossment. Mr. Charles led in the attack upon it and warned the house that no man who voted for the measure would endanger his chances of re-election. Mr. Durant thought too that it was about time to sit down on this bill. Mr. Roe had not heard a word against the bill that had not been spoken against liquor prohibition measures. The bill was rejected, 73 to 113.

Henry H. Faxon was given leave to withdraw his petition for the repeal of the laws of 1891 relating to the punishment for drunkenness, by the committee on judiciary.

At the meeting of the executive council William S. Dana of Montagu was renominated trial justice for Franklin county.

The judiciary committee deemed it inexpedient to amend the habitual criminal act so as to leave the term of sentence within the discretion of the court.

In the senate the committee on towns reported against changing the laws as to tenure of office of town police officers, and against limiting the areas of fire districts. The same committee reported a bill to authorize Hulseon to borrow \$40,000 for ten years to refund so much of its debt. The committee on labor reported a bill to prohibit the employment of private bodies of armed men or of special police who are non-residents.

In the house the committee on harbors and public lands reported a bill to establish the boundary lines in tide water between the towns of Essex and Ipswich, and between those towns and the city of Gloucester.

The judicial committee deemed it inexpedient to amend the habitual criminal act so as to leave the term of sentence within the discretion of the court. The same committee reported a bill providing that no original writ issued by a trial justice, or by a district, police or municipal court, shall be returnable more than sixty days from the date thereof.

The amendment to make the governor's salary \$8000 was concurred in by the senate. The artificial trout bill was debated and laid over.

A DISASTROUS EXPLOSION.

Four Men Badly Hurt—Legs of One Torn from His Body.

MILLBURY, Mass., March 17.—Four men were badly injured by the explosion of a large extractor at Whitney & Mott's indigo works yesterday. The extractor was making 600 revolutions per minute and flying fragments killed a room.

Willard Rice, aged 50, was struck by the brass collar of the extractor, which cut off both his legs above the knee. His body and legs were found in different parts of the room. Rice is not expected to recover.

Joseph Perry had his right leg broken above the knee, and received a severe cut out on the same leg, and a bruise on the side. Joseph Lapardes was badly bruised, and it is thought sustained internal injuries. Henry Caubachant was hurt about the legs and body, but not seriously injured.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ALMANAC FOR THURSDAY, MARCH 17.
SUN RISES..... 5:52 | MOON RISES... 10:07 PM
SUN SETS..... 5:54 | MOON SETS... 11:15 PM
LENGTH OF DAY... 12:02 | FULL SEA... 1:45 PM
WASHINGTON, March 17.—Forecast for New England: Fair; north winds; probably snow on Friday.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

The Yaqui Indians are on the warpath in Mexico.

The missing Alaska miners have been heard from.

An Irish village will be represented at the World's fair.

Smallpox has broken out in the province of Alicante, Spain.

There is an alarming increase of passionate crimes in Russia.

It is probable that three new cardinals will be appointed soon.

Speckles' barrel factory at Philadelphia was burned. Loss, \$190,000.

Lady Randolph Churchill was robbed during a row at Monte Carlo.

The River Tiber overflowed its banks and inundated a part of Rome.

It is said that the general elections in England will take place in July.

Governor Flower has commuted the life sentence of James E. Minnaugh.

The Russian press has ceased to attack Germany, at the request of the czar.

Three miners were killed by an explosion of fire damp at Lillienfeld, Austria.

A lion tamer was killed at Hedsnesford, Eng., by brutes that he had often lashed.

The missing boat's crew of the wrecked German ship Clara has arrived at Tahiti.

Several buildings were burned at Granesville, N. Y., Amsterdam refusing to give aid.

In the house of commons a Welsh land tenure bill was rejected by a vote of 224 to 113.

Dr. Tidy, the government analyst who did much to convict Mrs. Maybrick, is dead.

HOMES!

Having secured the management and sale of the desirable building land lying on the westerly side of Common Street, formerly owned by Mrs. Eaton and others, I propose to subdivide the same into House Lots and construct the streets at once. Also to sell Thirty of the choicest lots on the

Easiest Terms

EVER OFFERED IN QUINCY.

\$5.00 per week secures a lot.

\$5.00 per week for eight weeks or

\$40.00 cash payment secures a deed

of the lot, subject to a mortgage for the balance payable in three years from date of the deed.

NO INTEREST

charged on the mortgage.

To those building the first five houses \$40 will be refunded on the cost of the land.

REMEMBER

Only Thirty lots offered on the above terms, the owners reserving the remaining lots.

Select Your Lot

And commence building AT ONCE.

For additional information apply to

H. T. WHITMAN, - Civil Engineer,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY, MASS.

March 15 & 17. p19,1w

Paul Revere Post 88, G. A. R.

Will furnish in their Course of Entertainments

An Evening's Enjoyment and Two Hours of Solid Fun.

HANCOCK HALL, - - QUINCY,

Saturday Evening, March 19, 1892.

The Boston Stars,

EVERY ONE AN ARTIST, WILL PRESENT

UNCLE'S WILL,

A COMEDIETTA IN ONE ACT.

CHARACTERS:

CHAS. CASHMORE.....MR. GEO. E. MACK

MR. BAKER.....MR. WM. F. MACY

FLORENCE MARIGOLD.....MISS CHRISTENE SEITZ

MISS ANNIE COFFIN IN SELECT READINGS.

MISS KATHIE RUSSELL, Boston's Favorite Contralto,

MR. GEORGE E. MACK, Humorist and Impersonator.

A HAPPY PAIR. A Comedietta in One Act by S. Thayer Smith.

CHARACTERS:

MR. HONEYTON.....MR. MACY

MRS. HONEYTON.....MISS COFFIN

Admission Tickets, 25c. Reserved Seats, 35c.

DOORS OPEN AT 7.15 O'CLOCK. COMMENCE AT 7.45 O'CLOCK.

March 9. Look out for Programme for Next Week. 18t

H. CORAM,

IS THE SOLE AGENT

AT WEST QUINCY

FOR THE

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

HIS CARRIERS WILL DELIVER IT.

Aug. 17, 1889.

ing
yder
RE

Subscribe.
to have at all times
LEDGERS on the
al news stores, the
needs our expecta-
are unable to sup-
has been the case
We would suggest
old a recurrence of
is to leave your
dealer for a year's

I SHOULD
Read the LEDGER Every Day.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

A Little "Ad"
That's Wisely Planned
Will Increase Business Command.

VOL. 3. NO. 66.

QUINCY, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1892

PRICE 2 CENTS.

SPRING CARPET OPENING.



Never in our history have we been enabled to make so extensive a display of

**Carpets, Rugs,
AND
Upholstery Fabrics,**

As we are now offering in our NEW STORE. Our assortment will well repay the inspection of intending purchasers, including, as it does, all the NEW patterns and many to be found EXCLUSIVELY with us. PRICES have only once since the war been as LOW as now.

JOHN H. PRAY, SONS & CO.,

646 to 658 Washington Street, Boston.

March 17-18 Nearly Opp. Boylston Street. 10-11pm

**COAL and WOOD,
C. PATCH & SON.**

Quincy, Jan. 19.

IF YOU NEED ANY OF THESE GOODS

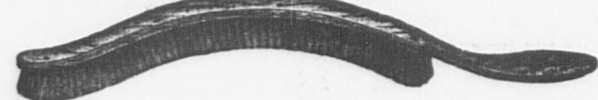
You will make no mistake by buying now.



Rubber, Horn and Celluloid Combs.

Fine Combs, - 5 Cents.

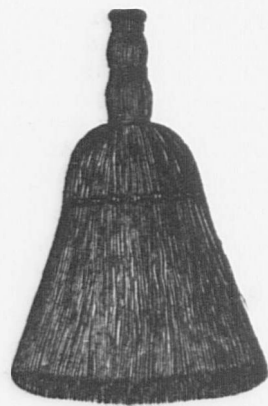
Dressing Combs, - 10 Cents.



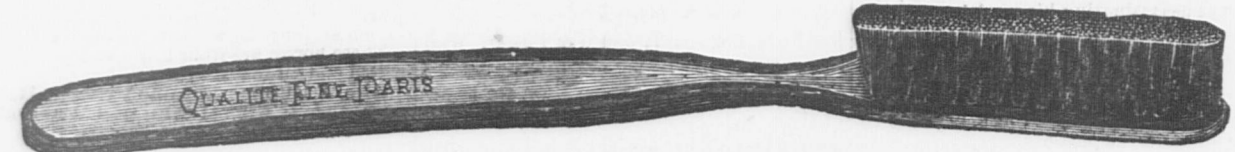
Flesh Brushes reduced to 47c.

Clothes Brushes reduced to 20c.

Nail Brushes reduced to 25c.



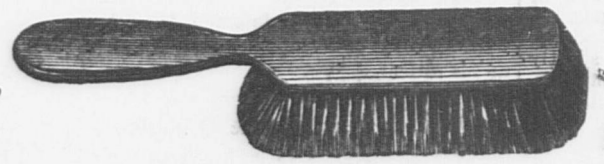
WHISK BROOMS 10 CENTS WHISK BROOMS



A Beautiful Tooth Brush and Package of Dentifrice Fully Worth 50 Cents for 25 Cents.

HAIR BRUSHES,
\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents.



HAIR BRUSHES,
\$1.00, 75 and 50 Cents,

All Reduced to 47 Cents.

Durgin's Drug Store,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

DILLON IS MISSING.

An Aged Man Charged with Attempt at Murder.

ALMY TAKING LIFE EASY.

He Doesn't Appear to Be Worried About the Resentment—Mafitano's Alleged Murderer Pleads Not Guilty. "Steeple Jack" Shaw Killed—Trouble in a Haverhill Shoe Shop—Other New England News of Interest.

MILFORD, Mass., March 18.—Last evening about 9:30 Dr. J. J. Duggan was summoned to the house of Thomas Gallagher on High street. He found the wife of Mr. Gallagher lying on the bed with a bullet wound in her breast. William Dillon, about 60 years old, a next door neighbor of Gallagher, went to the house last evening and, after having some words Mrs. Gallagher and her daughter, it is alleged that he drew a revolver and fired a bullet at Mrs. Gallagher. So close was the revolver to her body that her clothing was burned. Dr. Duggan, after locating the bullet, was forced to cut very deep before it was extracted. The daughter, Miss Susie Gallagher, alleges that Dillon threatened her life after the shooting of the mother. On her knees she begged for mercy, and noise at their front gate of the house caused Dillon to leave, she says. Dillon disappeared after the shooting. A large number of citizens scoured the country, but he could not be found. The search was given up late last night, but was resumed today. Dillon is of good reputation, and is well to do. It is doubtful if Mrs. Gallagher can recover.

ALMY'S RESENTMENT.

Murderer of Christie Warden Not Giving the Matter Much Thought.

CONCORD, N. H., March 18.—Since the announcement that Chief Justice Doe had decided to have Almy taken into court and resented the murder, he has been visited by his counsel, Hon. Alvin Burleigh. For the first time the condemned man was informed that the question of the legality of the court's action in imposing sentence upon him when he was absent from the court room had been raised. Mr. Burleigh explained the situation to Almy fully. Almy received the information without the slightest demonstration of excitement, evinced a lack of interest in the subject and did not ask his counsel to institute proceedings in his behalf. Mr. Burleigh told Almy that he would see him again. After his return to Plymouth, Mr. Burleigh said: "I don't say but what some action may be taken, but as yet I know nothing of it." Warden Colbatch expresses an opinion that Almy will not be resented.

The prisoner's wounded leg has healed so that he is able to walk upon it. He amuses himself by reading works of fiction, sleeps soundly, and exhibits no special depression of spirits.

KING OF HIS TRADE.

Charles Shaw, the Famous Steeple Climber, Falls from a Spire.

PORTLAND, Me., March 18.—Charles Shaw of this city, known all through Maine as "Steeple Jack," was killed at South Livermore yesterday by a fall from a Universalist church spire. Shaw was of English parentage, and the secrets of his trade had been handed down in his family from father to son for several generations. He was one of the best known steeple climbers of the country, and had made ascents that were pronounced impossible by all others. He never made use of a scaffolding, and invariably ascended by night and affixed

his tackle to the top of the steeple or tower, and then waited for daylight to begin his labors. In cases where he had to ascend by sheer climbing he had his wife as his only assistant and helper. He was muscular and wiry, and about 30 years of age. He leaves a widow and one child.

AMANTE ARRAIGNED.

The Supposed Slayer of Mafitano Sent to Jail Without Bail.

WAKEFIELD, Mass., March 18.—The arraignment of Fortunato Amante in the district court here attracted an unusual number of spectators. The prisoner, charged with the murder of Gaetano Mafitano, presented a determined front to his accusers, who, it was true, had very little to say. The court was asked for a continuance by the government, which was granted. The case was continued to March 26, and Amante was committed without bail. Officer Blanchard took the prisoner, who was heavily ironed, to Cambridge jail. Amante was tastefully dressed, and is a bright, good-looking Italian. His voice was firm when he pleaded "not guilty" to the complaint which charged him with wilfully and maliciously murdering Mafitano with some sharp instrument, the name of which is unknown to the government.

MACHINES INTRODUCED.

Forty Lasters Discharged and Forty More Quit Work in Sympathy.

HAVERHILL, Mass., March 18.—J. H. Winchell & Co. have decided to put lasting machines at once into their factory. All their lasters, about eighty in number, are out, forty of whom, union men, were discharged, and the other forty quit work out of sympathy.

The firm expects to secure non-union lasters enough today to run lasting machines, and keep its business right along without interruption. About 600 hands are employed in the establishment.

Mr. Whitcomb gives as the reason for discharging union lasters, that they were making arrangements to stir up trouble among the employees in the factory and the firm preferred to dismiss the men before their scheme could be put in operation.

Rum and the World's Fair.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 18.—The Rockingham conference of Christian churches at yesterday's session resolved that every Christian should pledge himself not to attend the World's fair if rum is to be sold there. The conference also agreed that not only the Sunday newspaper should not be patronized, but no Christian should take a paper that prints a Sunday edition.

Should Have Guarded His Tongue.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 18.—James P. Franklin, a wealthy citizen, recently informed a horse car conductor that he had no change to pay his fare, tendered a \$5 bill, withdrew it, called the conductor a "dirty whelp," and was put off the car. He sued the railroad company for \$5000 damages, but yesterday a jury gave a verdict for the company.

"Watch Club" Raided.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 18.—The police raided a watch club in Fuller's block last night, and captured the proprietor, Z. T. Leach, twenty-two Elgin watches with gold-filled cases, and six empty watch cases. Leach was released on \$300 bail. Lists found in the room show the club had a membership of 500 scattered over New England.

Meeting of Connecticut Shooters.

NEW LONDON, Conn., March 18.—The New Haven Gun club yesterday lost the state trophy. There was some good shooting done and five individual scores were made. The highest individual score was made by Sterry of Tolland, with thirty straight.

Tried to Kill Himself.

STOUGHTON, Mass., March 18.—Mrs. Phoebe R. Fullerton, a sufferer from nervous prostration, attempted suicide yesterday by shooting herself in the region of the heart. The ball struck a bone, and was extracted.

Young Armenian Killed.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 18.—Ruper Hagopian, an Armenian, 25 years old, was caught in a belt in the Winslow skate factory yesterday afternoon, and received injuries from which he died half an hour later.

Schoolteacher Must Pay Damages.

BARNSTABLE, Conn., March 18.—A jury awarded Leila Heisler \$1350 damages against George H. Turner, who was charged with subjecting Miss Heisler to indignities in Turner's schoolroom.

GUEST OF HIBERNIANS.

Senator Hill Speaks at a St. Patrick's Day Banquet at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, March 18.—Last evening Senator Hill and his party were the guests of the Hibernian society at the St. Patrick's day banquet at the Opera house. One hundred and fifty persons were seated at the tables and 500 people were admitted to the galleries at the beginning of the speaking. Hon. P. W. Mallory presided. Letters of regret were read from ex-President Cleveland, Governor Russell of Massachusetts and other prominent men.

A number of speeches were made. Mr. Hill responded to the toast "Our Federal Union." The first portion of Mr. Hill's address was largely facetious. In the course of his remarks he thanked God "that every passion of war save patriotic pride has at last died out utterly from every northern, from every southern heart." He spoke of the great progress made by the south since the war. Mr. Hill predicted that next November would wipe away the latest interruption of the people's rule. He spoke of the Union as the embodiment of true democracy in its broadest and best sense.

Another Fight on the Taps.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Warren Lewis has posted \$1000 with the New York World, and on behalf of Jim Hall of Australia, challenged Fitzsimmons to a finish fight before the club that would give the largest purse.

Kentucky Lotteries Still Running.

LOUISVILLE, March 18.—About one-third of the lottery offices here are closed. The remainder are running as usual. No action has been taken by the city officials. They claim they can do nothing.

—It is odd that people go to Florida for the winter when there's little or no winter there.

THE WATER QUESTION.

Adams Tells Why the City Should Purchase the Works Now.

QUINCY, March 14, 1892.

Publishers of the Ledger:

The Council has got back to the right track on the water question, though it is evident enough that the members of it know nothing about building water works and fall as little about the value of the present system. There has, as yet, been nothing but a lot of wild guesses as to the price. Was it not testified before the committee last year, that the stock was largely fictitious? Shall we be obliged to pay for what never had any existence? I do not know that we may not, but how can we tell without hearing all the testimony. At the worst we had better own our works now, than wait as Haverhill has waited. That unfortunate city may, probably will have to pay a valuation of \$1,000 per share for stock that probably did not cost \$50. If our growth is to make a value to our water company anything like this, the sooner we dispossess it the better. Of course the company will make the best showing it can. If Mr. Federhen can verify the statement he made at the meeting of the Council, it will be of money value to the city. If he cannot, it had better not be repeated before the commissioners, provided the city should vote to purchase the works.

There has been too much of loose, irresponsible talk on this subject. It was and is, only a business matter. Whether we like or do not like the individual members of the company, is not of consequence. Whether we think they may dispose of their property to advantage or disadvantage, has no bearing upon it. The city as a whole, is concerned only with these simple propositions: First, is it advisable for the city to own its own water works? Second, if the city should own them, will it be better to purchase when they must be comparatively cheap, or shall we wait until they will be comparatively dear?

No sane man supposes the Mayor would or could, under the order, make a bargain or fix a price to be paid. The completion of the transaction to which the vote of the Council is preliminary, will be at public hearings and not in some private office.

The people of Quincy, the voters of Quincy, upon whom the responsibility rests, are to decide a very important public matter. If they vote to purchase, they will put our city into line with most all the cities of the country, and on the plane of public service upon which the most enlightened communities stand.

It may greatly be to the advantage of Quincy, as it might have been ten years ago, but there are reasons for congratulation, in the fact that we can begin our municipal service with a plant proven last year to be well constructed, of good material; with water not bad—only not first rate—but with water that can be easily purified. There is reason to think that Braintree will exercise the power she has as a town, to prevent the pollution of the water of her neighbor. There is reason to congratulate ourselves that the mains now laid will not need to be taken up for many years, for those knowing the secret history of the action of the city for the last two years, know that the condition of the plant had nothing to do with it.

We may be sure the men who buy our four per cent. bonds, will gladly pay a premium for them, because the works will not need renewal or repair as has been predicted. I would not have the city purchase a plant in the last stages of decay. I want the city to get what it pays for and to make the best possible appeal before the commissioners. The condition of the works will be shown and described by men who know what they are examining and who will be the experts of the commission, which will be able to tell the true from the false, if false testimony is put in.

We may expect to be fairly treated, more than that we have no right to ask; less than that would be beneath the dignity of a commission to accord us. ADAMS.

HE WILL BE MISSED.

Councilman Charles R. Sherman Resigns from the Republican Committee.

The following letter is itself explanatory. It was written in Florida, where Councilman Sherman is now seeking health:

WINTER PARK, FLA., March 14, 1892. Mr. F. E. Litchfield, Secretary Ward Five Republican Committee, Wollaston, Mass.:

DEAR SIR: In the coming campaign the Republicans of Wollaston deserve the best efforts of perfect health.

This important requisite is not mine to bestow.

After serious reflection I am compelled to resign the office of chairman of Ward Five Republican Committee and also my membership. As the preliminary work should be commenced at once will you please call a meeting of the committee to act on my resignation.

Sincerely yours,
CHARLES R. SHERMAN.

—George W. Penniman of Brockton has been engaged to speak July 25, Grand Army day of the Chautauque Circle at South Framingham. Ex-President Ruthertford B. Hayes will be the other principal speaker.

—Old Henpeck, who married a pretty young wife, says "a thing of beauty is a jaw forever."

—The average speed of office building elevators is 300 feet per minute.

Hats! Hats! Hats!

ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.

Lamson & Hubbard's Own Hat,

The Harrington,

The Miller,

The Dunlap.

WE ARE SURE TO SUIT YOU.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING.



HIS HONOR THE MAYOR

SAYS:

The principal issue before our citizens is this,

"Is it for the best interests of the city to purchase the property of the Quincy Water Company?"

HE FORGOT TO

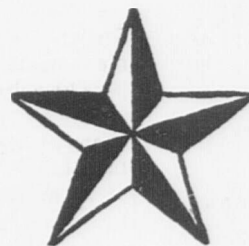
ADVISE YOU

to buy a Lot at

Sunny Side Park.

A. C. COFFIN,

21 South Street.



Allen's Sarsaparilla
128 Doses, 50 Cents.
 $50/128 (2\frac{28}{100}) = 2\frac{28}{100}$ or about $2\frac{1}{2}$ Doses for One Cent.

THESE FIGURES DON'T LIE!

And what is more, a trial will convince you that every dose of **ALLEN'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA** is worth five of any other remedy for RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, KIDNEY AND LIVER DISEASES, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, SICK HEADACHE, LOSS OF APPETITE, and all diseases of the STOMACH AND BLOOD. We guarantee it. No benefit, money refunded. Could we do this if it had not wonderful merit?

Sold by all Druggists for 50c. No Less.

THE ALLEN SARSAPARILLA CO., WOODFORDS, ME.

Another Story.
Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds.
Begins Next Saturday.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds.
A Tale of
Trustfulness and Treachery.

VOL. 3. NO. 70.

QUINCY, MASS., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

POPULAR COURSE OF ENTERTAINMENTS.
POST 88, C. A. R.
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 26, 1892.
HANCOCK HALL, - QUINCY.

★ Howlett & Shirreff's ★
STAR CONCERT COMPANY.

Every number worth the price of admission. Not a dull moment during the evening.
MIRTH! MUSIC! MERRIMENT!
THE FOLLOWING LIST OF TALENT WILL APPEAR:

The popular young Comedians, Artists and Composers,
Howlett & Shirreff
in their Banjo and Piano Duets, Comic Songs, Whistling Solos, Humorous Stories, etc.
Boston's favorite Comedian, Musical Imitator and Ventriloquist,
DUDLEY H. PRESCOTT,
in his refined and novel entertainment.

The irrepressible funny Comedian, Vocalist and Composer,
RICHARD CARL,
in his Comical Impersonations, Humorous Lectures, Funny Sayings, Comic Songs, Humorous Humorsities, etc.

Boston's Favorite Prima Donna,
MISS JENNY COREA,
in her sweet, soul-thrilling Soprano Solos, her repertoire ranging from grand opera to simple home ballads.

The popular young Reader,
MISS MAUDE HAMILTON,
in her latest bouquet of recitations. This lady has a wonderful control over her audience, bringing them from tears to bursts of laughter.
EVERYTHING NEW. NEW SONGS, NEW MUSIC, NEW STORIES, NEW FACES.
Just the thing for THAT TIRED FEELING.

Admission Tickets, 25c. Reserved Seats, 35c.
DOORS OPEN AT 7.15 O'CLOCK. COMMENCE AT 8 O'CLOCK.
March 21.

PASTOR IS MISSING.

So are the Funds of the Tiverton Methodist Church.

THE BLOOD-STAINED CLOTHING

Worn by William Edwards at the Murder Trial in Pittsfield—Smuggler Nadeau Defies Arrest—A Ruling Vitality Affecting New Hampshire Secret Societies—Set Back for Democrats in a Rhode Island Town—Athletic Tournament at Providence.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 23.—Rev. William H. Childs of the North Tiverton Methodist Episcopal church has left his charge, his wife and children, and has gone no one knows where. Rev. Mr. Childs came to New York from England ten years ago. A year ago he left the Unitarian Mission in New York, and accepted a call to the little church in North Tiverton. He was very popular with his flock.

Wednesday night he attended prayer meeting, but did not lead, owing to some indisposition. Thursday morning he hitched up his horse and buggy, a present from his parishioners, drove to this city and put the rig up with R. T. McMillen. Nothing more was heard of him until Monday, when his wife received a letter from him dated Boston, and mailed on the 20th, but not dated, which was to the effect that the writer had left for Europe.

He told his wife where she could find \$20, and with this money he directed her to go with her son to New York and remain there, as he would not call for them again. Mrs. Childs was dumfounded. She told the contents of the letter to some of the church members, and tongues began to wag. Then the following story came out:

The Young Ladies' Aid society held a festival in February, which netted \$320. Austin Walker, the church treasurer, said to Mr. Childs shortly after the festival that he contemplated resigning. Mr. Childs said that the matter could be fixed by allowing Mr. Walker's name to stand as that of the treasurer, while he (Mr. Childs) would handle the funds. The society owed about \$300, but yesterday Miss Emma Walker, daughter of the church treasurer, said she did not know of a single debt that had been liquidated. The pastor had been paid all his salary for the past year with in week, and also \$30 for extra work at the Globe mission.

Rev. Mr. Childs told some of his flock that he had deposited the proceeds of the festival in a Fall River bank, but neglected to name which. Mrs. Childs does not know what has become of the church's funds.

Mrs. Childs believes her husband on the way to England. A meeting of the church trustees will be held, and the finances of the parish investigated.

DISSATISFACTION EXPRESSED

At a Ruling Affecting Many New Hampshire Organizations.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 23.—A decision of the new attorney general, which applies to insurance organizations connected with lodges, or to which only lodge members are eligible, has created genuine excitement among many organizations which have heard of the ruling.

Insurance Commissioner Linehan propounded to Attorney-General Eastman the question: "Can an organization not incorporated under the laws of any state transact insurance business in New Hampshire without a license from the insurance commissioner?"

The attorney general decided the question in the negative. The decision has been communicated by the insurance commissioner to the orders interested with the request that they comply with the laws relative to straight life insurance companies—paying a per cent. tax, filling out blanks, etc.

Members of the orders claim the levying of a tax upon such death benefits would be little short of an outrage. There is talk of an appeal to the courts.

BLOODY COAT AND VEST

Introduced in Court at the Trial of William Coy at Pittsfield.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 15.—The court room was again crowded yesterday, at both sessions of the trial of William Coy for the murder of John Whalen. In the forenoon the most important point brought out was Gray's identification of the watch found in Coy's trunk as one sold by him to Whalen last April.

The afternoon session was made interesting by the introduction of expert medical testimony, and the production in court of the blood-stained coat and vest worn by Whalen at the time of his death, together with several skulls, portions of skulls, and various other bones, used to illustrate Whalen's injuries.

George N. Kelley, who was arrested as accessory to the crime and afterward discharged, saw Coy the day after the murder. Coy had a big roll of bills, and gave Kelley \$20 to accompany him to Albany in search of Mrs. Coy, whom he claimed was to elope with Whalen. They found Mrs. Coy, and Coy bought her a gold watch and a new cloak, and himself a suit of clothes. While in jail in this city Coy went to Kelley's cell and told him he wanted him to swear in court that he had heard Whalen threaten his (Coy's) life.

RHODE ISLAND POLITICS.

Lincoln Democrats May Lose Their Power Through a Technical Blunder.

PROVIDENCE, March 23.—Time for filing nomination papers for the coming election expired at midnight. Just before that hour the Democratic papers from Lincoln were presented, but were found to be unsigned, and the result will be the election of the Republican nominee for the assembly without opposition, unless a special act is passed. The town is now represented by Democrats. The People's party also made nominations for state officers and assemblymen.

Mayor Honey of Newport last night sent a telegram to New York denouncing the

statement of the New York Sun that \$40,000 had been subscribed in New York for the Rhode Island Democratic campaign.
GAY A FINE SHOW.

IT WAS PARENTS' DAY

Regular and Special Work in All Grades

AT THE WILLARD SCHOOL.

The Programmes Given in Each Room—A Very Large Attendance of Parents and Interested Persons—The Work Praised.

Last week the parents and friends of the pupils of the Willard school building received a neatly written invitation to attend "parent's day" last Friday afternoon but owing to the stormy weather it was postponed until Tuesday afternoon. Nearly four hundred availed themselves of the opportunity thus presented, not only to view the building but to witness the work their children are engaged in studying.

The programmes of the several rooms were written upon the blackboards, which also contained specimens of drawings done by the pupils, and they looked very pretty.

The exercises in the primary grades were from 1.30 to 2.30, in the A grammar from 1.30 to 2.30, and in the lower grammar grades from 2.30 to 3.30.

The pupils showed their best work in the grammar, musical, and drawing exercises.

Following were the programmes in the several rooms:

A Grammar.

The programme of this room included exercises in geography, arithmetic, history and grammar, singing by school and readings by Lizzie Essen, Anna Duncan, Edith Eaton, Alice Jilbert, Mabel Prout and Louise Reinhalter.

B Grammar.

Paper on Siberia, Fanny Trainer
Recitation, Gertrude Walker
Recitation, George Shee
Recitation, Paul Foley
Recitation, Kate Barry
Recitation, Jacob Warshaw
Recitation, Jennie Phillips
Recitation, Louise Cook
Recitation, Nellie Connors
Recitation, Charles Anderson
Recitation, Delphine Prairie
Recitation, Russell Badger
Recitation, Interspersed with singing and recitations by school.

C Grammar No. 1.

Recitation, Mary Dillon
Recitation, Richard Morris
Composition, Muscles, Thomas McGowan
Recitation, Lizzie Gordon
Recitation, Alphonsine Guilmette
Composition, The Indigo Plant, Charles Samuelson
Recitation, Willie Esson
Recitation, Blanche Cole
Composition, Bolivar, Richard Jones
Recitation, Jane McDonald
Song, Belle Fletcher
Composition, Amber, Arthur Pinel
Recitation, Frank Boyd
Recitation, Belle McIntosh
Recitation, Fred Evans
Recitation, Interspersed with singing and recitations by the school.

C Grammar No. 2.

After a period of regular work in drawing there were class exercises in arithmetic and geography, a historical talk, singing interspersed with recitations by Sadie Wilson, Mary McLaughlin, Mary Michael, Susie Driscoll, Mary Burkard, Maggie Dalton and Grace Eaton.

D Grammar No. 1.

One hour of general work.
Salutatory Address, A. Mahoney
Recitations, R. Smith, H. Swanson, M. Welch, A. O'Neil.
Violin Solo, Harry Fitzgerald
The Rainbow, Seven Girls
Gymnastics
Recitations, M. Rose, P. Harris, A. Cregan, E. O'Neil.
Four Girls
Our Boys, A. Smith, J. Prario, W. Mulligan, J. McTiernan.
Harry Fitzgerald
Recitations, L. Mahoney, L. Kavanagh, L. Sullivan, M. Moore.
Essays, M. King, P. Harris
Recitations, S. Williams, W. Corcoran, M. Kent, A. Michael.
Interspersed with class songs and choruses.

D Grammar No. 2.

One hour of regular work.
Physical Exercises.
Recitation, Etta Williams
Singing, Six Girls
Recitation, Geo. Berry
Dialogue, Four Boys
Physical Exercises.
Recitation, Salina Martel
Singing, Six Boys
Dialogue, Four Girls
Recitation, Florence Thayer
Recitation, Maggie Diegan
Interspersed with singing and selections by school.

A Primary No. 1.

General Work.
Recitations, N. Kelley, M. Shea, J. Walker, E. Higgs, F. Foye.
Violin Solo, A. McDonough

GENEROUS BEQUESTS.

NEW HAVEN, March 23.—By the will of Miss Catherine E. Hunt, late of Bridgeport, the contents of which has just been settled out of court, the following bequests are made: Christ Episcopal church of Bridgeport, \$3000; Bridgeport Public Library, \$2000; David M. Hunt Library, Canaan, \$1000; Domestic and Foreign Missionary society, New York, \$5000; Young Men's Christian association, Bridgeport, \$4000, and Congregational society, North Canaan, \$3000. The estate is valued at \$125,000.

Signs of a Bom.

WOBURN, Mass., March 23.—Woburn, Winchester and Stoughton tanners are making brighter report than in a long while regarding the riskiness of their business. Men who have been idle here all winter are returning to their former work, and to an outward appearance indicate a speedy end to the depression in Woburn's leading industry. In Winchester the leather shops are increasing the output, and preparing to fill prospective heavy orders.

Took Rough on Rats.

PROVIDENCE, March 23.—Frank Hammond, 17 years, thought to be slightly demented, son of a well-to-do North Smithfield farmer, attempted suicide at his father's home by taking rough on rats.

A STORY FROM DETROIT

To the Effect That Hill Has Given Up His Aspiration of the Presidency.

DETROIT, March 23.—The Tribune (Republican) says that Senator Hill has sent word secretly to his Michigan friends that he is not a candidate for the presidency. The paper declares that the Democratic state convention to be held at Muskegon, May 4, will send to Chicago an unopposed delegation with secretions to follow the vote of New York, assurance being given that Hill is not a candidate.

The Tribune goes on to say that last week the local Democrats sent an embassy east to look over the political field. The first thing they did was to call upon Senator Hill and ask from him a candid definition of his position. "My friends," the senator is said to have declared, "I am ambitious to obtain that high honor, but I am fully aware that while I might secure the nomination, I should be inevitably defeated at the polls." The ambassadors were agast.

"But what do you want your friends in Michigan to do?"

"Send an uninstructed delegation that will vote with New York," replied Mr. Hill. "New York is always named the winner, and it will do it this time. Michigan cannot afford to be elsewhere than in the camp of the victor."

A MONEY-MAKING COMBINE.

Cash in the Oil Trust's Treasury Runs High Into the Millions.

NEW YORK, March 23.—The Standard Oil trust, it is stated, had in its cash box on the date of its dissolution on Monday \$25,000,000 in cash and governments, which represent the cumulative profits since the stock dividend of two years ago, which then amounted to \$20,000,000. A part of the \$25,000,000 now on hand will be used to strengthen by increased capitalization of the smaller companies controlled by the Standard Oil company. The remainder of the cash and bonds will be distributed among the certificate holders of the Standard trust.

It is now believed that the number of the companies in the Standard will be reduced to twelve, instead of eighteen or twenty. This will go a long way toward preventing undue friction, of which some of the original trustees of the trust are evidently apprehensive.

SENATOR MILLS.

His Competitors Left Far in the Rear by the Texas Legislature.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 23.—The ballot for United States senator here resulted as follows: In the senate: R. Q. Mills, 31; Wash Jones, 1; J. D. Sayres, 1. In the house: R. Q. Mills, 93; Horace Chilton, 3; R. B. Culbertson, 1; Barnett Gibbs, 2; J. H. Bailey, 4. There was a good deal of speaking in making and seconding the nomination of Mr. Mills.

The joint session today formally ratified his nomination.

The oldest person in the world belongs to George A. Warren of Indianapolis. It is 229 years old, and was brought from England.

CHOICE SEATS FOR

PATTI

FREE.

A LOT AT SUNNY SIDE PARK.

A. G. COFFIN,

21 SOUTH STREET.

Hats! Hats! Hats!

ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.

Lamson & Hubbard's Own Hat,

The Harrington,

The Miller,

The Dunlap.

WE ARE SURE TO SUIT YOU.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING.

PEOPLE'S MARKET,
PEOPLE'S PRICES.
WE LEAD THEM ALL.

TRY OUR

FOREST CITY CREAMERY BUTTER,

Received Daily. 35c. per lb.

Examine our Stock of Canned Goods,

GOOD CAN CORN, - 10c. per can.

GOOD CAN TOMATOES, - 10c. per can.

LEADER CROSBY CORN, THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

A large supply of

Poultry, Meats and Vegetables

AT LOW PRICES.

Give us a Call. Goods Delivered Promptly.

C. H. JOHNSON, 160 Washington St.

March 23.

1m

AT DURGIN'S DRUG STORE

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

Extra Fine Bargains in

STATIONERY.

Fine First Quality Paper 20 Cents a Pound.

Envelopes, XXX Quality, 5 Cents a Bunch.

This is a Finer Grade of Goods than was ever shown before at these prices and it will pay you to get a good supply now.

ALL DRUG STORE GOODS AT CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE.

RELIABILITY.

GO TO

ROGERS BROTHERS,

Adams Building, Quincy,

AND BUY SOME OF THEIR

Sweet Pickles

If you want the Best you ever Used.

ALSO ASK FOR

Keene - Creamery - Butter.

FOR SALE IN

1-2 lb. Prints, 5 lb. Boxes, 10 lb. Tubs.

ROGERS BROTHERS,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

Another Story.
Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds.
Begins Next Saturday.

Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds.
A Tale of
Machination and Mystery.

VOL. 3 NO. 72.

QUINCY, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1892

PRICE 2 CENTS.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| M ONTCLAIR will be opened on FAST Day, Apr. 7th. It's the gem suburb of 1892. "It's without a flaw." Absolutely no drawbacks. All Quincy wants to be there and hundreds will be there. This newest of Quincy's developments takes the lead. Take a vacation Fast day, but don't waste it. S. D. HANNAH & CO., 109 and 109a Ames B'ldg, BOSTON. | O N the Granite Branch of the Old Colony, just beyond Atlantic—it has the best train service of any new suburb of Boston. The Montclair station is on the property—the new station on the Main Line, 5 minutes away, and the Atlantic station 10 minutes, give more than 100 trains daily. S. D. HANNAH & CO., 109 and 109a Ames B'ldg, BOSTON. | N EW station will be under way as soon as possible. The streets are now being built and all improvements made at our expense. The location is beautiful, with views of Boston and the water. You can see Montclair if you look towards Milton as you pass Atlantic going out. S. D. HANNAH & CO., 109 and 109a Ames B'ldg, BOSTON. | T O the first builders we will give a three years' ticket over the Old Colony from Boston. Your railroad fare paid for three years. This ought to interest people who expect to build this year. This number will be limited to ten—to take advantage of it you must apply early. S. D. HANNAH & CO., 109 and 109a Ames B'ldg, BOSTON. | C AN anything be easier than our system of easy payments. Five dollars is the first payment on all lots and after payments from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per week without interest. Lots 40 to 50 feet frontage and containing from 3500 to 5000 square feet. Price of land from \$8 to 12 cents per foot. Price of lots from \$300 to \$500, and these are the best lots this side of Boston for the money. S. D. HANNAH & CO., 109 and 109a Ames B'ldg, BOSTON. | L AND is very high. This is important. Wet cellars cause sickness. Your cellars should be dry as dust. At Montclair the soil is splendid for drainage. Water will be put in all streets at our expense. Everything will be done to make the place the most attractive opened this year. S. D. HANNAH & CO., 109 and 109a Ames B'ldg, BOSTON. | A RE you looking for a place to invest a little money where it will be safe and at the same time give you a profit? Look into Montclair as a place to put it. These lots will be worth considerable more than we ask for them inside of one year from date, and they can never be worth less. They are sure not to go down and they may go up. S. D. HANNAH & CO., 109 and 109a Ames B'ldg, BOSTON. | I NSURANCE of Title. We give free with each deed a policy of insurance in the Mass. Title Insurance Co. It's important to know that your title is good. No better evidence can you have than this policy. Don't miss the opening sale Fast day. Private sale. S. D. HANNAH & CO., 109 and 109a Ames B'ldg, BOSTON. | R ESTRICTIONS on all builders. Montclair is a high class suburb and no cheap houses will be allowed. We have now under contract three very attractive houses, and want them to set the pace for all that follow. To insure an attractive suburb we will give without cost the services of Rand & Taylor, one of Boston's best architectural firms, to those wanting to build. Plans will cost you nothing. S. D. HANNAH & CO., BOSTON. |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|

PEOPLE'S MARKET,
PEOPLE'S PRICES.
WE LEAD THEM ALL.

TRY OUR
FOREST CITY CREAMERY BUTTER,
Received Daily. 35 c. per lb.

Examine our Stock of Canned Goods,
GOOD CAN CORN, - - 10c. per can.
GOOD CAN TOMATOES, - 10c. per can.

LEADER CROSBY CORN, THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
A large supply of
Poultry, Meats and Vegetables
AT LOW PRICES.

Give us a Call. Goods Delivered Promptly.
C. H. JOHNSON, 160 Washington St.
March 23. 1m

POPULAR COURSE OF ENTERTAINMENTS
POST 88, G. A. R.
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 26, 1892.
HANCOCK HALL, - - QUINCY.

★ Howlett & Shirreff's ★
STAR CONCERT COMPANY.
Every number worth the price of admission. Not a dull moment during the evening.

MIRTH! MUSIC! MERRIMENT!
THE FOLLOWING LIST OF TALENT WILL APPEAR:

The popular young Comedians, Authors and Composers,
Howlett & Shirreff

in their Banjo and Piano Duets, Comic Songs, Whistling Solos, Humorous Stories, etc.
Boston's favorite Comedian, Musical Imitator and Ventriloquist,
DUDLEY H. PRESCOTT,

in his refined and novel entertainment.
The irrepressible funny Comedian, Vocalist and Composer,
RICHARD CARL,

in his Comical Impersonations, Humorous Lectures, Funny Sayings, Comic Songs, Humorous Humorsities, etc.
Boston's Favorite Prima Donna,
MISS JENNY COREA,

in her sweet, soul-thrilling Soprano Solos, her repertoire ranging from grand opera to simple home ballads.
The popular young Reader,
MISS MAUDE HAMILTON,

in her latest bouquet of recitations. This lady has a wonderful control over her audience, bringing them from tears to bursts of laughter.
EVERYTHING NEW. NEW SONGS, NEW MUSIC, NEW STORIES, NEW FACES.
Just the thing for THAT TIRED FEELING.

Admission Tickets, 25c. Reserved Seats, 35c.
DOORS OPEN AT 7.15 O'CLOCK. COMMENCE AT 8 O'CLOCK.

March 21. 6t

Hats! Hats! Hats!

ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.

Lamson & Hubbard's Own Hat,
The Harrington,

The Miller,

The Dunlap.

WE ARE SURE TO SUIT YOU.

SAVILLE & JONES,

ADAMS BUILDING.

MRS. GLOVER'S WILL.

Judge French Further Cross-Examined—
The Thayer Academy Bequest.

There was another hearing in the contested will case of the late Mrs. Sarah W. Glover of Braintree at Dedham, before Judge White yesterday. It is reported by the Herald as follows:

Judge French of Braintree was again called to the witness stand. Cross-examined by Lawyer Cotter, for the contestants, Judge French repeated substantially what he said at the previous hearing. Further, he stated that he never showed Mrs. Glover any catalogue or report of Thayer Academy; he only described to her, at her own request, the character, scope and purposes of the academy.

In regard to the codicil, Judge French testified that, after the execution of the will Mrs. Glover wished to change the bequest of \$2000 to Mrs. Sanford, widow of Dr. Warren Sanford, to \$6500, and requested Judge French to see that it was done.

Mrs. Glover, within a few weeks of her death, wished to see the will, to look over the specific legacies she had made, with a view to revising them. Judge French went to the safety vaults, where the will was deposited, and copied the list, took it to Mrs. Glover and read the names and amounts to her. She said they were all right except the legacy to Mrs. Clapp, which she wished to revoke because of the services she had heard as coming from Mrs. Clapp, telling of the relations she had once had with Mrs. Glover's deceased brother Naaman—for instance that she had once been engaged to him. Judge French neglected to carry out that request from Mrs. Glover.

At the time the will was made, which was before Mrs. Glover's sister Deborah died, Judge French thought the amount which Mrs. Glover had to will was somewhere between \$200,000 and \$300,000.

Judge Bumpus, of the counsel for the will, asked Judge French if he had ever spoken of the needs of Thayer Academy before Mrs. Glover spoke to him about leaving property for educational purposes in Braintree.

Judge French replied with a decided negative.

This concluded the testimony in the case. Briefs are to be submitted by April 5, and an early decision after that is expected.

W. C. T. Union.

The month of April promises to be one of great interest as well as one of unusual activity to the ever busy White Ribbons of Massachusetts. On Thursday evening, April 7th, Lady Henry Somerset will speak in Tremont Temple for Mrs. Mary A. Livermore and the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. As this is to be the last appearance of this gifted lady in Boston before her departure for England, the immense audience room will doubtless be crowded to overflowing. Those who have not had the pleasure of listening to this wonderful woman, will do well to obtain tickets for the occasion at once, if, indeed, they are not already all disposed of.

Lady Somerset will sail for her home in England April 13th, on the Teutonic, of the White Star line, where she will still continue her editorial relations with the Union Signal.

On Monday, April 18th, a fair, inaugurated by the Massachusetts' Woman's Christian Temperance Union, will be opened in Horticultural hall, Boston, for the benefit of the society, and to assist in providing more desirable headquarters in Boston.

A restaurant for the accommodation of visitors will also be open during the entire week, under the auspices of the local unions of the different counties.

On Tuesday, April 19th, the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, of Norfolk county, will have it in charge under the supervision of Mrs. G. A. Litchfield, the efficient president of the Wollaston local union.

Water and Sewerage.

The warrant for Framingham's annual town meeting, to be held April 4, contains 24 articles, including the investigation into the expediency of purchasing the Framingham Water Company's franchise and the extension of the sewer system.

—The Legislative Committee on Probate and Insolvency has reported inexpedient, as to transferring certain sessions of the probate court from Hyde Park to Dedham.

—Washington liquor license may be raised from \$100 to \$600.

—Grape vines yield an oil.

KILLING OF WHALEN.

Murderer Coy Tells How It Was Accomplished.

MISSING PASTOR CHILDS

Notifies His Former Flock That He Will Never Return to Tiverton—Politics Waxing Hot in Rhode Island—Haverhill Officers Must Pay Damages for False Arrest—Crew of the Harry White Probably Lost—New England News.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 25.—Lawyer Joyner, senior counsel for the defense in the Coy murder case, made the opening address on the reassembling of court yesterday. The principal witness was Mrs. Coy, defendant's wife. She acknowledged the plan of elopement with Whalen, the reason being that she could not endure the hardships and privations of life with Coy. She was to meet Whalen at Albany, and they were to go to Kansas, where he was to secure a divorce and marry her.

Coy was on the stand in the afternoon, and told the story of the killing of Whalen. He said Whalen confessed to him his proposed plan of elopement with Mrs. Coy Aug. 23, and gave him \$100 to settle the matter. On the night of the tragedy, witness was examining Whalen's trunk in which Mrs. Coy's clothes were packed. Whalen came in and attacked him with an axe. Witness secured possession of the axe and struck Whalen down, and let him lay on the bed two hours.

He then dragged the body out doors, cut off the legs and carried the body up on the mountain on his back and hid it. Returning home he destroyed the traces of his crime. The following day he buried the body, cutting the head nearly off, so he could double it back and crowd it into the grave.

This closed the case for the defense. But little testimony was offered in rebuttal. The question of variance raised by defendant's counsel, was argued exhaustively.

Defendant's counsel held that, while the indictment alleges Whalen's death to have been caused by the blow on the head, the testimony tends to show that it resulted from the wound in the throat. The court decided that the question should be submitted to the jury in a proposition, the form of which is to be determined before presentation.

A LETTER FROM "JERSEY"

In Which Pastor Childs Says He is About to Depart for Europe.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 25.—The bodies and bills of the Primitive Methodist church of North Tiverton have been looked over by the trustees. The society owed \$74.55, and the trustees had paid to Rev. Mr. Childs, the departed minister, \$45.27, expecting him to liquidate the indebtedness that amount.

He did not do so, and the trustees will inquire at the various local banks tomorrow if there is a deposit for that amount to the credit of the church.

The church society, two weeks ago, invited Rev. Mr. Childs to remain as pastor another year, and his acceptance or declination was expected to be presented for the consideration of the society at last night's meeting. Instead, however, Lawrence E. Cooper read a disconnected letter, written in red ink and dated "Jersey," which he just received from the pastor. Mr. Childs wrote:

"I can never come back to Tiverton. I think I must be going insane or I never would have done what I have. I see no future for the Primitive Methodist church of North Tiverton. Everything looks black to me in that direction. This and some other personal matters have led me to take this stand. I leave on the next boat for Europe. Your unworthy pastor."

W. H. CHILDS.
The letter, posted at 7 a. m. March 22 in Jersey City, does away with the theory that Mr. Childs sailed for Europe from Boston last Saturday.

WANTED TO SAVE MONEY.

Clothing Stopped at the Custom House to Be Sold as Contraband Goods.

BOSTON, March 25.—District Attorney Wyman has begun an information in the United States circuit court for the forfeiture of two trunks containing fifteen suits of clothes, two pairs of trousers, one suit of cotton vest and four woolen overcoats, which Henry B. Kendrick attempted to pass through the Boston custom house free of duty as being his own personal apparel, when, as a matter of fact, they were tagged for different Harvard students.

The clothing was imported on the Teutonic, which arrived in New York March 11, and was bonded to Boston. At the port of New York Kendrick was also foiled in trying to pass two other trunks with similar contents. He is now said to be in Toronto.

In the present case the English value of the goods is a little above \$800, while our home value is \$8000. The suits will be sold by auction by the United States marshal.

DEMOCRATS FROZEN OUT.

Republicans Steal a March on Them in the Rhode Island Campaign.

PROVIDENCE, March 25.—In the assembly, yesterday, an act was introduced by the Republicans to rectify the error in the nomination papers of the Lincoln Democrats, and a hearing is called for this afternoon, when spicy developments as to the arrangement of the candidates on the papers, are expected.

The Democrats in this city have been completely outmarshaled in the matter of hall accommodations during the campaign, the Republicans having engaged Music and Infantry hall for every day—morning, noon and night, from next Monday to the close of the campaign, and the Democrats are complaining that they have no place in sight wherein more than a few hundred people could congregate to listen to their orators. In one instance they have been compelled to pay a booked theatrical troupe a large sum of money for the use of the opera house.

OFFICERS MUST PAY \$1100.
Two Haverhill Men Found Guilty of Wrongfully Making Arrests.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 25.—The jury in the civil suit of Mr. and Mrs. William Fay vs. Frank McLaughlin and G. B. Connelly, for false arrest, returned a verdict yesterday of \$1100 for the plaintiffs, McLaughlin to pay \$500 and Connelly \$600. The case grew out of an arrest made Oct. 6, 1890, by the defendants, two Haverhill police officers. Fay and wife were arrested for drunkenness and disturbance. Subsequently it was found that Fay was not a drinking man, and both were released without trial.

Young Wilson Set Free.
AYER, Mass., March 25.—Charles G. Wilson, charged with the murder of his father by arsenic, was arraigned in the district court yesterday afternoon, before Judge Wallace, and discharged. Professor Wood found no arsenic in the parts submitted, either in the father or mother, and it was on the strength of this that Wilson was discharged.

The Wreck of the Harry White.
PROVIDENCE, March 25.—All that marks the location of the schooner Harry White, wrecked off Quononocottaug beach, is her topmast. It is feared her crew of seven men were lost. It was the tug Joseph Stickney that sunk the vessel. Wreckage strewn the beach for two miles. The wreck is in the path of navigation.

Will Stay at Harvard.
CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 25.—Two or three months ago President Harper of Chicago university offered to Professor John W. White of Harvard the position of head of the Greek department at the university, with a salary of \$7000. Professor White has just made public his decision not to accept the offer.

Baseball in Maine.
LEWISTON, Me., March 25.—At a meeting of the baseball enthusiasts of Lewiston and Auburn last evening a committee was appointed to raise funds for a club, and it was voted to send a delegation to the meeting of the New England league men in Boston, March 30.

Soon to Resume Work.
FRAMINGHAM, Mass., March 25.—It is stated on good authority that the Para rubber works will start up shortly, with New York parties in control. The former workmen have been notified that they will be wanted soon.

Skipped with Music.
WATERBURY, Conn., March 25.—F. H. Blake, leader of the American band of this city, started off last night with over \$500 worth of music and instruments belonging to the band.

AFTER MANY MONTHS:
Evidence of the Terrible Sufferings of Imprisoned Miners.

DUNBAR, Pa., March 25.—The dead have been wrested from their untimely tomb and all that remains now is to accord a Christian burial to the miners who met their fate in the Hill Farm mine at Dunbar June 10, 1890. Wednesday the bodies of twenty-three of the miners were found and yesterday they were brought to the surface for burial.

They were all huddled together in flat No. 1, showing that they had rushed deeper into the mine, and that a moment later a scorching breath of death filled the flat, choking their lungs, bursting their veins, and striking them to the earth to linger in horrible torture a few minutes, and then to die. Six of the miners took refuge in one little room. When found they were piled on top of one another, contorted in ghastly shapes—heads thrown back, mouths where the lips had fallen away, open—fleshless hands, clenched, and nails scarring the bones of palms—all sickening evidence of a death which was preceded by torture unimaginable.

A short distance away were three miners, two of whom, the brothers McCourtney, afforded an affecting spectacle of love strong even unto death. They alone were clasped in each other's arms and their faces were composed, even though time had ravaged their manly forms and drilled great wells where their eyes comforted each other in that last dread hour when hope had fled. The third man, David Davis, sat beside them, his head between his knees. He had evidently kept his mouth close to the ground until the last vital breath of air had been exhausted.

The fourteen other miners were entangled in a space thirteen feet square. One had a knife in his hand as though he intended to kill himself, but was stricken by a more sudden death of suffocation.

The custom receipts at the port of Plymouth for last year exceeded those of any other port in the state excepting Boston.

AT DURGIN'S DRUG STORE
FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

Extra Fine Bargains in
STATIONERY.

Fine First Quality Paper 20 Cents a Pound.

Envelopes, XXX Quality, 5 Cents a Bunch.

This is a Finer Grade of Goods than was ever shown before at these prices and it will pay you to get a good supply now.

ALL DRUG STORE GOODS AT CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE.
RELIABILITY.

GO TO
ROGERS BROTHERS,

Adams Building, Quincy,

AND BUY SOME OF THEIR

Sweet Pickles

If you want the Best you ever Used.

ALSO ASK FOR

Keene - Creamery - Butter.

FOR SALE IN

1-2 lb. Prints, 5 lb. Boxes, 10 lb. Tubs.

ROGERS BROTHERS,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

COAL and WOOD,

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]
Quincy, Jan. 10.

Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

aking
wder
PURE

ing to be very fond of
," said Mrs. Small to
he passed his cup for
ing.
Mrs. Small," replied
aking the hot water
es of land to every inhab.

R

TODAY.

Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds.

VOL. 3. NO. 73.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1892

PRICE 2 CENTS.

TODAY.

Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds.

AT DURGIN'S DRUG STORE

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

Extra Fine Bargains in

STATIONERY.

Fine First Quality Paper 20 Cents a Pound.

Envelopes, XXX Quality, 5 Cents a Bunch.

This is a Finer Grade of Goods than was ever shown before at these prices and it will pay you to get a good supply now.

ALL DRUG STORE GOODS AT CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE.

RELIABILITY.

GO TO
ROGERS BROTHERS,

Adams Building, Quincy,

AND BUY SOME OF THEIR

Sweet Pickles

If you want the Best you ever Used.

ALSO ASK FOR

Keene - Creamery - Butter.

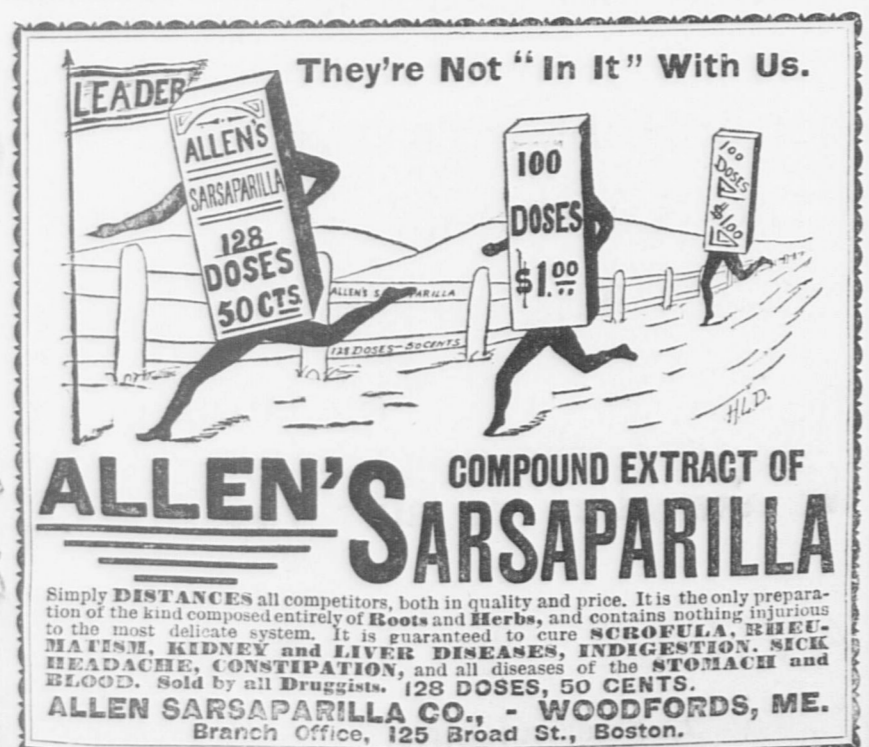
FOR SALE IN

1-2 lb. Prints, 5 lb. Boxes, 10 lb. Tubs.

ROGERS BROTHERS,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

They're Not "In It" With Us.



LEADER
ALLEN'S
SARSAPARILLA
128
DOSES
50CTS

100
DOSES
\$1.00

ALLEN'S
SARSAPARILLA
COMPOUND EXTRACT OF
SARSAPARILLA

Simply DISTANCES all competitors, both in quality and price. It is the only preparation of the kind composed entirely of Roots and Herbs, and contains nothing injurious to the most delicate system. It is guaranteed to cure SCROFULA, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY AND LIVER DISEASES, INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION, and all diseases of the STOMACH and BLOOD. Sold by all Druggists. 128 DOSES, 50 CENTS.

ALLEN'S SARSAPARILLA CO., - WOODFORDS, ME.
Branch Office, 125 Broad St., Boston.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Passes the Annual Appropriation Order Slightly Amended.

GROSS AMOUNT \$241,540.94.

The Middle Over the Miscellaneous Appropriation Straightened Out—An Amendment to Reduce the Police Appropriation Debated and Lost—Other Business.

A special meeting of the City Council was held Friday evening, all members with the exception of Councilmen Morton and Holt being present.

Upon request of Councilman Sherman the minutes of the last meeting were read. President Thompson read the call for the meeting.

Jurors Drawn.

Upon motion of Councilman Bass, Councilman Gray drew three traverser-jurors, namely, Mark E. Hanson, John Keenan and Timothy F. Ford.

Telephone Order.

Upon motion of Councilman Bryant, the order granting permission to the New England Telephone Co., to rebuild parts of its lines, was taken up.

Before action was taken, President Thompson read a communication from the Mayor, stating that it was very important that both these orders should go through at this meeting, as there would not be money to pay the teachers April first.

The order then took its second reading and was passed to be engrossed.

Councilman Bryant moved the suspension of the rules, that the order take its final passage, and that there might be no question, he asked for a ye and nay vote.

A ye and nay vote was then taken and the order passed to be ordained, all Councilmen present voting in the affirmative.

Appropriation Order.

President Thompson stated the question to be on a motion to increase the appropriation for miscellaneous expenses to \$2900. The motion was put and lost.

Councilman Moxon moved the amount for miscellaneous expenses be \$1,525, which was carried.

Councilman Federhen moved that appropriation for Police department be amended by making it \$4,000 instead of \$6,000, for unless the Council adopted the new system of Police, \$6,000 would be too much.

Councilman Bass hoped amendment would not prevail. When the committee's report was presented to the Council he should move to have it recommitted, as it had not received the consideration it should, and if it was recommitted a public meeting on the subject would not be a bad idea.

Councilman Gray had hoped this item would not come up until after the committee had reported; he was not in favor of establishing a Police force, as he thought we were taking upon ourselves too large a burden.

Councilman Federhen, Jr., thought the jump from last year was too sudden, and unless a permanent department was established the sum was too large. The Deputy Manager reports less lodgers than the year before, and thought he should advance some better reason for increasing the force.

Councilman Bryant said the reason the lodgers were less was because they were now fed on a glass of water, and they gave Quincy a wide berth. The several wards are entitled to some officer they can call upon in case they need him.

Councilman Little stated he had presented a petition to the Mayor signed by West Quincy business men asking for a night patrol from S. P. M. to 5 A. M.

Councilman Rinn stated that the Mayor said before the Committee that he would need \$6000 anyway.

Councilman Sherman said Ward Five needs better police protection and unless we get it a petition will be presented forthwith.

Councilman Bryant said if the ordinance was not adopted the Mayor has the authority to put on night police. Each ward should have an officer.

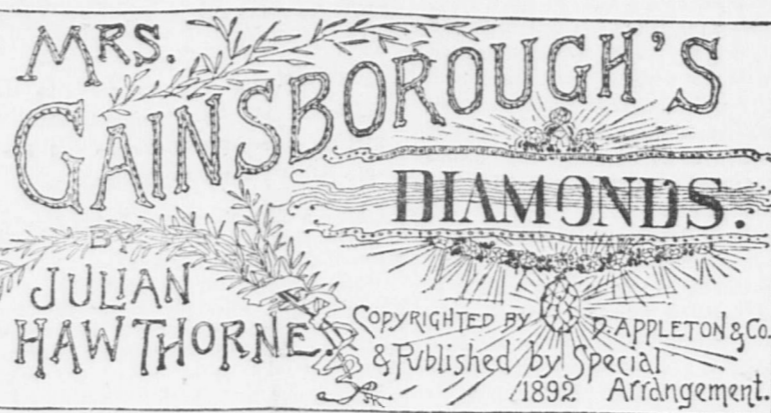
Councilman Litchfield hoped the amendment would not prevail. Quincy needs a much larger police force. The only question was to taking the long step. If we cannot take the whole step this year, we can go half way. It must be done sooner or later. He did not think the business men should be called upon to furnish their own protection.

Councilman Gray brought forward his usual budget of objections, which were mainly the increase of taxes.

Councilman Pratt said Ward Three has sent several communications to the Mayor. They want three officers. The citizens are demanding better protection and they should have it. The protection we have now is good as far as it goes. He did not see how it could be bettered for less than \$6000.

Councilman Federhen said if it was the intention of the Council to establish the ordinances, the appropriation would be all right. Unless it did establish it the amount will not be needed. Permanent men

(Continued on Second page.)

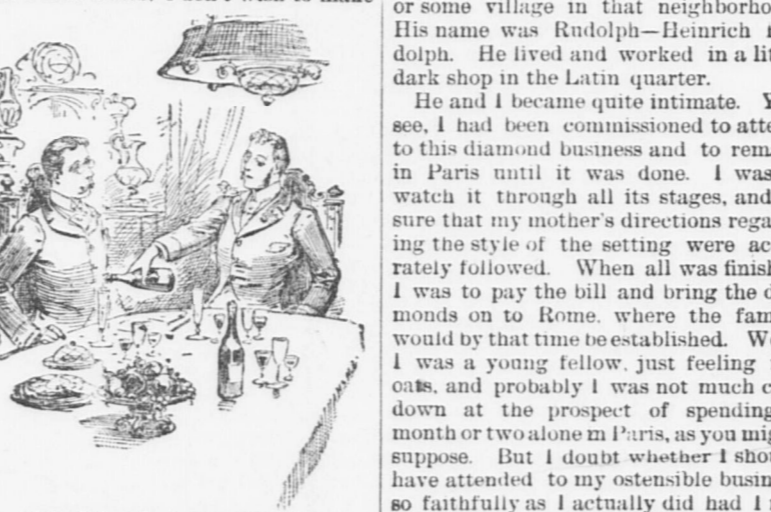


CHAPTER I

"Superb! I don't know when I have seen finer Tom really!"

"Ah!" said Tom, complacently handling his left waistcoat. "And," he added, after a moment or two—"and thereby hangs a tale!"

It was after dinner—after one of Tom Gainsborough's sung, inimitable little dinners; only we three—Tom, his wife and myself, and a couple of negro attendants, as well trained and less overpowering than the best of the native English stock; and that charming dining room, just big enough, just cool enough, soft carpeted, clear walled, and the steady white radiance of the Argand burners descending upon the damask tablecloth, crowned with fruits and flowers, and an agreeable shadow over the rest of the room, so that those sable servants could perform their noiseless evolutions unseen, and a pervading sense of unconscious good breeding and unobtrusive wealth; and—but I will not speak of the china, I will not descant upon Tom's wine; I don't wish to make



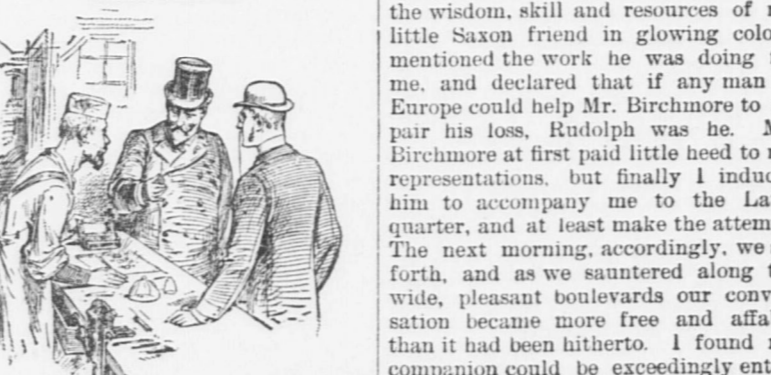
"And thereby hangs a tale," other people envious. Only it was all inexpressibly good, from fascinating Mrs. Gainsborough and her diamonds, down.

I felt a peculiar interest in Mrs. Gainsborough because, in addition to her other attractions, she was a countrywoman of mine—that is to say, an American. She was a brunette, slender, graceful, with a weird expression of the eyes under straight, black eyebrows, an expression which somehow suggested mesmerism—or, perhaps, a liability on her part to be mesmerized, faultless far and snail, and hands and wrists that she could talk with, almost. Where had Tom found her? I never had thought of asking him, she was a Virginian, very likely—an "F. F. V."—and they had doubtless met upon the Continent. This was the first occasion on which I had seen her in her diamonds. Indeed, Tom and she had only been married a year or two, and had been settled in that upon residence of theirs scarcely six months, and this was but my third or fourth dinner there. Well, her diamonds became her, and she them; they somehow matched that weird light in her eyes, and I told Tom as much when, after dinner, she withdrew and left us over our wine.

"And thereby hangs a tale," repeated he thoughtfully reaching his hand toward the decanter and filling my glass and his own.

Now it seemed to me entirely in accordance with young Mrs. Gainsborough's "style" that there should have been something old and romantic in the circumstances of her first acquaintance with Tom, and that diamonds should be mixed up with it. Therefore I was more than willing to give ear to the strange story which he proceeded to relate to me. Imagine the servants dismissed, a fresh lump of coal in the grate, the decanter between us and our legs and elbows disposed in the most comfortable manner possible. Then this is the story.

CHAPTER II



"These are all Indian stones," was Birchmore's first remark.

The diamonds, you must know, have been ever so long in our family. It is said they were brought from India in the time of Marco Polo by an ancestor of mine. But that is neither here nor there, and sure enough, they were only put into their present shape quite recently. I can remember when half of them were uncut, or cut in some barbarous, oriental manner, picturesque enough but not fashionable. And some were mounted as nose rings, some as clasps, some in the hilts of daggers and in all sorts of other ways. When I was a child I was sometimes allowed to play with some of the loose ones as a treat.

(Continued on Third Page.)

C. E. OSCOOD and CO.

RETAIL MANUFACTURERS.

OUR NEW YEAR'S SENSATION!

SIX MONTHS'

CREDIT ALLOWED

Without Interest or Additional Charges.

FURNITURE AND CARPET

BUYERS

OF NEW ENGLAND

THIS INTERESTS

YOU.

Our phenomenal success of the past three years in selling Household Goods for spot cash at the smallest possible margin of profit now leads us to make an offer

Unparalleled in the History of the Furniture Trade.

This announcement is intended especially for the thousands of buyers who desire a LIMITED CREDIT ONLY, and whom we believe should be entitled to the same privileges as cash purchasers.

From this date we will allow customers to open an account with us, and pay as they see fit, provided their indebtedness is settled in six months from date of purchase.

We desire it to be distinctly understood that we are not an installment house, and have no intention of being known as such, but have simply changed our views as to the meaning of the term "cash."

That we shall open short accounts only.

That the system of small profit prices established by us during the past three years will still be maintained.

That we shall carry the best assortment of medium priced Furniture east of New York.

That being permanently established in this business, we cannot afford to deceive the public.

Our Exclusive Features.

Six months' credit allowed. No interest.

No extra per cent. added.

Free delivery through New England and New York State,

— AND —

Lowest Cash Prices Guaranteed.

Thus making us in fact, as well as name, the

THE MOST LIBERAL, COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT IN THE WORLD.

We must increase our sales at least \$500,000 this year to avoid losing money.

Will You Help Us?

And at the same time save from

25 Per Cent. to 50 Per Cent. from Regular Instal-

ment House Prices.

"All Credit Accounts insured against loss to Customers free of charge in case of death or accident."

Yours for Lower Prices,

C. E. OSCOOD and CO.

RETAIL MANUFACTURERS,

OLD CONTINENTAL BUILDING,

744-756 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

March 5 Sat—L

March 5 P4w 1st p

TODAY.

Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

ARE YOU READING
Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds.

VOL. 3. NO. 74.

QUINCY, MASS., MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

MONTCLAIR will be opened on FAST Day, Apr. 7th. It's the gem suburb of 1892. "It's without a flaw." Absolutely no drawbacks. All Quincy wants to be there and hundreds will be there. This newest of Quincy's developments takes the lead. Take a vacation Fast day, but don't waste it.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

ON the Granite Branch of the Old Colony, just beyond Atlantic—it has the best train service of any new suburb of Boston. The Montclair station is on the property—the new station on the Main Line, 5 minutes away, and the Atlantic station 10 minutes, give more than 100 trains daily.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

NEW station will be under way as soon as possible. The streets are now being built and all improvements made at our expense. The location is beautiful, with views of Boston and the water. You can see Montclair if you look towards Milton as you pass Atlantic going out.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

TO the first builders we will give a three years' ticket over the Old Colony from Boston. Your railroad fare paid for three years. This ought to interest people who expect to build this year. This number will be limited to ten—to take advantage of it you must apply early.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

CAN anything be easier than our system of easy payments. Five dollars is the first payment on all lots and after payments from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per week without interest. Lots 40 to 50 feet frontage and containing from 3500 to 5000 square feet. Price of land from 8 to 12 cents per foot. Price of lots from \$300 to \$500, and these are the best lots this side of Boston for the money.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

LAND is very high. This is important. Wet cellars cause sickness. Your cellars should be dry as dust. At Montclair the soil is splendid for drainage. Water will be put in all streets at our expense. Everything will be done to make the place the most attractive opened this year.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

ARE you looking for a place to invest a little money where it will be safe and at the same time give you a profit? Look into Montclair as a place to put it. These lots will be worth considerably more than we ask for them inside of one year from date, and they can never be worth less. They are sure not to go down and they may go up.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

INSURANCE of Title. We give free with each deed a policy of insurance in the Mass. Title Insurance Co. It's important to know that your title is good. No better evidence can you have than this policy. Don't miss the opening sale Fast day. Private sale.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

RESTRICTIONS on all builders. Montclair is a high-class suburb and no cheap houses will be allowed. We have now under contract three very attractive houses, and want them to set the pace for all that follow. To insure an attractive suburb we will give without cost the services of Rand & Taylor, one of Boston's best architectural firms, to those wanting to build. Plans will cost you nothing. S. D. HANNAH & CO., BOSTON.

GO TO
ROGERS BROTHERS,
Adams Building, Quincy,
AND BUY SOME OF THEIR
Sweet Pickles
If you want the Best you ever Used.

ALSO ASK FOR
Keene - Creamery - Butter.
FOR SALE IN
1-2 lb. Prints, 5 lb. Boxes, 10 lb. Tubs.

ROGERS BROTHERS,
ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

Hats! Hats! Hats!
ALL THE NEW SPRING STYLES.
Lamson & Hubbard's Own Hat,
The Harrington,
The Miller,
The Dunlap.
WE ARE SURE TO SUIT YOU.

SAVILLE & JONES,
ADAMS BUILDING.

PEOPLE'S MARKET,
PEOPLE'S PRICES.
WE LEAD THEM ALL.
TRY OUR
FOREST CITY CREAMERY BUTTER,
Received Daily. 35c. per lb.

Examine our Stock of Canned Goods,
GOOD CAN CORN, - 10c. per can.
GOOD CAN TOMATOES, - 10c. per can.
LEADER CROSBY CORN, THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
A large supply of
Poultry, Meats and Vegetables
AT LOW PRICES.

Give us a Call. Goods Delivered Promptly.
C. H. JOHNSON, 160 Washington St.

ALL ABOUT A WOMAN

Washington Man Has to Fight for His Alleged Wife.

COY GUILTY OF MURDER.

Government Allows Counsel Time to File Exceptions—Raffle, Fight and Fire at Brockton—Ill Feeling Between Fall River City Officials—Report of Connecticut's Insurance Commissioner. Other New England News.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 28.—Frank M. Hunter, agent for a claim and pension establishment in Washington, was the central figure in a row at the Richardson House Saturday night. Hunter came here from Washington three weeks ago on a business trip. He stopped at the Richardson House, managed by Captain Tim Hurley, a well known sportsman.

He became enamored of a woman known as Miss Douglass, the supposed wife of a Washington official. When Hunter returned to Washington, the woman went with him, and it is alleged that her brother brought her back from the capital. Hunter returned Saturday night and went into the Richardson House to reclaim the woman, whom, it is alleged, he married in this city before starting for Washington.

According to the story he told the police, he was attacked, late at night, on entering the corridor of the hotel, by two men, one of whom Hunter secured a revolver. Then, he claims, Captain Hurley came upon the scene and engaged with Hunter in a lively fight. Officers Barry and Hoar were attracted to the house by the noise, and Hunter was arrested and charged with disturbance of the peace. It is said, however, that the charges will not be pressed, because of other facts in the case which the interested parties do not care to have made public.

TROUBLE AT FALL RIVER
Between the Board of Engineers and Fire Department Committee.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 28.—The best of feeling does not exist between the board of engineers and the committee on fire department, in consequence of which several engine builders out of town are in a quandary.

Heretofore the purchasing of new machines and all repairing work has been left in the hands of the board of engineers. Bids for a new engine for the city were solicited some time ago by the board, and last Friday word was telegraphed to the contractors that all bids must be in by Saturday.

The message brought the agent of La France company to Fall River Saturday, displaying a contract for a new engine signed by the committee on fire department. Beside this, they also had an order for repair work upon apparatus now in use.

The board of engineers refuses to have anything to do with the contract, and Chief Devil states that he will allow no apparatus to be taken from the houses for repair work. Future developments are awaited with much interest.

FIGHT AND A FIRE
Brought About by "Festivities" Indulged in After a Raffle.

BROCKTON, Mass., March 28.—There was a lively disturbance yesterday morning on River street, where a raffle for a buggy had been in progress during the previous evening. After the ownership of the buggy had been determined, beer was indulged in, and a fight between men took place, with several women and children as spectators, during which a store was overturned and the house set on fire.

Those who could not make an exit by the door leaped from the windows. The occupant of the house extinguished the fire, and the raffleers continued their battle in the street, using pickets from a fence for weapons.

Before the police arrived the fighters had scattered, and only one arrest was made. The house was wrecked inside, and the floors besmeared with blood.

SHORT TERM SCHEMES
Receive No Encouragement from Connecticut's Insurance Commissioner.

HARTFORD, March 28.—Insurance Commissioner Fyler has issued his report on life companies. Seven companies of Connecticut and twenty-one of other states report to him. They have \$789,143,909 of assets, \$63,500,629 of surplus. Total income in 1891 was \$105,181,402; total outgo, \$130,679,700.

The report commends those companies, of which the Connecticut Mutual of this city was first, that are calculating reserve on 3 per cent. instead of 4 per cent. basis. Commissioner Fyler condemns the short term endowment scheme that came into the state with the sanction of Massachusetts, by which thousands of poor people in Connecticut have lost money.

COY CONVICTED.

Verdict of Murder in the First Degree. Counsel to File Exceptions.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 28.—The jury in the Coy case rendered a verdict of murder in the first degree. Counsel for defendant asked for two weeks in which to file exceptions taken during the trial. This request was granted, and excep-

tions will be presented to the supreme court at the sitting to be held here in May. Government decided not to ask for sentence until the supreme court has passed on the exceptions, and Coy was remanded to jail.

Fifty Years Old.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 28.—South Congregational church celebrated the fiftieth anniversary with special services. In the morning Rev. E. G. Selden preached a historical sermon, and in the evening several pastors of sister churches spoke with Rev. S. G. Buckingham, the retired pastor, who gave reminiscences of his forty-five years' service.

Was a Connecticut Man.
WORCESTER, Mass., March 28.—Bertram E. Arnold, the detective murdered at Long Island City Saturday night, was not a resident of Worcester, though he had been a student in a business college here. He was a native of Killingly, Conn., and was 34 years old. His mother and stepfather, Charles Heap, live at North Grosvenordale, Conn.

Badly Treated by a Robber.
HARTFORD, March 28.—Ex-Mayor Joseph H. Sprague was violently assaulted and robbed at an early hour on Winthrop street in this city. The robber stole a wallet containing papers and a gold watch and chain. Mr. Sprague will recover. There is no trace of the robber.

Befriended the Blacks.
WORCESTER, Mass., March 28.—Charles Duncan, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of North Brookfield, died of heart failure, aged 89 years. He was a native of Paxton and was an old-time abolitionist. He leaves a widow and three children.

A Crazy Woman's Act.
NORWICH, Conn., March 28.—Nora Sullivan, an insane woman, 29 years old, jumped from the fourth-story window of the almshouse yesterday. She struck on the ground fifty feet below, fracturing her skull. She died in about three hours.

Jennie Was Visiting.
MANCHESTER, N. H., March 28.—Miss Jennie Nichols, a young French mill operative, whose mysterious disappearance has been recorded, visited the police station Saturday. She said she had been visiting at Suncook.

Walton Denies Killing Godfrey.
REDDING, Conn., March 28.—Edward Walton, charged with killing William Godfrey, was held without bail on a charge of murder. Walton still insists that Godfrey was killed by falling in a fit.

The Palladium's New Editor.
NEW HAVEN, March 28.—It is announced that John C. Reid, formerly managing editor of the New York Times, will assume editorial charge of the New Haven Palladium April 1.

The Ready Knife.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 28.—James Tiernan was fatally stabbed by Steven Pammoni, the proprietor of a fruit stand, Saturday night, in a quarrel over some fruit.

OCEAN TRIP POSTPONED.
A Popular Young Fellow Charged with Extensive Swindling.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Frederick A. Thompson was committed to jail for fifteen days here to await the arrival of requisition papers from New Haven, where he is wanted to answer several charges of forgery. He has, it is alleged, passed several forged notes, amounting to \$3700, in the name of F. C. Lumm, a prominent resident of New Haven.

Thompson is 32 years old. He is quite dressy in appearance, wearing expensive jewelry. He left New Haven a month ago. After he left a number of business men learned that he had swindled them. Every one had great confidence in the young man. His father had been a member of the Pope Manufacturing company, one of the largest in New England. Thompson was married and had a country villa. He spent money lavishly. He was arrested at 261 West Twenty-fourth street, where it was learned that he was preparing to sail for South America.

Killed on the Track.
ELKHART, Ind., March 28.—Rev. H. M. Lamport, pastor of the Methodist church at Kendallville, and Henry Bowles, a local farmer, were killed at Osceola while walking on the track.

Tug and All on Board Lost.
BLAINE, Wash., March 28.—A reef tug has just reached here with the iron tug Tropic of Vancouver, B. C., was sunk with all on board in English bay. It is supposed the vessel struck a rock.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, MARCH 28.
SUN RISES..... 5:31 MOON SETS..... 7:47 PM
SUN SETS..... 6:58 MOON RISES..... 11:06 AM
LENGTH OF DAY, 12:31 FULL SEA..... 11:31 PM
WASHINGTON, March 28.—Forecast for New England: Generally fair weather; westerly winds; a slight rise in temperature in Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut.

TELEGRAPHIC REVIEWS.

Morrison's shoe shop, Candia Depot, N. H., was burned.

There is a big exodus of negroes from Memphis to Oklahoma.

Binghamton (N. Y.) brass/ness men have been swindled with bogus checks.

The senate is trying to discover how executive session secrets are revealed.

A factory watchman was murdered by strikers at Hunter's Point, New York.

HIGHLAND CLANS.

The Subject of an Essay and Discussion Before Clan McGregor Literary Society.

"Highland Clans" was the title of an essay read before this society last Saturday evening by Mr. Donald McKenzie. The vice-president, John Ross, occupied the chair and the attendance was fairly good. The subject of the essay is one of exceeding interest to Scotchmen and their descendants, and it is needless to say that it was ably handled by the learned ex-editor of the society.

At the outset the essayist defined the term Clan and proceeded to give an account of the various forms observed by the Clansmen on the selection of their chiefs. He then went on to speak of the customs which prevailed among the Highlanders, and gave some graphic illustrations of their chief characteristics such as their fidelity, bravery, powers of endurance, and love of their native country.

In referring to the national music, Mr. McKenzie said, the bagpipes were sacred to the heart of every Highlandman. The soul-stirring strains of this instrument had animated them on many a battle-field and brought to memory, thoughts of the heath clad hills of Scotland, when away in Crimea or traversing the burning sands of India.

The essayist closed by reciting a verse from Burns "Cotter's Saturday Night" a poem which never fails to find a responsive echo in the breast of every true Scotchman.

"Oh Scotia! my dear, my native soil,
For whom my warmest wish to heaven is sent,
Long may the hardy sons of rustic toil
Be blest with health and peace and sweet content,
And oh may heaven their simple lives protect
From luxury's contagion weak and vile,
Then how'er crowns and coronets be rent,
A virtuous populace may rise the while;
And stand a wall of fire around our much loved isle."

In the discussion which followed various opinions were expressed upon the merits and demerits of Highland Clansmen. Some members thought that Highlanders often got a larger share of honor than they were entitled to. There are certain regiments in the British army called highland but which as a matter of fact are largely composed of Englishmen, Irishmen, and lowland Scotchmen, now when honors are being given it is usually the highlandmen who are spoken of and the others are disregarded who may have done equally as much to uphold the credit of the regiment as those who get all the honors.

One member whose combative faculties are somewhat abnormally developed, went a good deal farther than this in criticizing the Highland men. He thought that as a rule they were a set of ignorant, ill bred cattle thieves and their courage and bravery were best displayed when they had visions of rich plunder to incite them on. This gentleman's remarks were severely censured by the patriotic descendants of clansmen present, and some of them told rather longwinded stories of the bravery shown by Highland men on many battle-fields. Generally speaking, however, the remarks of the members were favorable to the views of the essayist and he was by the unanimous vote of the meeting thanked for his interesting paper.

Wanted to be Middle Man.
Bud Brier of the Globe tells the following story:

Dr. Everett's boys at the Adams Academy, Quincy, have been for some time rehearsing a minstrel show, which is to be given in that city early next month. The other evening, in the hall at the boarding-house, when the doctor had relaxed his features into their normal expression after his exhortation in prayer, which, by the way, the boys tell me is sometimes as lengthy and equally as interesting as his campaign speeches, he faced his pupils and, with a stern countenance and the slightest touch of sarcasm, said: Boys, I don't object to it, but—and he hesitated while the youngsters conjured up visions of a severe scolding that might rob them of an hour's leisure before bed time, "but—you might have asked me to have been middle man."

—In connection with the high speed service it is pleasant to note that H. Walter Webb, the vice-president of the New York Central railroad, was instrumental in introducing the mile-a-minute trains from New York to Buffalo, declares that the running time between Boston and New York will be reduced to four hours, which will bring Gotham and the Hub two hours nearer each other than they are now.

A. G. DURGIN, Druggist.

RELIABILITY

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S SARSAPARILLA
WILL PURIFY THE BLOOD.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S SARSAPARILLA
FOR HEADACHES AND BILLIOUSNESS.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S SARSAPARILLA
MAKES THE SKIN CLEAR.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S SARSAPARILLA
SHOULD BE TAKEN NOW.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S SARSAPARILLA
IS THE BEST ON THE MARKET.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S SARSAPARILLA
IN FULL SIZE BOTTLES.
65 cents Per Bottle.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

A. G. DURGIN, Druggist.

ALLEN'S SARSAPARILLA

128 DOSES 50c.

100 DOSES \$1.00

GUARANTEED. Try this at our risk.

NOT GUARANTEED. Try this at your own risk.

WHICH WILL YOU TAKE?
ALLEN'S SARSAPARILLA, 128 Doses, 50c.
GUARANTEED TO CURE?
Or a smaller bottle of some other kind for \$1.00, which you buy at your own risk?

We are sure that if you try ALLEN'S once you will never use any other. The secret of its wonderful popularity is the fact that it cures even the worst cases of disease, and is sold at a popular price. It is perfectly harmless, being a concentrated extract of Roots and Herbs, such as Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Buchu, Birches, Etc.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
THE ALLEN SARSAPARILLA CO., Woodford, Me.
Branch Office, 125 Broad St., Boston.

COAL and WOOD,
C. PATCH & SON.
[FRANK S. PATCH.]
Quincy, Jan. 19.

Subscribe for the Daily Ledger



The wrong way, with Catarrh, is to stop it without curing it. The poisonous, irritating snuffs, strong caustic solutions, "creams," balms and the like may, perhaps, palliate for a time. But they may drive the disease to the lungs. The wrong way is full of danger.

The right way is a proved one. It's with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It cures, perfectly and permanently, by its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties, the worst cases of Chronic Catarrh. It has proved itself right, thousands of times, when everything else has failed.

And this makes its proprietors willing to prove that it's the right thing for you, no matter how bad your case or of how long standing.

If they can't cure your Catarrh, they'll pay you \$500 in cash.

They mean it. They're certain of their medicine.

E. T. YOUNG & CO.,

Electrical Engineers

AND CONTRACTORS.

Electric Light and Railway Supplies

INCANDESCENT

LIGHT AND BELL WIRING.

Gas and Combination Electric Chandeliers

Old Chandeliers Refinished.

Burglar Alarms, Speaking Tubes, Fire Alarm Supplies, Batteries and Bells of all kinds.

Office, No. 2 Washington Street,

QUINCY, Ill.

March 1. pl, mos

BICYCLES

For Sale on Easy Terms.

W. WILSON,

105 Granite Street, - - Quincy.

March 7. 6m

Have You Heard About Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds?

JULIAN HAWTHORNE

Will Tell You

IN THE LEDGER.



Diamonds Are Trumps

In this little scene from the romance of Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds as related by

Julian Hawthorne

It is one of this accomplished author's most interesting stories. Read it in this paper.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS.

and at the following places:

BOSTON—Old Colony News Stand after

3.30 P. M.

QUINCY—Ledger Office, 115 Hancock

Street.

Austin & Winslow's express office, 52

Washington Street.

Souther's Periodical Store, 1 Granite

Street.

McGovern Bros' Periodical Store, Han-

cock Street.

WEST QUINCY—Post Office, Crescent

Street.

Coram's Periodical Store, Copeland Street,

and his carriers.

BREWSTER'S CORNER—Miss Bartlett's,

Copeland Street.

WOLLASTON—Depot and C. F. Wilde's

carriers.

ATLANTIC—Cunningham's News Agency

and carriers.

QUINCY POINT—Post Office and Charles

H. Johnson's, Washington street.

SOUTH QUINCY—Quincy Adams' Depot

BRAINTREE—Henry B. Vinton

And by LEDGER Newsboys.

GEMS IN VERSE.

To One Beloved.

I will not wish thee wealth, since wealth may

bring

But empty pleasure, false and hollow joys

Of empty peace with rude and empty noise;

'Till life shall drop like bird on broken wing.

Nor will I ask thee years, since time may be

A thing beyond all others strangely sad,

A cursed gift to make men drunk or mad

With sordid care and pressing misery;

But I would crave for thee a rarer boon:

A spirit tuned to such serene accord—

As one of those beloved of the Lord—

That naught of all that cometh late or soon,

Beit of life or death, of joy or dole,

Can fret the calm of thy most constant soul.

—Mary Elizabeth Blake.

Got There First.



"Well, I would have been engaged

now if it were not for my chaplain."

"Did she interfere?"

"Yes; she became engaged to him her-

self."—Life.

In Brief.

There is a strike at the Portland (Conn.)

quarries.

A Danbury (Conn.) hat factory was

burned; loss, \$800.

T. C. Hildreth has been appointed post-

master at Hollis, N. H.

Herbert L. Perry, well-known Boston

real estate broker, is dead.

Several summer residences at Bass Point,

Nahant, Mass., were robbed.

The Willimantic (Conn.) Camp Meeting

association's next meeting will be held

Aug. 1-8.

The aggregate subscriptions to the Rus-

sian famine fund at Concord, N. H.,

amount to \$202.08.

Dr. Leonard Gerouard of Fall River,

Mass., attempted suicide by swallowing a

large dose of poison.

A log rolled on and crushed Henry

Charper at North Saco, Me., and his in-

juries may prove fatal.

The Haverhill (Mass.) aldermen voted to

request Charles F. Winch to resign his

position as a constable.

Monroe of Peabody, Mass., has let

a will establishing an orphan's home

at the death of his widow.

The Portland (Me.) city council elected

Charles S. Deake city auditor and John S.

Russell member of the board of health.

Deacon E. H. Hodgdon of Compton Vil-

lage, N. H., of the firm of E. Dole & Co.,

woolen manufacturers, was found dead in

his chair.

Ex-Judge Dwight Loomis gave the

town of Vernon, Conn., 500 valuable books

of reference from his private library, for a

free public library.

Treasurer Shove of Granite No. 2, Fall

River, Mass., declines to grant an increase

on sateen goods from 37 cents to 41 cents

a cut, and 175 looms are stopped.

Attorney General Eastman of New

Hampshire has given no consideration

whatever to the alleged irregularities in

Murderer Almy's sentence and trial.

A telegram to Captain William Mor-

risey of Gloucester, Mass., from New-

foundland says it is doubtful if American

vessels will be permitted to get bait there

this season.

Were "Long" on Wheat.

CHICAGO, March 29.—C. P. Doerr & Co.,

board of trade men, who have been "long"

500,000 bushels of wheat, with the market

declining, have failed.

Durham Men Refuse to Yield.

LONDON, March 29.—The Durham min-

ers have voted to continue the strike. The

police in the strike districts have been re-

inforced.

A Claim Settled After Thirty Years.

One of the oldest claims against the

government was presented long ago by

the sole survivor of a massacre on the

plains. Thirty years ago a family of

emigrants was traveling through Idaho

on its way to Oregon, when it was set

upon by Indians. The father and

mother, four sons and three daughters

were killed, but the youngest member of

the expedition, a male infant, was car-

ried into captivity. Having grown to

manhood he demanded from Uncle Sam

the value of the wagon in which the em-

igrant party was traveling when at-

tacked by the savages, the vehicle hav-

ing been subsequently found by a quar-

termaster in the army, who had applied

to his own uses. The amount, \$180,

was paid by the treasury and charged

against the quartermaster.—Washing-

ton Letter.

BLAND GIVES IT UP.

His Famous Free Coinage Bill is Now Dead.

AN AMICABLE SETTLEMENT

Will Probably Soon Be Reached in the

Behring Sea Difficulty—House Program

for Considering the Tariff—

New Measures Will Differ.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Mr. Pierce of

Tennessee, who had been trying to secure

the signatures of a majority of the Demo-

cratic members of the house to a petition

asking the committee on rules to report a

cloture rule in connection with the silver

free coinage bill, announced last yesterday

afternoon that the petition was withdrawn

and that the coinage men had given up

the fight in the house. Mr. Pierce said:

"We will make no further effort and have

decided to let the committee on rules as-

sume the responsibility. I have seen Mr.

Bland and speak for him also."

The silver bill now appears to be quite

dead. There are at least forty-five silver

Democrats who announced their determi-

nation to vote against the cloture proposi-

tion if it should be brought before the

house. This settled the question, and the

indications are that no further serious

efforts will be made to pass the Bland bill

or any other free silver measure. The Re-

publicans and the anti-silver Democrats

are jubilant and feel that under the cir-

cumstances they have accomplished a great

victory.

There is much ill feeling expressed by

the silver men on account of Speaker

Crisp's stand yesterday on the claim that,

by deciding against reporting a cloture

rule, unless supported by a majority of

his party, he has broken his word given to

Mr. Bland, Mr. Pierce, Mr. Stone and

others.

Mr. Bland said yesterday afternoon that

Thursday night, just before he moved to

adjourn the house and thus lost the sup-

port of the speaker for voting in the

bill, he had a consultation with Speaker

Crisp, and that Mr. Crisp assured him

that if he moved an adjournment the com-

mittee on rules would bring in another

special order providing for a direct vote

on the bill and pending amendments and

also a provision for cloture.

Satisfied with this, Mr. Bland moved to

adjourn, and next day, under the guid-

ance and advice of the speaker, drafted

the resolution which he introduced and

carried yesterday for a vote on the bill, and

also providing for a cloture. Mr. Crisp

assured him, says Mr. Bland, that he

would vote for this order in the com-

mittee on rules, and that it would undoubt-

edly be brought in. In view of the assur-

ances Mr. Bland thinks the speaker's

present attitude is inconsistent and hard

to explain, and he says he cannot under-

stand why Mr. Crisp went back on the

promises he gave to himself and the other

gentlemen mentioned.

Speaker Crisp, when shown Mr. Bland's

statement, said he was surprised that Mr.

Bland should have endeavored to mislead

the public by such a statement. A major-

ity of the Democrats voted against taking

the bill, and thereby demonstrated that

they favored its passage. The speaker

had assumed that gentlemen so voting fa-

avored a rule which would bring the house

to a direct vote on the bill and prevent

filibustering, and so believing, had voted

for it. Mr. Bland said he had no doubt the

committee would report a rule.

Mr. Crisp further declared that if a ma-

jority of the Democrats in the house signi-

fying a desire that the committee should

make a report which would enable the house

to come to a direct vote on the silver bill,

the committee will make a report. If they

do not so signify the committee will not

understand that the majority do not desire

it and the responsibility will rest with

the majority of the Democrats of the

house and not the committee on rules.

The speaker stated that he still favored

and would vote for free coinage of silver.

SALISBURY'S LATEST NOTE

On the Behring Sea Affair Re-arded as

Peaceful in Tone.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The president

Wants

Advertised in Ledger
Have Many Answers.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

A Fact.

Every Resident Should Be
a Daily Reader of Ledger.

VOL. 3. NO. 77.

QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1892.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

MONTCLAIR will be opened on FAST Day, Apr. 7th. It's the gem suburb of 1892. "It's without a flaw." Absolutely no drawbacks. All Quincy wants to be there and hundreds will be there. This newest of Quincy's developments takes the lead. Take a vacation Fast day, but don't waste it.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

ON the Granite Branch of the Old Colony, just beyond Atlantic—it has the best train service of any new suburb of Boston. The Montclair station is on the property—the new station on the Main Line, 5 minutes away, and the Atlantic station 10 minutes, give more than 100 trains daily.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

NEW station will be under way as soon as possible. The streets are now being built and all improvements made at our expense. The location is beautiful, with views of Boston and the water. You can see Montclair if you look towards Milton as you pass Atlantic going out.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

TO the first builders we will give a three years' ticket over the Old Colony from Boston. Your railroad fare paid for three years. This ought to interest people who expect to build this year. This number will be limited to ten—to take advantage of it you must apply early.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

CAN anything be easier than our system of easy payments. Five dollars is the first payment on all lots and after payments from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per week without interest. Lots 40 to 50 feet frontage and containing from 3500 to 5000 square feet. Price of land from 8 to 12 cents per foot. Price of lots from \$300 to \$500, and these are the best lots this side of Boston for the money.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

LAND is very high. This is important. Wet cellars cause sickness. Your cellar should be dry as dust. At Montclair the soil is splendid for drainage. Water will be put in all streets at our expense. Everything will be done to make the place the most attractive opened this year.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

ARE you looking for a place to invest a little money where it will be safe and at the same time give you a profit? Look into Montclair as a place to put it. These lots will be worth considerable more than we ask for them inside of one year from date, and they can never be worth less. They are sure not to go down and they may go up.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

INSURANCE of Title. We give free with each deed a policy of insurance in the Mass. Title Insurance Co. It's important to know that your title is good. No better evidence can you have than this policy. Don't miss the opening sale Fast day. Private sale.

S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
109 and 109a Ames B'lding,
BOSTON.

RESTRICTIONS on all builders. Montclair is a high class suburb and no cheap houses will be allowed. We have now under contract three very attractive houses, and want them to set the pace for all that follow. To insure an attractive suburb we will give without cost the services of Rand & Taylor, one of Boston's best architectural firms, to those wanting to build. Plans will cost you nothing. S. D. HANNAH & CO.,
BOSTON.

GOOD HOMES

— MEANS —

GOOD HEALTH.

— O —

One hundred and fifty house lots in a sunny Location, high and dry with good drainage.

A good healthy place for young and old.

A good investment for every purchaser.

5000 foot Lots for One Hundred Dollars.

Will sell Cash or Instalments.

GO FAST DAY

And see this property at

SUNNY SIDE PARK.

A. G. COFFIN,

21 South Street.

GO TO ROGERS BROTHERS,

Adams Building, Quincy,

AND BUY SOME OF THEIR

Sweet Pickles

If you want the Best you ever Used.

ALSO ASK FOR

Keene - Creamery - Butter.

FOR SALE IN

1-2 lb. Prints, 5 lb. Boxes, 10 lb. Tubs.

ROGERS BROTHERS, ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

COAL and WOOD, C. PATCH & SON.

Quincy, Jan. 10.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

STRONG ARGUMENTS

Advanced to Show Why the City
Should Buy Works of

THE QUINCY WATER COMPANY.

Ex-Mayor Porter One of the Promoters of
the Company Makes a Statement—Ex-
Councilman Shaw in Opposition—Several
Other Speakers.

The water meeting at City Hall last evening was not largely attended, but there was a very good attendance made up largely of representative citizens. Mayor Fairbanks presided. It was voted to limit the time of each speaker to fifteen minutes.

Ex-Mayor Porter made a clear explicit statement in defence of the company. He had been president and stockholder of the company until elected mayor. The question now before the people was a serious one. Didn't think a city could carry on water works as cheaply as a company. But because of the development of the real estate it might be economy for the city to own. Then the city can borrow cheaper.

Much had been said against the pipes, but the facts are that they will stand double pressure of cast iron. They were of rolled wrought iron treated with a preparation as is a plated silver fork.

The pipes which we had been told other cities were taking out were not the same as in Quincy, but were cement lined pipes. Lynn had 3000 feet of pipe similar to Quincy and had no trouble from it, but that city was replacing its cement-lined pipe.

The Quincy Water Company had a good pumping plant. The new reservoir had cost over \$125,000 and was one of the finest in New England. The storage capacity was 160,000,000 gallons. A million of gallons a day would in case of a drought last 160 days. The city was now using 50,000 gallons daily. In addition to the reservoir the wells would furnish 450,000 gallons daily. A still larger reservoir could be added when needed.

The water furnished was not bad but highly colored at times. It was not deleterious to health. The company wanted to improve its supply, by changing the entire bed of the brook, and by building a large filtering basin.

Mr. Porter volunteered to answer what questions might be propounded but none were forthcoming.

Ex-Councilman Shaw

Attacked the statement of the preceding speaker on the pipes, and explained at length how they were prepared. He said it was folly to argue that Quincy could not get a new grant. Pipes had been paralleled in other cities, and could be in Quincy.

It was said the company wanted to make improvement but he was afraid it wouldn't. It could not clean out the reservoir with the addition asked. He charged that the company wanted to sell; that the works were built to sell as quickly as possible. They were cheap works and if the company was allowed to go on he pitied the stockholders. The city should have the right to put in new works.

E. E. Williamson wanted Mr. Shaw to read the list of parallel cases. Mr. Shaw cited a few and then gave the list to Mr. Williamson.

George F. Pinkham

Briefly related the history of the water question in Quincy. When Dr. Faxon, Dr. Gordon and their associates appeared before the Legislature for charter to build the works there was not one remonstrance. The right was granted and many have availed themselves of it. When the charter was granted by the Legislature it gave us the right to take the works. We were to have three disinterested men appointed; they should give us the price. Can we ask for anything fairer than that? If the Water Company could have that clause stricken out, their stock would run up beyond par value. Ex-Mayor Porter has given us a statement in regard to the works, we cannot take it to be otherwise than truth.

No one believes that Dr. Gordon is trying to poison the people. If we are ever going to own the water works, the sooner we get them the better. Did not believe he would live to see two lines of pipe in

(Continued on Third Page.)

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Reports from Various Committees and
Other Matters of Interest.

BOSTON, March 31.—The public charities committee reported leave to withdraw on the petition of Carney hospital for a state appropriation of \$10,000.

The library committee reported a bill to extend to every town of less than \$200,000 valuation, which had a free public library before 1890 the law of 1890 for giving \$100 worth of books to the town.

The committee on election laws reported a bill to allow a party which casts 2 percent of the total vote, instead of 3 percent as at present, to put the names of its candidates on the official ballot without nomination papers.

The committee on water supply reported a bill authorizing Everett to issue \$100,000, thirty-year, 6 percent water bonds.

The committee on judiciary reported a bill providing that whoever keeps, sets up, promotes or is concerned as owner, agent, clerk or in any other manner, in managing any policy lottery or policy shops, or writes, prints, sells, transfers or delivers any ticket, certificate, slip, bill, token or other device, purporting or designed to guarantee or assure to any person or entitle any person to a chance of drawing or obtaining any prize or thing of value to be drawn in any lottery or in the game or device commonly known as policy lottery or policy, or for himself or another person writes, prints, sells or transfers, or delivers, or has in his possession for the purpose of sale, transfer or delivery, or in any way aids in selling, exchanging, negotiating, transferring or delivering a chance or ticket in any lottery, or in the game or device commonly known as policy lottery or policy or any such bill, slip, certificate, token or other device, shall be punished by fine not exceeding \$500, or imprisonment in the house of correction not exceeding one year.

By a vote of 81 to 71 the adverse report relative to exempting hotels of more than 100 rooms from the prohibition of liquor licenses for premises within a certain distance of public roads was sustained. The report of the committee on election laws, leave to withdraw, on the petition that the day on which the state election is held be made a legal holiday was also recommended.

Under suspension of the rule, on motion of Mr. Gillett, the house admitted the petition of the Boston Seamen's Friend society for leave to hold \$200,000 worth of property.

WALT WHITMAN'S FUNERAL.

Humanity's Band Buried with Songs of
Praise.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 31.—The body of Walt Whitman was consigned to the tomb built under his direction in Harleigh cemetery, in the outskirts of Camden, yesterday noon. The day was such a one as the poet would have chosen for his last rites.

Long before 11 o'clock, the hour at which the remains were to be exposed to public view, a crowd began to gather in front of the plain little frame house at 328 Mickle street, where the poet passed the last 18 years of his life.

When the door was opened they began passing in through the little room before the around the casket, which rested on pedestals in the adjoining room.

For over two hours the solemn procession kept on its way, and in all about 2500 people looked at the poet's face for the last time. There were a number of floral offerings. T. B. Aldrich of Boston sent a wreath of ivy and violets. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder sent palm leaves and a branch of laurel. A wreath of laurel was sent in the name of Sir Edwin Arnold.

Shortly after 2 o'clock the body was removed to Harleigh cemetery, where upwards of 5000 people had gathered, and at 3:15 the funeral services were held under a tent.

The pallbearers were: John Burroughs, Horace Howard Furness, J. H. Johnson, Lincoln Lyle, Judge C. Garrison, ex-Senator A. C. Cattel, Thomas Donaldson.

TOTAL DEPRIVITY

Exemplified by the Devilish Deeds of an
Ohio Man.

FINDLAY, O., March 31.—Joseph Lytle, an inmate of the Soldiers' home at Dayton, Sunday got leave of absence and came to the house here occupied by his invalid wife and his two daughters. He stayed quietly in the house and his family suspected nothing wrong. But he sharpened a hatchet and yesterday he crushed the skulls of his daughter Della with the poll of the hatchet, dealt a blow at his daughter Emma, inflicting a comparatively slight wound, and a terrible struggle ensued. He rained blows on the woman which she warded off with desperate energy. Six blows landed on her head without breaking her skull. One blow cut a finger off her right hand. Then the woman was exhausted and the fiendish ex-husband crushed her skull. After this he cut the piano, the pictures and all the furniture to pieces and gave himself up. The jail is guarded and public feeling is at the lynch point. Mrs. Lytle and Della will die. The only motive assigned is total depravity.

Shot in the Abdomen.

NEW YORK, March 31.—At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Stephen Rockefeller, the proprietor of a saloon at 209 West street, was shot in the abdomen by William Meyers, a barkeeper, whom he had discharged. The wound is probably fatal.

FAVORS UNCLE SAM.

Decision is Rendered in an Inter-
esting Case.

THE FREE SILVER MEN.

The Democratic Congressional Campaign
Committee Meet and Elect Officers.
Senator Cullom Not a Candidate for
the Presidency.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Justice Brewer, of the United States supreme court, sitting as a judge for the circuit court embracing the district of Nebraska, rendered a decision in the suit of the United States against the Western Union Telegraph Co., and the Union Pacific railway company to have declared illegal and annulled the contract between the Western Union and the Union Pacific, by which the former operates the telegraph line along the line of the railroad. The decision is in favor of the United States, sets aside the contract of 1881 between the two companies and directs the Union Pacific henceforth to operate its own telegraph line by its own agents and not through the instrumentality of the Western Union.

THEY DIE HARD.

Bland and His Followers Still Cling
to a Possible Chance.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Bland and his free silver followers die hard. They have not entirely abandoned all hope of hope of passing a free silver bill or getting a vote on it in some shape. They are directing their attention to the senate, and have had several conferences with their free silver friends in that body; but it appears they do not get much encouragement or comfort. They are also working their petition scheme, but thus far have only been able to get about thirty more.

A good many of the Republicans are very indignant today over interviews out over the country by Williams, Harter and others, asserting that the silver bill was defeated in the house entirely by action within the Democratic lines, and that the Republicans are entitled to no credit in the matter. This is just what was expected, and it is one reason why many of the Republicans desired to bring the question to a direct issue in order that every Democrat could be compelled to go on record on the bill itself without any side issues.

No one was more surprised than were these gentlemen, when Harter, on behalf of the Republicans, moved to lay the Bland bill on the table. It was that motion that prevented the adoption of the previous question, and which led for the time being to the defeat of the bill.

GRATITUDE EXPRESSED.

But Senator Cullom Says He is Not a
Presidential Candidate.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Senator Cullom, in a letter to ex-Mayor Roche of Chicago, dated March 23, expresses gratitude for the support he has received in his own state, and says: I desire, however, that my name shall not be longer used as a candidate for the office of president. The people seem to favor the renomination of President Harrison, whose administration has been able, clean, courageous and patriotic.

The senator further says that there is a great and stubborn battle before the party in Illinois and in the nation and to be assured of success there must be harmony in the ranks. The state and national convention should be wise in the selection of candidates who are most likely to give the party success and by success give assurance of the continuance of the present foreign and domestic policy of the government.

THE NEW ENGLAND MEMBERS

Of the Democratic Congressional Cam-
paign Committee.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—At the meeting of the Democratic congressional campaign committee last evening, Hon. John L. Mitchell of Wisconsin, was elected chairman; Lawrence Gardner of the District of Columbia, secretary and J. T. Torris, of the District of Columbia, treasurer. The chairman was authorized to appoint the executive committee. The New England members of the committee are: Connecticut, Blank; Maine, Charles B. Morton; Massachusetts, John A. Andrew; New Hampshire, Luther F. McKinney; Rhode Island, Oscar Lapham; Vermont, B. B. Smealley.

Death of General Dustin.

CARTHAGE, Mo., March 31.—General Daniel Dustin, assistant United States treasurer at Chicago, who came here a week ago, hoping the change might benefit his failing health, died yesterday afternoon at the home of his daughter, Mrs. B. W. Myers. He was 72 years old.

Reverses the Apportionment.

COLUMBUS, O., March 31.—The legislature has enacted into a law the bill reversing the state for congressional purposes. It gives the Democrats six districts and the Republicans fifteen, reversing the present apportionment.

A. G. DURGIN, Druggist.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S
SARSAPARILLA
WILL PURIFY THE BLOOD.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S
SARSAPARILLA
FOR HEADACHES AND BILLIOUSNESS.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S
SARSAPARILLA
MAKES THE SKIN CLEAR.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S
SARSAPARILLA
SHOULD BE TAKEN NOW.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S
SARSAPARILLA
IS THE BEST ON THE MARKET.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

DURGIN'S
SARSAPARILLA
IN FULL SIZE BOTTLES.
65 cents Per Bottle.

All Patent Medicines at Cut Prices.

A. G. DURGIN, Druggist.

SPRING OVERCOATS,

\$10.00,
\$12.00,
\$15.00,

Popular Prices for Excellent Qualities. Latest Styles and Choicest Colorings of Spring Overcoats.

QUINCY ONE PRICE
Clothing Company,
DURGIN & MERRILL BLOCK.

Subscribe for the Daily Ledger

JUST ARRIVED, Direct from the Cannery.

A fresh invoice of the celebrated Franco-American Co.'s

SOUPS,

ASSORTED.

These soups are prepared in New York, under the supervision of Mons. A. Biardot, a famous French chef, and are declared by physicians and connoisseurs to be the finest article of food put up in cans. We have a full assortment, as follows:

| | |
|------------------|----------|
| Green Turtle, | 90c. can |
| Terrapin, | 90c. " |
| Chicken-Gumbo, | 40c. " |
| Chicken, | 35c. " |
| Beef, | 35c. " |
| Ox Tail, | 35c. " |
| Mock Turtle, | 35c. " |
| Vegetable, | 35c. " |
| Consomme, | 35c. " |
| Printanier, | 35c. " |
| French Bouillon, | 35c. " |
| Jullienne, | 35c. " |
| Mutton Broth, | 35c. " |
| Tomato, | 35c. " |
| Mulligatawnay, | 35c. " |
| Pea, | 35c. " |
| Pearl Tapioca, | 35c. " |

Also a lot of extra
CIDER JELLY,
in 5 lb. boxes, 35c. a box.

DANIEL J. DEASY,
23 HANCOCK STREET.
March 30. 6t

National Mount Wollaston Bank.

A DIVIDEND of three per cent. will be payable on and after April 1st.
HORACE F. SPEAR, Cashier.
Quincy, March 31, 1892. L&P 1w

National Granite Bank.

THE National Granite Bank declared a dividend of 3 per cent. payable on and after April 1st.
R. F. CLAFIN, Cashier.
March 31. L&P-1t

HORSE FOUND.

SMALL Bay Mare, two white feet. Also, covered grey, built by Harper; harness and robes.
G. H. ARNOLD.
Middle street, Braintree.
March 30. 3t

DRESS MAKING.

MRS. J. F. CORCORAN has opened Dress and Coat Making Rooms at 58 Washington street. Use the original S. T. Taylor system. Patronage respectfully solicited. Quincy, March 29--6t 1w

WANTED.

WANTED.—Situation as working house-keeper. Address Lock Box 108, Quincy, Mass. March 30--3t

WANTED.—Situation to do general housework by an experienced Swedish girl. Apply at house back of Boston Branch Grocery. March 31--1t

GIRLS WANTED.—At Drake's factory. Apply at once. March 28--1t

WANTED.—Situation by a young man on a gentleman's place. Would like to board with employer; excellent reference. Address "A. B. LEDGER" office. Quincy, March 28. 6t

TO LET.

TWO Nice Rooms in Adams Building.—one has been occupied by the Electric Street Railway Co., and the other by Mr. Cobb. Also, smaller rooms.
Apply to the Janitor.
Quincy, March 31--L3t April 2--P1t

TO LET.—House of 8 rooms, pleasantly located in centre of city. Apply to E. G. PRATT, Spear street. March 28--1t

TO LET.

TO LET.—A Pleasant tenement, six rooms, on Spear street, near the Public Library. Excellent well water, dry cellar, good garden, plenty of grapes, cherries and blackberries. Possession given April 1st. Apply to GEORGE W. PRESCOTT.
Quincy, March 24. 1t

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

TWO Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, in nice house, 4 or 5 minutes' walk from depot; good neighborhood; terms moderate. Apply at 27 Canal street, (corner Bigelow).
March 14. MWS-1t

FOR SALE.

ONE of the most desirable estates in West Quincy, consisting of one acre of land, large 2-story dwelling house containing 10 rooms, in excellent repair. Stable, 20x25, with three stalls. A great bargain is offered, as the party is obliged to change his location. Apply to
B. N. ADAMS,
Real Estate, Quincy.
Oct. 10--1t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—2 acres of valuable building land at Quincy Point, being the 1-5 interest of Mrs. E. C. Follett in the Baxter property. Will be sold in whole or lots to suit. Apply to B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy.
Sept. 3--1t P.5--1t

FOR SALE AT QUINCY POINT.

ESTATE corner Washington street and Washington court, owned by Mrs. G. M. Whiton. House of 7 rooms, in good repair; about 21,000 feet of land with fruit trees, grape vines, etc. Price very low if sold at once. Apply to GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Agents, Adams Building, Quincy.
Mar. 26--P8w Mar. 22--L38t

FOR SALE AT WOLLASTON.

THE Cook Estate on Hancock street, Wollaston. House of 9 rooms; barn and henhouse; about 27,000 feet of land with quantity of fine fruit and shade trees. Low price; easy terms. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., agents, Adams Building, Quincy.
Mar. 23--1t 26--P1t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

— BY —

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

By Carriers.

One month, \$.50

Three months, 1.50

Six months, 3.00

One year, 5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by

carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one

week, \$1.00; one month, \$5.00.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found,

Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding

four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion;

10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 2133 QUINCY.

A HOSPITAL is assured for Brockton.

The subscriptions amount to \$12,871. W.

L. Douglas headed the list with \$1,000.

DEDHAM is going in for improvements

this year. The recommendation of the

committee will jump the tax rate from \$13

to \$19 per thousand.

HOSPITAL BENEFIT.

An Immense Gathering at the Coliseum

Last Evening.

The committee in charge of the Hospital

entertainment are to be congratulated on

the fine success they had with the entertain-

ment last evening. There was an im-

mensurable crowd—more than the Coli-

seum could accommodate with any pleasure

to the audience. It is to be hoped that

some day soon the city will have a nice,

comfortable hall.

The entertainment financially must have

been grand, and those who took part are

deserving, no doubt, of much praise; but

much of the programme appeared like a

tableau—nothing scarcely could be heard

at the rear of the hall. No one was to

blame, as it was the fault of the hall; en-

tirely unfit for the large gathering. The

audience bore it patiently, and seemed

pleased to think a rich harvest would be

gathered for our City Hospital.

New Publications.

The thousands of admirers of James

Whitcomb Riley will turn to Walter Black-

burn Hart's generous estimate of his

poetry in the April New England Magazine.

Hart calls Riley "the Burns of contem-

porary American poetry." He also writes of

Progress and Poetry, declaring that this

generation is as heroic as past generations,

and as worthy of poets.

The "Household Idol" is the latest novel

of Marie Bernhard, author of "The Rector

of St. Luke's," and a charming story of

life among the highest circles of society,

the scene being laid at the present time.

The heroine, "The Household Idol" is the

belles of all Hamburg, idolized by parents

and friends. The interest is fully sustained

throughout the entire story, the characters

being drawn with singular clearness and

fidelity. Published by Worthington & Co.,

New York.

Town Meeting at Hyde Park.

Hyde Park made her appropriation for

1892 Wednesday evening. The total is

\$112,675 as follows:

Public schools, \$38,450; debt and interest

\$22,000; public library, \$1850; repairs of

highways, \$4000; permanent highway im-

provements, \$12,000; board of health,

\$1500; incidentals, \$7000; officers' salaries,

\$3325; police department, \$4000; support

of poor, \$3500; street lights, \$7000; fire de-

partment, \$4700; school deficiencies, \$2500;

G. A. R., \$150.

Surprise Party.

Something like thirty of the many friends

of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Nash tendered

them a surprise party Wednesday evening

at their residence on Codding street. The

evening was passed in a pleasant man-

ner with games, music and supper. It is

unnecessary to say that a grand good time

was enjoyed.

WEYMOUTH.

The Democrat of Weymouth at their

caucus Wednesday evening elected the fol-

lowing delegates to the State convention:

James L. Lincoln at-large, Maj. John W.

Hart, Albert P. Worthen, John A. Hol-

brook, Henry A. Nash, George W. Parker,

Michael Sheehy, James Moore, John Mel-

ville, William T. Reilly, Robert H. Healey.

The delegates are solid for Cleveland.

A guarantee with every bottle of

Allen's Sarsaparilla, no benefit, no

pay.

BORN.

LESLIE—In Quincy, March 29, a son to

Mr. and Mrs. John Leslie of Water

street.

DIED.

BILLINGS—In Canton, Mar. 29, Mrs.

Dorcas Clark, wife of Mr. Samuel Bill-

ings, aged 76 years.

CARLEY—In Quincy, Mar. 30, Margaret

Carley, aged 67 years.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON FIRST MORTGAGES

OF REAL ESTATE.

GEORGE H. BROWN & CO.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

March 30. P&L-1t

TRADE IN COUNCIL.

Meeting of Maine State Board

at Biddeford.

CASE OF FRANK ALMY.

A Wife Deserter Discovered in a Mas-

sachusetts Town—Big Suit in Alleged

Malpractice Case.—Death of a Promi-

nent Lawyer.—Notes from Various

Parts of New England.

BIDDEFORD, Me., March 31.—The chief

matter of interest before the state board

of trade yesterday was the passage of

several resolutions, among them one fa-

voring Senator Frye's bill against com-

pulsory pilotage, another favoring the

raising by voluntary subscription through

the local boards of trade of the \$5000 to

\$7000 necessary for the completion of

Maine's building at the World's fair; and

a third favoring the publication and dis-

tribution of an illustrated pamphlet show-

ing up Maine's seaside resorts, lakes and

game territory. The suggestions made

in Gen. Mattocks' address on what Maine

ought to do for the World's fair were

indorsed.

Henry L. Lord of Biddeford offered a

resolution of the Maine Medical Associa-

tion favoring the placing of Episcopal

stars and stripes over every schoolhouse

in the state. Finally Mr. Lord's resolu-

tion was adopted.

At 8 o'clock last night the delegates

fled into the banquet hall, where plates

were laid for 140. After the banquet,

President John P. Goldthwaite of the Bid-

deford board welcomed the visiting dele-

gates. Henry Lord of Bangor, president

of the state board, was called upon. He

spoke for nearly half an hour of Maine's

resources, its industrial growth within the

last few years, and enlarged upon its po-

ssibilities and the probabilities of further

extension of its industries.

Representative W. T. Haines of Water-

ville was the next speaker. He compared

the natural resources and development of

this state with those of southern states

into which so much Maine capital has

flowed of late years, and showed some

of the advantages to be derived from home

investments.

Senator Charles P. Libby of Portland

spoke of the need of increased railroad

facilities.

C. I. Barker of Lewiston gave some in-

teresting information about Maine's cot-

ton mills, showing the increase of their

plants in the last quarter of a century.

Mayor J. O. Bradbury of Saco and

others spoke.

DID SHE CONFESS?

Heavy Damages in a Suit Against a

Physician for Alleged Malpractice.

NEW HAVEN, March 31.—David F.

Hankinson of this city, has brought suit

against Dr. H. B. Flaggan, an aged physician,

alleging malpractice in treatment of his

wife. He claims \$2000 damages. The case

is a very much involved one. The parties

all being in Binghamton, N. Y., whence

they removed to Bridgeport, finally locat-

ing here. The doctor has been treating

Mrs. Hankinson to cure her of the mope-

phic habit. The husband, a few days since,

had the wife removed to the almshouse,

pending an examination as to her sanity.

While here the woman rapidly improved

in condition, and it is alleged she made

confession to her husband, making grave

charges against Dr. Flaggan, one of which

was that the doctor threatened to have her

adjudged insane if she betrayed him.

Hank



PEOPLE'S MARKET,
PEOPLE'S PRICES.
WE LEAD THEM ALL.
TRY OUR
FOREST CITY CREAMERY BUTTER,
Received Daily. 35c. per lb.

GOOD CAN CORN, - - 10c. per can.
GOOD CAN TOMATOES, - 10c. per can.
LEADER CROSBY CORN, THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Poultry, Meats and Vegetables
AT LOW PRICES.
Give us a Call. Goods Delivered Promptly.
G. H. JOHNSON, 160 Washington St.
March 23. 1m

Allen's Sarsaparilla
128 Doses, 50 Cents.
 $50/128(2\frac{23}{30}) = 2\frac{23}{30}$ or about
 $\frac{100}{28} = 3\frac{1}{2}$ Doses for
One Cent.

THESE FIGURES DON'T LIE!
And what is more, a trial will convince you that every dose of
ALLEN'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA
is worth five of any other remedy for RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, KIDNEY AND
LIVER DISEASES, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, SICK HEADACHE,
LOSS OF APPETITE, and all diseases of the STOMACH AND BLOOD.
We guarantee it. No benefit, money refunded.
Sold by all Druggists for 50c. No Less.
THE ALLEN SARSAPARILLA CO., WOODFORDS, ME.

SUBSCRIBE
—FOR THE—
Quincy Daily Ledger



DON'T GO TO BOSTON!
To get yourself or any of your friends a **BICYCLE**, for you can be supplied by
E. B. SOUTHER
at just as **LOW PRICES** as can be obtained from the Manufacturers.
All Bicycle Findings on hand or procured at the shortest notice.
Quincy, March 21.

STRONG ARGUMENTS.

(Continued from First Page).

the city. If the town had purchased the works in 1888 it would have been \$100,000 better off today. The sooner the city buys, the better, whether the pipes are poor things or not. Nine years have gone by since they were laid, and when you take up a piece of that pipe it looks as well as new. The gentleman last up undertook to tell us about the Lynn pipes. Did any one get any information about it? Simply that they had 3,000 feet of pipe similar to Quincy.

Mr. Howland the engineer, when asked by the speaker why the wrought iron pipe was put in, said: "We put in that pipe because we called it the best. The speaker believed we had a good system of water. That it needs cleaning there is no doubt, and the company or city should have some way of doing so. If it is such dead dealing stuff let us take it and fix it. He hoped next Wednesday that the city will vote not only two-thirds to buy but four-fifths, and when the Supreme Court has told us the price we will get the money at the best rate. Do not let us be fooled on this matter. If we vote it down this year, it will be brought up next year and so on. Let us vote to buy or have that part of the charter obliterated."

Councilman Sherman
Was prepared for the discussion, and read the following:
Let us try to argue this question from a pure business standpoint. Let us, for the moment, do away with all malice and spite, burying if possible A's or B's reason for action, and try to comprehend if we can what is the best good for all the citizens of Quincy.

The most eminent lawyers in this state tell us no Massachusetts legislature will ever grant the city of Quincy the right to parallel the existing system. Unprejudiced, clear-headed business men are of the same opinion. This conclusion is based, not only on right and justice, but on the clearest and soundest of business principles: Right and justice to the company, and none the less to the people of Quincy.

When the legislature of the State of Massachusetts was petitioned by the Quincy Water Company for the right to build a system of water-works in that portion of our commonwealth circumscribed by the imaginary lines which inclose this municipality, what did this law-making and charter-granting power do? Why, they gave a hearing. To whom? To the citizens of Quincy, to all parties interested. Did any official or private citizen of Quincy attend the hearing and raise so much as a little finger in protest? There were no protests raised, no objections expressed. By our silence we bade the Water Company God-speed.

You remember the petition to the legislature by Quincy's wide-awake men for a charter to build a system of sewers in Quincy. There was a hearing; Quincy objected, and the petitioners had leave to withdraw. If the citizens of Quincy had objected or protested, the projectors of the Quincy Water Company would have been obliged to withdraw, and we should still be working the pump-handle, and sinking "The Old Oaken Bucket." The City of Quincy could simply for the asking have secured the exclusive right to supply water to its citizens, and that charter once granted would have been as sacred to us as it is

ow to the Company.

We must not forget in the consideration of this question in all its bearings, that the legislature of Massachusetts in the exercise of its duty, guards the rights of every man, woman and child in this Commonwealth. It stands as a bulwark between each and every citizen and all schemes, protecting with a firm hand and a watchful eye all interests; not the least of which are those of a pecuniary nature. I wish to affirm in a most positive manner that no future legislature of Massachusetts will ever grant a duplicate charter to the City of Quincy.

We will not argue the moral side of this question, but taking it for granted that we have swallowed all scruples, and putting on full evening dress over our piratical skins, we proceed at once to steal their business, and wipe their plant out of existence. Do any clear-headed business men imagine for an instant that the bondholders of the Quincy Water Company will quietly and submissively place themselves in a position to be swallowed? The blood flowing from their veins is very similar to ours and they will fight harder for their half million dollars with the subject continually before them, than the three thousand voters whose attention is called to the matter simply periodically.

One of the greatest advantages that the present Company will have over the city, in case a duplicate charter were granted, is that of precedence. With ten years' start today, and a yearly revenue of thirty-four thousand dollars, and a prospective income of over fifty thousand dollars long before the city can even begin to sell water, we, as a city, would have unsurmountable objection to overcome in this respect alone.

Now the legislature of Massachusetts will never allow the City of Quincy to go into the business of selling water out of more sentiment. This law-making power will first require the petitioners to show a reasonable, prospective revenue. With a system costing ultimately over one million dollars, the city would need a revenue of ten thousand dollars in order to pay 4 per cent. on borrowed money and the fixed charges or expenses. The legislature will not allow the money of the citizens of Quincy to be put into an enterprise that bears the stamp of failure on its prospects.

And why can we not, fellow citizens, look at this matter in something the same light? I have no patience with those men who are continually harping on the theme that the Supreme Court of the State of Massachusetts will not give us three honest and true men to correctly and impartially determine the value of the present system.

But we will suppose, for the sake of argument, that we should pay for the present works one hundred, or even two hundred thousand dollars more than they actually cost, or more than the city would have to pay to duplicate the same system today. The interest on two hundred thousand dollars borrowed by the city would not be over seven or eight thousand dollars per year. Is this not; fellow citizens, a cheap price to be rid of a disagreeable and dangerous competitor? Is there a business man in this hall who would not, under the same circumstances, pay a price equally large to wipe out or do away with so dangerous a competitor? We find this done in business every day of our lives. Citizens may argue that competition is the life of trade; there are, however, many things in which, for the best interests of the people, there are exceptions to this general rule; and one of these is the sale of water to the people. Competition in the sale of water increases the price to the consumer.

To the man who honestly believes that the city should not own any water works, I have this to say. Look in every direction and see the thousand acres of unoccupied unimproved land in our naturally beautiful city, and tell me do you candidly believe a private company can extend its mains fast enough to keep pace with the demands of our rapidly increasing prosperity? As I said in the start this is purely a matter of business. Private corporations means high rates for borrowing and a desire for quick profits. City ownership means low rates of interest and patiently waiting for the plant to make a handsome return on a liberal investment.

William H. Glennon

Told of his 14 years experience building water works, to show that he knew what he was talking about. He then went on to say he was not in favor of the city buying the water works at the present time. Storage water is not as good as a running stream. It will cost nearly a million to buy the works and that will not be half the cost. That meadow has got to be cleaned out before we can get pure water. We can put up a condenser near the Salt-ore's Home and have an ever lasting supply.

Fred A. Claffin

Said the only point against the purchase of the water works seemed to narrow down to one thing, the pipes. He had always heard the practical work was poor. This had been proven false. That is the objection tonight. They are afraid the commissioners would not see the works and they would tell us to buy. He believed the interest of Quincy should be considered. Looking at it as a mere matter of business, the common sense is to buy. Do we want this useful agent in the hands of a private company? I do not think we do. The introduction of

that water has been a blessing to Quincy.

George Cahill.

Every man who has spoken in favor of the purchasing of the works tonight is a friend of the company. Everything seems to be in favor of the city owning the water works. He was also in favor of them can be had at a fair and reasonable price. They all say the Legislature would never grant a charter to the city of Quincy. Where do they get their information? Bills more improbable than this have been passed and will be again. The company will not give a price. Ought the city under these circumstances to purchase. He was in favor of buying but not buying a pig in the bag.

If the company wants to sell out, let them fix their price and the people can vote understandingly next Wednesday. A gentleman has offered to put in as good works as we have now for \$240,000. The cost of Weymouth's works did not amount to \$400,000. If we can get as good as Weymouth's for \$400,000 or \$500,000 would it not be wise to wait rather than buy these and pay perhaps a million? Why cannot the city through its Mayor make a fair price with the company. He believed if the company would state its price the citizens would be willing to pay a fair price. He hoped the people would never be foolish enough to buy the works without knowing what they are to pay for them.

George A. Litchfield

Said his prejudice was somewhat against the company. The only two questions are: Is it better for Quincy to own its water plant? Yes or No. If so can the present plant be had at a fair price? The pipes have nothing to do with the case. The commissioners are going into this matter. You are basing your supposition that there are to be three assess instead of three gentlemen appointed. They are just as likely to judge seemingly unfair to the Water Company as to the city. Had you not rather pay more than they are worth rather than have two companies digging up our street?

Braintree has been referred to as fortunate, but have they not been obliged to pay for both systems?

Mr. Shaw then rose to ask a question, and as he went on to explain at length the Braintree case, when Mr. Litchfield objected to giving up his time and Mr. Shaw was called to order.

Continuing Mr. Litchfield said, Mr. Cahill would have us believe the company want to sell. If they did they would make their price. He did not care whether they wanted to sell or not. We want to take it from them as the charter provides. It was for the interest of the city to compel them to sell. Let us own the water works.

President Thompson

Said as there had been some misunderstanding as to how this question had been brought about some statement of it was not out of place. He then at length told about that part of the Mayor's inaugural being referred to a committee of the Council; of the petition of the Water Company, etc. He did not understand that anyone connected with the Water Company had anything to do in presenting this question. He believed upon investigation that the way for the City of Quincy to have water works was through the present supply supplemented by that of the Blue Hill river.

He believed the source of supply as reported by Blake would have to be determined by additional boring. What good are those works of his if the supply is not ample for the city? If that supply was all right we will have to have a number of law suits. An engineer had told him in order to put in the reservoir it would cost \$800,000. Blake's report was a good one but he had not told the whole story. If we are to have a water supply it can only be under the Acts of 1891, and we can only operate that in connection with the Quincy Water Company.

John L. Miller.

The Willard school building would never have been burned if the Water Company had had a proper supply. We, as citizens, said we would never put in these works, but the company were daring and put them in for us. Shall they give it up for nothing? No. That is not the way citizens reason.

It comes right down to this; do you want protection over the thickly settled section? Do you want the city to own and have the say about it. He believed the works were all right and that the city should buy them and that the Supreme Court will appoint three honest men to determine the price. He hoped the city will vote to purchase the works.

Councilman Powers

Explained his position. We employed the services of Mr. Blake and on the strength of his report the city applied for a charter and made a feeble fight. The City Solicitor refused to go into that hearing and defend the city. He should have passed in his resignation and some able lawyer have been engaged. It was advisable for the city to buy the works if they were good. The water has been analyzed and it is said to be bad. Engineer Blake says we can put in a plant twice as good as the Water Company's for \$125,000 less.

Upon motion of President Thompson the meeting adjourned at 10.30 until Friday evening.

LEONARD & FOSTER,

ATTORNEYS and COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.
Adams Building, Room 22.
Office Hours 7 to 9 P. M.
BOSTON OFFICE, 25 EQUITABLE BUILDING.
Reference by permission to the National Granite Bank of Quincy, Mr. Theophilus King and the National Bank of Redemption of Boston.
March 19-1992

A NARROW ESCAPE

Of a Connecticut Man from an Insane Barber.

JEWETT CITY, Conn., March 31.—A great sensation was created here Wednesday when William Reese, a barber, became suddenly insane while shaving Larkin Jackson. He had just finished lathering Jackson's face when he suddenly remarked to him: "Jackson, you would make a beautiful corpse. I will take you to heaven with me." The barber's eyes grew wild and his hand moved unceasingly, scratching Jackson's face. He laid the razor down for a minute and began rubbing his hands. Jackson, thinking it was about time to get out, sprang from the chair and rushed for the door, but Reese was too quick for him, and headed him off. Jackson grappled with the madman, and after a desperate struggle, succeeded in freeing himself, and started down the street with Reese in close pursuit. Reese stumbled and fell, and was quickly overpowered by several men who had been attracted by the chase. He was locked up and will be taken to an asylum.

EVERYTHING NOW READY

And Thousands are Crowding to the New Indian Reservation.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 31.—Everything is in readiness on the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservations for the president's proclamation, at El Reno, Kingfisher and Hennessy, every boarding house is packed and hundreds are living in temporary sheds and tents. Every incoming train is loaded down. Thousands are coming in wagons. Wagon trains can be seen going in that direction, some of which are a mile in length. It is estimated that by April 10, the date fixed for the opening, fully 50,000 people will be ready to enter the lands. About one-fifth of these will be negroes.

The Cheyenne and Arapahoe tribes have been allotted lands in this reservation number 550 and none of them are civilized in the least. Over 500 of them are now holding a ghost dance at the Red Hills, north of Fort Reno and declare their Messiah will yet come in time to keep the horde of whites out of their lands.

Collector Notified.

OTTAWA, March 31.—The collector of customs at Victoria, B. C., has been notified by telegraph from here not to allow any more clearances to vessels going to Beuring sea. This is taken as an indication that an agreement has been reached between Lord Salisbury and Mr. Blaine for the revival of the sealing modus vivendi.

Died in the Pulpit.

READING, Pa., March 31.—Rev. Joshua Shultz, over 80 years old, a well known Schwenfelder preacher residing in Hereford township, fell over dead while sitting in the pulpit, at the funeral of Abraham Kraus, near Palm station yesterday. Death was due to heart failure.

Fire in a Hotel.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The Hotel St. Cloud in West Orange, N. J., was burned last night. There being no fire department in the place the whole building with its contents was a total loss. The estimated loss is \$50,000; insured.

Loss of Life by Fire.

RANGCOO, March 31.—A great fire is raging in Mandalay. Three-quarters of the town is already destroyed, including the telegraph office and the old palace. Great loss of life is reported.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ALMANAC FOR THURSDAY, MARCH 31.
SEA RISES. 5 23 MOON SETS. 10 28 PM
SUN SETS. 6 10 FULL SEA. 1 10 PM
LENGTH OF DAY. 12 42
WASHINGTON, March 31.—Forecast for Maine and New Hampshire: Fair weather, winds shifting to southeast; no change in temperature.
For Vermont: Fair; probably followed by light showers; southeast winds.
For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair; probably light showers; southeast winds.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Richelieu hotel, Chicago, has been sold.
John Nowlin and James Neville will get no pardon.
The disabled steamer Eider is now at Southampton.
Two children were burned to death at Nashville, Ind.
A seven story building at Cincinnati was destroyed by fire.
Fourteen lives were lost in a collision off the Isle of Wight.
D. S. Libbey has been appointed postmaster at Newport, Me.
A peculiar error may cause the Maverick bank indictments to be thrown out of court.
Blockader's lumber mill at Hecanooga, N. S., was burned. Loss \$85,000; partially insured.
The guilty officers of the Fraternal circle have been sentenced to five years in state prison.
Edward Lloyd, the tenor, and Harry Furniss, the artist, sailed for New York on the Teutonic.
The Upper Canada furniture factory at Bowmanville, Ont., was burned. Loss, \$90,000, partially insured.
Hon. Mr. Ryan, president of the legislative council died at Fredericton, N. B. He was ill only five days.
The operative tailors of Boston are to join in a movement to organize an "anti-sweating" league.
The passage of the Behring sea arbitration treaty by the senate is regarded in England as a triumph for English diplomacy.
The London Times thinks that England has fought Canada's battles long enough, referring particularly to the Behring sea dispute.
Dr. von Bulow, the famous musical conductor, caused considerable excitement at a concert in Berlin by his remarks on current politics.
The British steamer Brampton, Captain Dryden, which sailed from St. Jago Feb. 10 for Philadelphia, has been posted at Lloyds as missing.
Harvard observatory is to discontinue furnishing accurate time, the service for the future being carried on by the naval observatory.
A dispatch to The Times from Buenos Ayres says it is reported that Forte Coimbra intends to make armed resistance to the national authorities.
Isidore Proulx, Liberal, was returned to the house of commons in the bye-election in the Prescott division, defeating Joseph Lomieux, Conservative, by about 250 majority.

NATION ASKED TO UNITE

In Celebrating the Anniversary of the Discovery of America.

CHICAGO, March 30.—President Bonney of the World's congress auxiliary of the Columbian exposition has issued an address regarding the celebration of discovery day, Oct. 12. That date—the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America—is to be celebrated in Chicago by the dedication of the exposition grounds. The congress asks that the whole continent participate in the recognition of the day. The address says that the day of the finding of America should be celebrated everywhere in America, and makes the further suggestion that the universal celebration be systematic, pervaded as far as possible by a single idea of leading national significance. The address, accordingly, proposes that the most representative American institution—the public school—be everywhere the center of the local celebration.

The schools of the United States are requested to celebrate the day in their various localities, and to make this possible, the World's congress invites the co-operation of educators and teachers throughout the nation. The press is asked to enlist itself to make a systematic celebration general. The address suggests that at least one feature of the exercises be identical in both exposition dedication and local celebrations. President Bonney and the national body superintendents of education have jointly appointed the following executive committee to promote the celebration and prepare a uniform program for use in all localities: Francis Bellamy of The Youth's Companion, Boston, chairman, and the following state superintendents of education: J. W. Dickinson, Massachusetts; T. B. Stockwell, Rhode Island; W. R. Garrett, Tennessee; W. C. Hewitt, Michigan.

This committee will also, through state superintendents of education, solicit the governors of the states to proclaim Oct. 12 a holiday.

For Subsidiary Coins.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The speaker laid before the house yesterday a letter from the secretary of the treasury transmitting a communication from the director of the mint, requesting an immediate appropriation of \$50,000 for the recoining of uncurrent and worn subsidiary coins. Mr. Leach, in his communication, states that the appropriation of \$150,000 made March 3, 1891, for this purpose is practically exhausted.

The Ideal Race Course.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Secretary Crickmore of the Monmouth Park association announces that the association has decided to run its races of 1892 at Monmouth park, the ideal race course created by the late David Dunsmuir Withers. The stakes usually announced to close in March, will close Monday, April 18. The Monmouth meeting will begin on July 4.

Opposed to a Lazaretto.

PANAMA, March 31.—The people of Panama are very much opposed to the erection of a lazaretto on the island of Coiba, as proposed by the Colombian authorities. It is said, should the lazaretto be built, the lepers would have to be conveyed over the Panama railroad. It is suggested that a site on the Caribbean coast would be better.

Settled by Agreement.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 31.—The case of Emma De Morse et al. vs. Edwin A. Thing et al., has been settled by agreement. Mrs. Morse, as executrix of the estate of her late husband, Edwin Morse, of the lathe and Morse Tool company, in which Mr. Thing was a partner, receives \$37,000 in addition to \$5000 already decreed her by the court as her share of the property.

DO YOU

Want
Something
That will

STICK?

Sanford's Superior Mucilage,

EXTRA LARGE BOTTLES, \$1.

SOMETHING CHEAPER FOR 60c.

AT SOUTHER'S

No. 1 Granite St., Quincy.

FOR SALE.

ONE BAY HORSE, 6 years old, weighs 1350 lbs., sound, kind and fearless; a good worker in any place.
ONE DARK GREY MARE, weight 1140, 6 years old, an extra roadster and an elegant animal in every respect.
These horses are from Iowa, and are acclimated and all ready for use.
Also, 1 Rubber-trimmed Buggy Harness and 1 Nickel-trimmed Carryall Harness. Will sell at a bargain.

STABLE

of Four Stalls and plenty of Carriage Room TO LET.

G. K. LIVERMORE,

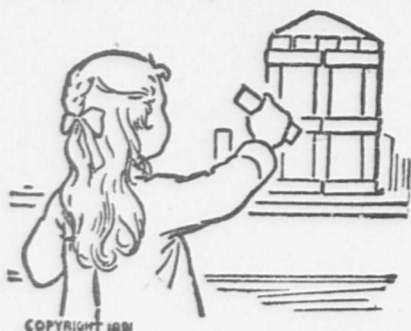
26 Spear Street, - - - Quincy
March 15. 1f

City Employment Office.

GIRLS WANTED at once to fill good places of all kinds. Wake up! Apply early! Office hours, 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
MRS. C. M. LAPHAM,
55 Hancock Street, - - - Quincy
Dec. 24-1f Jan. 2-1f

To Make Hens Lay

—USE—
PACKARD'S ELECTRIC EGG PRODUCER
25 and 50c. Sizes for sale by
E. PACKARD & CO.
Quincy, Feb. 5. 1f



Made well
—the weak, nervous or ailing woman who takes Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It's a medicine that's guaranteed to help her. It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, soothing cordial and bracing nerve—and a certain cure for all the functional derangements, painful disorders or chronic weaknesses that affect women. For ulcerations, displacements, bearing-down sensations, everything that's known as a "female complaint," it's an unfailing remedy. It's a peculiar one, too. Peculiar in composition, peculiar in its cures, and peculiar in the way it's sold. It's guaranteed to give satisfaction, in every case, or the money is refunded. You pay only for the good you get.

It's the big, old-fashioned pill that makes the most disturbance—but it's one of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets that does the most good. Mild and gentle, but thorough and effective—the smallest, cheapest and easiest to take. They cleanse and regulate the liver, stomach and bowels.

E. T. YOUNG & CO., Electrical Engineers AND CONTRACTORS.

Electric Light and Railway Supplies.

INCANDESCENT LIGHT AND BELL WIRING.

Gas and Combination Electric Chandeliers
Old Chandeliers Refinished.

Burglar Alarms, Speaking Tubes, Fire Alarm Supplies, Batteries and Bells of all kinds.

Office, No. 2 Washington Street,
Quincy, Ill.

BICYCLES For Sale on Easy Terms. W. WILSON, 105 Granite Street, - - Quincy, March 7. 6m

Have You Heard About Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds?

JULIAN HAWTHORNE

Will Tell You

IN THE LEDGER.



Diamonds Are Trumps

In this little scene from the romance of Mrs. Gainsborough's Diamonds as related by

Julian Hawthorne

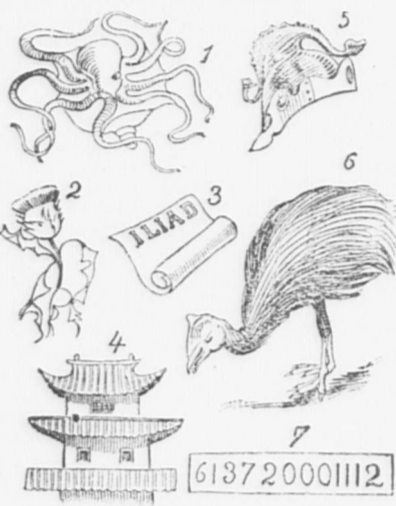
It is one of this accomplished author's most interesting stories. Read it in this paper.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS.

and at the following places:
BOSTON—Old Colony News Stand after 3:30 P. M.
QUINCY—Ledger Office, 115 Hancock Street.
Austin & Winslow's express office, 52 Washington Street.
Southern's Periodical Store, 1 Granite Street.
McGovern Bros. Periodical Store, Hancock Street.
WEST QUINCY—Post Office, Crescent Street.
Coram's Periodical Store, Copeland Street, and his carriers.
BREWSTER'S CORNER—Miss Bartlett's, Copeland Street.
WOLLASTON—Depot and C. F. Wilde's carriers.
ATLANTIC—Cunningham's News Agency and carriers.
QUINCY POINT—Post Office and Charles H. Johnson's, Washington street.
SOUTH QUINCY—Quincy Adams Depot.
BRAINTREE—Henry B. Vinton.
And by LEDGER NEWSBOYS.

No. 105.—Illustrated Double Acrostic.



Each of the seven pictures in the accompanying picture forms the crossword of a double acrostic. When these have been rightly guessed and placed one below the other the initial letters will spell the Christian name and the final the surname of a celebrated American commodore born over a hundred years ago.—St. Nicholas.

Answers to puzzles published during the week will appear the following Monday.

Jim's Story.
I tell you plain, if I don't try
To brace myself right firm I'll cry.
This soft wind and this haze and sun,
And the gold and red that melt and run
And splash the hills; and she not here
To say things about the dying year!
Didn't I tell you? Oh, I see,
They called her Dora, all but me;
For she was a delicate lady born,
And I, well, I was Luskian corn.
So I called her Miss. She was staying here
For the country air the left of the year.
Sometimes she'd sit out under a tree
And watch the hired man work that me;
But she got so frail-like along in the fall
And the women folks got me to lend a hand
Moving her out in the sun to be tanned.

That's what they said, but she didn't dream
To care about jokin' just wanted to seem
And look at the foliage, gold and red,
On the hills, and talk about her dead!
Cheerful? Well, no; not exactly that.
But I used to potter around where she sat,
And I told her how it made me feel
When I stole a look at her, still so still.
And holding the red leaves in her hands,
Quoting some song about lotus lands,
Some place where it's always afternoon,
In a voice that was soft and sweet as a tune,
And so I just listened from under the rim
Of my hat, sort of wishin' she'd call me Jim!

That kind of girls ain't for such as me,
Nor for nobody else's I can see;
For they just creep into a hired man's heart
When they leaves turn red and the brown burrs
part.
And then when it snows and the skies are lead
And it's still in the house, you know who's dead!

I've no right to murmur, but somehow yet,
Try as hard as I may, I can never forget
How I thrilled when her white hand touched
my arm.
And now, when the trees are red on the farm,
Sometimes I listen from under the rim
Of my hat, sort of wishin' she'd call me Jim!
—H. S. Tomer.



Ticket Seller (in high humor)—Now, then, hayseed, what do you want?

INSIDE THE SHOW.
Visitor (letting his two boys out of bag)—I may be a hayseed, but I reckon the smart chap in that coop will have some difficulty in gittin' rid o' that fifty cent piece I passed onto him!—Life.

Resolutions Favoring Harrison.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 31.—The Republican convention called to nominate delegates at large to the national convention met here yesterday. Resolutions were adopted favoring the renomination of President Harrison.

UNEASY ANARCHISTS

Full Force of Police Closely Watch Them.

THE LEADER ARRESTED.

He Makes a Desperate Resistance, but Is Finally Subdued—The Rain Hill Murders—The Result of Gambling—Liberal Unionist Elected—Other Foreign News.

PARIS, March 31.—The entire force of police is engaged in ferreting out the origin of the dynamite outrages, and investigating as to how the anarchists obtained the materials to manufacture their infernal machines. There is no truth in the report that a bomb was exploded in the building of The Credit Lyonnais. The Eclair publishes an interview with Louis Michel, the well-known revolutionary agitator, who prophesied that a social revolution was imminent, but added that she did not expect there would be any disturbance on May day.

Orders for the expulsion of 40 of the leading foreign anarchists in Paris were issued. Several other anarchists who were warned a short time ago to leave France paid no attention to the warning. Today they were taken in charge by the police and conducted to the frontier.

A police commissary and six gendarmes who were in search of Ravachol, the leader of the anarchists, found him in a cafe at the corner of rue Lancy and the boulevard Magenta, which is frequented by workmen.

Arrangements have been made to have all the ports at which the "anarchist travelers" were likely to land watched by detectives, who will shadow the revolutionary immigrants from the time they set foot upon English soil until they reach London and take up permanent quarters.

PARIS, March 31.—In Ravachol's lodgings the police found a large quantity of sulphuric acid in retorts. Several tubes and fuses and two small metal boxes were also found.

DISASTROUS FIRE Raging in Business Portions of the Capital of Burma.

CALCUTTA, March 31.—Dispatches from Mandalay, the capital of Burma, says that fire has been raging there since 11 o'clock Tuesday night. Three-fourths of the city is now in ashes, and the fire has not been checked. Among the buildings already gone are the old palace, the new government telegraph and two convents.

The whole business portion of the city has been swept away. The loss of life has been between 75 and 100 already, so far as known, and scores of persons have not been accounted for. No search has been made for the bodies, as the people have been fleeing to the open country trying to save their household goods, and escape the intense heat which envelops the ruins. They are camping at a distance without food or shelter, and calls for help for them have been sent out by the authorities.

The fire is said to have been caused by the coals from a fire in a native's hut in the lower quarter of the city. There is no provision against fire in the city and the people did not wait to fight it, but fled panic-stricken before it. The telegraph and medicines for the injured are sent at once. Several physicians left Rangoon for the city and food will be sent.

The residence of Sir Alex. Mackenzie, chief commissioner, was burned yesterday, and two of his servants were killed. He telegraphs that thousands will die unless food and medicines for the injured are sent at once. Several physicians left Rangoon for the city and food will be sent.

THE RAIN HILL MURDERS.

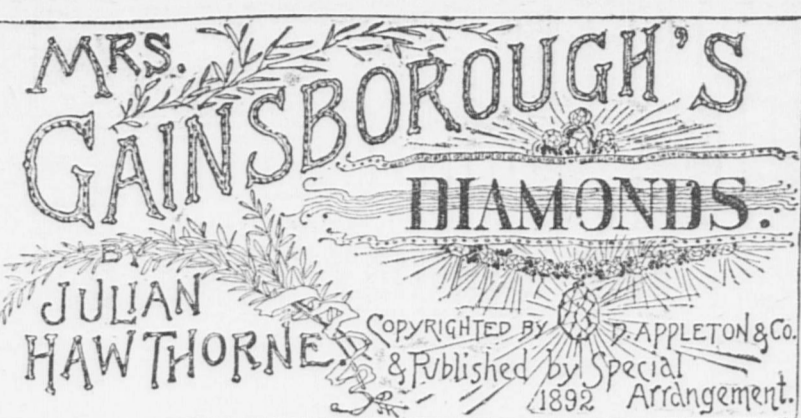
Deeming's Counsel Claims He Is Subject to Many Hallucinations.

MELBOURNE, March 31.—The lawyer who has undertaken the defence of Deeming, the perpetrator of the Rain Hill murders, says that he has conclusive evidence that the prisoner is insane. Deeming was mentally deranged, he says when he lived in Sydney and several persons who knew him there will be produced at the trial to testify that he was often wild and incoherent in his conversation and was regarded as irresponsible. His former landlady in Sydney, Mrs. Taft, Deeming's counsel is ready to testify that he complained to her of being haunted by ghosts until Mrs. Taft gave him notice to leave. Witnesses brought will be forward, it is said, to prove that Deeming changed his place of business in Sydney, because as he said, there was a conspiracy to murder him in his office.

The Result of Gambling.
LONDON, March 31.—Wm. Dinkelspiel, formerly an agent of the New York Life Insurance company, who gained some notoriety at Detroit in connection with his insurance methods, and who started in business here, has failed, with liabilities amounting to £27,000. His assets are not worth £2. At a meeting held by the creditors Dinkelspiel ascribed his insolvency to his heavy expenses, the exorbitant interest he was compelled to pay and to his losses at betting and other forms of gambling.

Liberal Unionist Elected.
LONDON, March 31.—At the election held yesterday in the east division of Worcestershire to fill the vacancy in the house of commons, caused by the expulsion of George Woodvatt Hastings (Liberal Unionist), Austin Chamberlain, the candidate of the Liberal Unionists and Conservatives, was returned without opposition.

In June or July.
PARIS, March 31.—The French foreign office has heard through M. Waddington, the French ambassador to Great Britain, that the general elections for members of the British house of commons will be held in June or July.

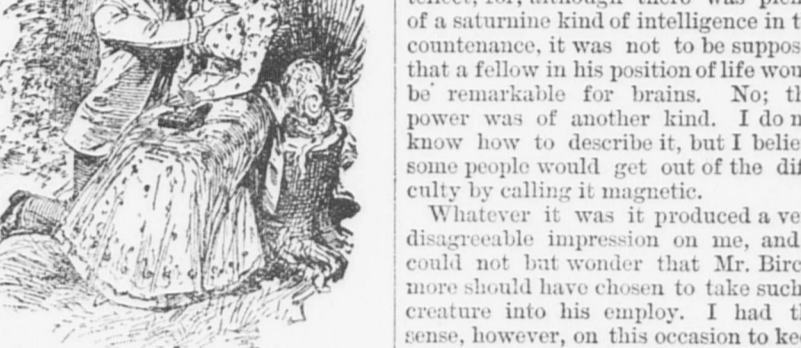


MRS. GAINSBOROUGH'S DIAMONDS.
JULIAN HAWTHORNE
COPYRIGHTED BY J. D. APPLETON & CO.
Published by Special Arrangement, 1892.

CHAPTER I.—The Gainsborough family diamonds are reset by Herr Rudolph, a lapidary in Paris. Tom Gainsborough is to carry them to his mother in Rome.

CHAPTER II.—A chance hotel acquaintance of Tom's, Mr. Birchmore, takes an interest in the gems.

CHAPTER III.—Tom goes via Germany and Switzerland. At Dresden he makes another chance acquaintance, Miss Birchmore, on the way to Switzerland to meet her father.



CHAPTER IV.
Clasped the necklace around her throat. Mr. Birchmore shook my hand cordially, yet I fancied that he betrayed signs of embarrassment or uneasiness. He seemed glad to meet me on my own account, and yet to feel constrained by my presence. Had he any reason for wishing to conceal from me the fact that he had a daughter? It now occurred to me for the first time that in her conversation with me Miss Birchmore had never alluded to her mother. Perhaps her mother was dead—had died in her child's infancy. Perhaps the silence concerning her arose from some other and less allowable cause; there might be some matrimonial disgrace or tragedy at the bottom of the father's and daughter's reserve. The idea had a certain plausibility, and yet I found it unsatisfactory. The true explanation of the mystery might not be worse than this, but I fancied it must be different—it must be something more unusual and strange.

"This is an unexpected pleasure," said I, for the sake of saying something, as we descended the steps down the river embankment to the ferryboat. "The world is not so large a place as people pretend," replied Mr. Birchmore. "Have you been long in Dresden?"

"A week or so. I've been doing the neighborhood and was told that Saxony Switzerland must not be left out of the list. I came near going by the boat" (Here I suddenly recollected that if Mr. Birchmore had gone by boat, as his laughter said he had, his presence in Saxony before us was wholly inexplicable.) "How did you manage to get here so quickly?" I exclaimed; "the steamer can't be due for three hours yet!"

He looked at me in apparent perplexity, and Miss Birchmore, too, seemed taken aback rather than sharing my own astonishment. There was a pause of a few moments; then she said, in a low, hurried tone:

"You know, papa, I got word that from some misunderstanding you had taken the steamer instead of the train."
"Ah, to be sure," he rejoined, with a short laugh. "I see the difficulty. You must look upon me, I suppose, as a sort of magician, able to transport myself about the country on some new telegraphic principle. Well, I'm afraid I can't lay claim to any such supernatural power. I shall lose credit by the explanation, but you shall have it nevertheless."
"No, no; give us room for the exercise of our imagination," cried I, laughing. The fact was I felt as if my query had been in some way unfortunate. There was a certain effort in Mr. Birchmore's manner and a want of spontaneity in his laugh, and the awkwardness seemed shared to some extent by his daughter. In my ignorance of the true lay of the land I was continually making some irritating blunder, and the more I tried to make myself agreeable the worse was my success.

Mr. Birchmore, notwithstanding that I deprecated it, chose to make his explanation. "Kate was right," said he. "My first intention was to go by train. Afterward I decided on the boat, and left the hotel with the purpose of getting our passage that way and sending Kate word to meet me at the landing. But the boat turned out to be so crowded that I changed my mind again. It was then so late that I hadn't time to reach the Central railway station. My only chance of catching the train was to jump into a drosky at the steamboat landing and drive as the 'kutcher' never drove before for the lower station, which was half a mile nearer. I got there barely in time, and Kate, it seems, was waiting at the Central all the while!"

"And of course," added Miss Birchmore eagerly, "the people at the hotel fancied that he had gone by the boat and sent me word. Oh, yes, I understand it all now—don't you, Mr. Gainsborough?"
"I don't take it kindly of your father to strip away the illusions from life so pitilessly," returned I in a humorous tone. "I should have been much happier in believing that he had flown through the air on the Arabian king's wishing carpet." This sally sufficed to raise the smile of which we both seemed so greatly in want, and so we got into the ferryboat in a comparatively easy frame of mind.

The valet to whom I have already alluded sat on a thwart near the bows in such a position that I had a full view of him. A more unbecoming object I have seldom beheld. His body and arms were long, but his legs were short and bowed outward. His features were harsh, forbidding and strongly marked, but there was an expression of power stamped upon them which fascinated my gaze in spite of the ugliness which would otherwise have made me glad to look away. It was not the power of intellect, for although there was plenty of a saturnine kind of intelligence in the countenance, it was not to be supposed that a fellow in his position of life would be remarkable for brains. No; this power was of another kind. I do not know how to describe it, but I believe some people would get out of the difficulty by calling it magnetic.

Whatever it was it produced a very disagreeable impression on me, and I could not but wonder that Mr. Birchmore should have chosen to take such a creature into his employ. I had the sense, however, on this occasion to keep my speculations to myself; I was resolved not to make a fool of myself again if I could help it—at least not with this particular family. I noticed that whenever Mr. Birchmore had occasion to address this man he did so in a peculiarly severe and peremptory tone, very different from his usual low voiced style. There was seemingly no great affection for him on his master's part, therefore, and certainly the valet looked incapable of a tender feeling toward any human creature.

Possibly, however, he was invaluable as a servant and his unpropitiating exterior might cover an honest and faithful heart. Only should such turn out to be the case, I would never again put faith either in physiognomy or my own instinct of aversion. I disliked to think of this ill favored mortal being in daily association with my lovely Kate Birchmore—for already, in my secret soul, I called her mine—and I made up my mind that if ever fortune granted me the privilege of making her what I called her, I would see to it that monsieur the valet formed a part of any one's household rather than ours.

Meanwhile the ferryman had poled and paddled us across the river, on the shore of which a swarm of hotel porters stood ready to lend us limb from limb. But Mr. Birchmore put them all aside save one, to whom he pointed out my trunk and gave him some directions which I did not hear.

"I take the liberty," he then said, turning to me, "to so far do the honors of this place as to recommend you to the most agreeable hotel in it, the Badehaus, at the farther end of the village and about half a mile up the valley. These hotels that front the river would give you better fare perhaps and less unpretending accommodations, but if quiet and coolness are what you are after, not to mention the medicinal spring water and a private brass band, the Badehaus is the thing."

"The Badehaus be it, by all means," This attention surprised me, not because I mis doubted my friend's courtesy, but because I had imagined that his courtesy would not stand in the way of an unobtrusive attempt to withdraw himself and his daughter from my immediate companionship. Yet so far was this from being the case that he had taken some pains to secure our being together—for of course the Badehaus must be his own quarters. I glanced at Kate, who had taken her father's arm and was pacing beside him thoughtfully, with downcast eyes. Was she glad as well as I?

We passed through a narrow alley, between two friendly buildings, which seemed strongly inclined to lean on one another's shoulders; crossed the rough cobblestones of the little market place and, gaining the farther side of the bridge, found ourselves on a broad, level walk, which skirted the southern side of the small valley wherein the village lies. On our right hand was a series of stuccoed villas, built against the steep side of the hill; on our left a strip of meadow, with a brook brawling through it; and beyond this again the straggling array of the village and the hill on the other side. Overhead the spreading branches of low trees kept off the glare of the sun. Had Kate and I been there alone, methought the charm of the place would have been complete.

"What delightful little villas these are!" I exclaimed. "Aren't they better than any hotel—even the Badehaus?"

(CONTINUED.)

Newspaper Man Arrested.
NEW YORK, March 31.—John A. Lant, editor of a Tarrytown newspaper, and a well-known Democrat of Westchester county, was arrested on a charge of sending obscene letters through the mails. The complaint was the well-known Minnie Delamater. Editor Lant was held in \$1000 bail. He claims that his arrest was prompted through motives of revenge and a desire on the part of Miss Delamater to receive some notoriety. Within the last years, he says, she has had other men arrested on the same charge. The woman has been noted for eccentric dress and manners.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

The total product of the silver mines of the world from the year 1500 to the present time has been about 400,000,000 pounds.

A North Carolina man has a clay pipe which he has smoked every day for the last 25 years.



NOTICE!

TERRANCE KEENAN
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he is prepared to Clean Vaults and Cess-pools at short notice. He is prepared to do Carting, Digging, Plowing, Mowing, etc. Hay and Manure bought and sold.

Residence, 63 South Street.
POST OFFICE BOX 316, QUINCY, MASS.
March 1. 3mcs

Stationery, Confectionery.
Sept. 4

Also

10,000 Loads of Gravel

TO BE

GIVEN AWAY

AT THE

Quarry of O. T. Rogers Granite Co.,
WEST QUINCY.

This Gravel is suitable for filling oad building, and is easy of access. Can be loaded on teams or cars. Apply to

M. P. WRIGHT, Supt.
Dec. 28. 1f

Pink Westerly Granite.

We have taken the New England Agency for the popular Pink Westerly Granite. We carry a very large stock of random sizes, no dealers can have ordinary orders delivered at short notice from our Works on Liberty Street, South Quincy.

THOMAS & MILLER.
Nov. 9.

FRANK C. PACKARD'S

Bever Dam Balsam

is the best known remedy for

COUGHS AND CROUP,

Also extensively used for La Grippe.

1000 Bottles Sold Last Month.

25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1 Sizes. For Sale by

E. PACKARD & CO.
Feb. 5. 1f

Why is the

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE CENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a genuine shoe, with no tricks or was tried to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-made shoes costing from \$5.00 to \$10.00.

\$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for \$5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from \$8.00 to \$10.00.

\$4.00 Hand-sewed Well Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from \$5.00 to \$6.00.

\$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Workmen and Letter Carriers wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

\$2.50 fine calf no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

\$2.25 and \$2.00 Workingmen's shoes worn by the boys everywhere; they are on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Boys' \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they are on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies' \$3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best imported; very stylish; equals French made shoes costing from \$5.00 to \$6.00.

Ladies' \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 shoe for misses are the best fine line; durable, stylish and easy on the feet.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas's name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

JAMES O'DONOVAN, HANCOCK ST.
Feb. 24. 4mcs

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

FREE TRIAL

And for sale at 8 Herald Building, Boston.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.

Send for our FREE BOOK OF MARVELLOUS CURES.

AERATED OXYGEN COMPOUND CO.,
NASHUA, N. H.



GUARANTEED STOVES, FURNACES AND RANGES

F. & W. Co.

Oval Fire Box